

Coimisiún na Scrúduithe Stáit State Examinations Commission

JUNIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 2003

GEOGRAPHY - HIGHER LEVEL

MONDAY, 9th JUNE - AFTERNOON, 1.30 TO 3.30

SECTION 2 (90 MARKS)

Answer **THREE** questions.

SECTION 1 of this paper is on a separate folder, where spaces are provided for your answers. Please remember to return your completed folder with your answerbook.

1. Resources and Economic Activity

The Water Cycle



A. Water

(i) With the aid of the diagram of the **Water Cycle** explain how water is a renewable resource.

(6)

(ii) "Water is a scarce resource in some parts of the world"

With reference to an Irrigation Scheme you have studied:

- Name the scheme.
- Outline its operation.
- Discuss **two** benefits of the scheme to the local population. (10)

B. Peat

(i) "The use of technology has speeded up the rate of exploitation of the Irish peat lands."

The diagram below shows the stages in the exploitation of a bog. Use this diagram to explain **three** ways technology has been used to exploit the bogs.

(8)

Stages in the Exploitation of a Bog.



(ii) "In the future, Bord na Mona may use the Cutaway Bogs for wind farms."

Suggest three advantages the Cutaway Bogs have for the location of wind farms.

<u>Or</u>

Suggest **three** other ways in which the cutaway bogs might be used in the future. (6)

MALE Ireland: 2000 FEMALE





A. Examine the Population Pyramids of Ireland 2000 and Mali 2000.

Identify the differences in the **structures** of these two populations.

In your answer refer to:

- Birth Rates
- Death Rates
- Life Expectancy

(12)

B. Examine the Population Pyramids for Ireland 2000 and Ireland 2050.

Describe **two** contrasts between the actual population figures for Ireland in 2000 and the estimated figures for 2050. (10)

C. Estimated population projections for the future.

How do estimated figures such as the ones shown for Ireland in 2050 help in planning for:

- Health Services
- Education services.

(8) OVER \rightarrow

Population Pyramids of Ireland 2000, Mali 2000 and Population estimate of Ireland 2050.

3. GEOGRAPHICAL MIX

A. Greenhouse Effect / Climatic Change.

- (i) Describe the causes of the increase in global temperatures. You may use a diagram to help in the explanation. (4)
- (ii) Explain how **TWO** of the following might help to ease the problem of global warming:
 - Energy Conservation.
 - Use of Renewable energy sources.
 - Increase the area planted with trees.

(6)

B. World Inequalities.

Examine the chart comparing **Ireland** and **Nigeria** and answer the questions that follow:

NIGERI	A and IRELAND: How they o	compare
REP of IRELAND		NIGERIA
70,280 km ²	Area	923,768 km ²
3.8m (1999)	Population	110.8m
\$25,918	GDP per capita	\$853
76.4yrs	Life expectancy	51.5yrs
6	Infant mortality rate (per 1,000)	112
6	Maternal mortality* (per 100,000)	700
0.1% (2,200 people)	People living with HIV / AIDS	5.0% (2.7m people)
219	Doctors per 100,000	19
99%	Access to essential drugs	10%

(i) Select from the chart **three** statistics showing that Nigeria is less developed than Ireland. (6)

(ii) Outline **two** types of aid Ireland could provide to Nigeria to help it develop.

In your answer name the type of aid and discuss the likely effects of each. (4)

C. Urban Geography.

Examine the diagram of the cross-section of a city and answer the questions that follow:



Cross-Section of a City

- (i) With reference to the diagram, state which part of the city has the highest land values.Explain **two** reasons why land values are high in that part of the city.
- (ii) Use **the photograph** of Carlow town to answer this part of the question.

"Parts of an urban area are given over to particular land uses."

With reference to the photograph of Carlow town, locate and describe **two** land-uses in the town. (6)

(Note: As it is not a vertical photograph, refer to places as 'background', 'right foreground' etc.)

D. Soil

- (i) Explain **two** ways soil is important to humans.
- (ii) With reference to **two** of the following factors explain their role in soil formation.
 - Original rock,
 - Climate,
 - Micro-organisms,
 - Vegetation.

(6)

(4)

(4)

4. ORDNANCE SURVEY AND AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH

Study the Ordnance Survey map and the legend (key) supplied.

A. Draw a sketch map of the area shown on the Ordnance Survey map.

Mark and identify the following features:

- The river Barrow and one named tributary.
- One National Primary road and one National Secondary road.
- The town of Carlow
- An area above 300 meters
- Two antiquities

(12)

B. The Local Authority has made efforts to reduce traffic congestion in the town of Carlow.

Using the **photograph only** describe **two** such measures. (6)

C. Using **both** the map and the photograph explain **three** reasons why the town of Carlow developed at this location.

(12)

5. TOURISM

Climatic data for Dublin and Lanzarote (Canary Islands)

Mean Temperature (°Celsius)

Months	April	Мау	June	July	August	Sept.	Oct.
Dublin	14°C	15°C	16°C	18°C	20°C	16°C	12°C
Lanzarote	18°C	23°C	26°C	30°C	32°C	25°C	20°C

Hours of bright sunshine:

Months	April	Мау	June	July	August	Sept.	Oct.
Dublin	5	6	5.5	5	6	4	3
Lanzarote	7	9	10	11	10	7	5

A. With reference to the information above explain why Lanzarote would be a better choice than Dublin for the location of a 'beach holiday'. (10)

- **B.** Tourists are attracted to locations other than beaches for a holiday, these include:
 - Areas of Natural Beauty
 - Cities
 - Sporting and Recreation facilities.

With reference to specific examples you have studied discuss **two** of these attractions. (10)

C. 'Tourism may have positive and negative effects on people and the environment'

Tourist Development
Jobs for locals in hotels and entertainment Wealthy tourists attract crime Food prices rise g roads and water supplies Beach village for tourists occupies former farmland

With reference to the diagram provided discuss two of these effects.

In your answer refer to both positive and negative effects. Page 7 of 7

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