

# Coimisiún na Scrúduithe Stáit State Examinations Commission 

## Junior Certificate 2013

Marking Scheme

Business Studies

Ordinary Level

## Note to teachers and students on the use of published marking schemes

Marking schemes published by the State Examinations Commission are not intended to be standalone documents. They are an essential resource for examiners who receive training in the correct interpretation and application of the scheme. This training involves, among other things, marking samples of student work and discussing the marks awarded, so as to clarify the correct application of the scheme. The work of examiners is subsequently monitored by Advising Examiners to ensure consistent and accurate application of the marking scheme. This process is overseen by the Chief Examiner, usually assisted by a Chief Advising Examiner. The Chief Examiner is the final authority regarding whether or not the marking scheme has been correctly applied to any piece of candidate work.
Marking schemes are working documents. While a draft marking scheme is prepared in advance of the examination, the scheme is not finalised until examiners have applied it to candidates' work and the feedback from all examiners has been collated and considered in light of the full range of responses of candidates, the overall level of difficulty of the examination and the need to maintain consistency in standards from year to year. This published document contains the finalised scheme, as it was applied to all candidates' work.

In the case of marking schemes that include model solutions or answers, it should be noted that these are not intended to be exhaustive. Variations and alternatives may also be acceptable. Examiners must consider all answers on their merits, and will have consulted with their Advising Examiners when in doubt.

## Future Marking Schemes

Assumptions about future marking schemes on the basis of past schemes should be avoided. While the underlying assessment principles remain the same, the details of the marking of a particular type of question may change in the context of the contribution of that question to the overall examination in a given year. The Chief Examiner in any given year has the responsibility to determine how best to ensure the fair and accurate assessment of candidates' work and to ensure consistency in the standard of the assessment from year to year.
Accordingly, aspects of the structure, detail and application of the marking scheme for a particular examination are subject to change from one year to the next without notice.

## SECTION A

## Each question in Section A carries 5 marks

1. What do the following letters stand for? (Write each answer in full in the space provided.)

| PAYE | Pay As You Earn |
| :---: | :--- |
| PRSI | Pay Related Social Insurance |

2. Are shops allowed to display the following notices under Irish Consumer Law?

Tick $(\checkmark)$ the correct box in each case.

| NOTICE | ALLOWED | NOT ALLOWED |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| NO CREDIT GIVEN | $\checkmark$ |  |
| NO REFUNDS |  | $\checkmark$ |
| NO CHEQUES ACCEPTED | $\checkmark$ |  |

3. Place the following customers' surnames in alphabetical order:

DARREN MULROONEY DAMIEN MURRAY DAVID MURPHY DONAL MULLEN

| (i) | Donal Mullen |
| :---: | :--- |
| (ii) | Darren Mulrooney |
| (iii) | David Murphy |
| (iv) | Damien Murray |

4. Name two possible causes of an Industrial Dispute or Strike.

Pay or wages/pay cuts
Dismissal of an employee
Working conditions
Selection for redundancy
Race/gender/religious discrimination
Demarcation
5. In each space below, write the correct document name from the following list:

## STATEMENT <br> DELIVERY NOTE <br> QUOTATION <br> CREDIT NOTE <br> ORDER

(Two of the documents above do not refer to any of the explanations below.)

|  | DOCUMENT | EXPLANATION |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (i) | CREDIT NOTE | This is sent by the seller when goods are returned by the <br> buyer. |
| (ii) | ORDER | This is a written request to supply the goods listed. |
| (iii) | STATEMENT | This is a summary of a month's transactions sent by a <br> seller to a customer. |

6. Complete the following sentence:

A Discount Shop is one that sells goods at reduced prices to customers.
7. The following figures are from the books of Hogan Ltd:

Bank Loan $€ 8,750$ Premises $€ 150,000$ Closing stock $€ 12,500$ Delivery Vans $€ 56,500$
Enter and total the Fixed Assets in the following extract from the Balance Sheet of Hogan Ltd as on 31 December 2012:

| Extract from Balance Sheet of Hogan Ltd as on 31-12-2012 |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| FIXED ASSETS | $\boldsymbol{€}$ |
| Premises | $\mathbf{1 5 0 , 0 0 0}$ |
| Delivery Vans | 56,500 |
|  |  |
| TOTAL FIXED ASSETS | $\mathbf{2 0 6 , 5 0 0}$ |

8. The following are meter readings taken from an electricity bill. Calculate the number of units used and the total charge. Enter your answers in the appropriate spaces.

| Electricity Meter Readings |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Present | 85716 |
| Previous | 85295 |
|  |  |
| No. of units used | 421 |
| Rate per unit | $€ 0.22$ |
| Total Charge | $€ 92.62$ |

Workings:
$85716-85295=421$
$421 \times 0.22=€ 92.62$
9. Mary Ryan is going to the USA on holiday. She has saved $€ 1,450$ for spending money. She visits her local bank to exchange her euro for dollars. The current exchange rate is $€ 1=\mathbf{\$ 1 . 2 6}$.

Calculate the amount of dollars she will receive for $€ 1,450$.

| Answer |
| :---: |
| $\$ 1,827.00$ |


| Workings: |
| :--- |
| $1450 \times 1.26=1,827$ |

10. Explain one reason why farmers should keep accounts.
11. To find out if they are making a profit or a loss
12. To find out which sections of the farm are most profitable
13. To show to the Revenue Commissioners for tax purposes
14. To show bank manager when making loan applications
15. For use with applications for State or EU grants.
16. To a teenager in Ireland, which of the following are needs and which are wants?

Tick $(\checkmark)$ the correct box in each case.

|  | NEEDS | WANTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| iPAD |  | $\checkmark$ |
| FOOD | $\checkmark$ |  |
| HOLIDAY |  | $\checkmark$ |

12. Michael Niland received his wages in cash. His employer used the least number of notes and coins possible when putting the cash in Michael's pay envelope. Complete the note/coin analysis showing how many notes and coins of each description were in the envelope.

| NOTE/COIN ANALYSIS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL | €100 | €50 | €20 | €10 | € | €2 | €1 | 50c | 20c | 10c | 5c | 2c | 1c |
| €445.56 | 4 |  | 2 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |

13. Column 1 shows a list of Information Technology terms. Column 2 is a list of possible explanations for these terms. (One explanation does not refer to any of the terms.)

| Column 1-Terms |  | Column 2 - Explanations |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | Database | A. Method of sending messages through the internet |
| 2. | Hardware | B. All programs on the hard disk of a computer |
| 3. | e-mail | C. Used to keep records and information on a computer |
|  |  | D. All parts of a computer that can be seen and touched |

Match the two lists by placing the letter of the correct explanation under the relevant number below:

| 1. | 2. | 3. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ |

14. Complete the following sentence:

One of the legal documents which are prepared when forming a private limited Company is called Memorandum/Articles of Association.
15. Place a tick $(\checkmark)$ after each statement showing whether it is TRUE or FALSE.

|  | TRUE | FALSE |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | Savings are a person's total earnings for a month. |  | $\checkmark$ |
| (b) | Overtime is the amount earned for extra hours worked. | $\checkmark$ |  |
| (c) | A benefit-in-kind is a deduction from total earnings. |  | $\checkmark$ |

16. Answer either (A) or (B):
(A) Balance the following Cash Account and bring down the balance at the end of the month:

| Dr | Cash Account |  |  |  |  |  | Cr |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Details | F | Total | Date | Details | F | Total |
| 2013 |  |  | $€$ | 2013 |  |  | $€$ |
| Feb 1 13 | Balance <br> Cash Sales | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{b} / \mathrm{d} \\ \mathrm{GL} 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 260 \\ & 125 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Feb } 10 \\ 17 \end{array}$ | Purchases <br> Rent | $\begin{aligned} & \text { GL4 } \\ & \text { GL5 } \end{aligned}$ | 180 155 |
| 28 | Balance b/d |  |  | 28 | Balance c/d |  | 50 |
|  |  |  | 385 |  |  |  | 385 |
|  |  |  | 50 |  |  |  |  |

OR
(B) Balance the following Cash Account by completing the last three lines of the 'Balance' column:

| CashAccount |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Details |  | F | Dr | Cr |  |
| 2013 |  |  | $€$ | Balance |  |  |
| Feb 1 | Balance | $\mathrm{b} / \mathrm{d}$ |  |  | $€$ |  |
|  | Purchases | GL4 |  | 180 | 260 |  |
| 13 | Cash Sales | GL2 | 125 |  | 80 |  |
| 17 | Rent | GL5 |  | 155 | 50 |  |

17. A courier travels from Cavan to Dundalk and from there to Galway, where she stays overnight. From the Distance Table below, calculate how many kilometres she travels that day.

## DISTANCE TABLE (Km)



| Answer: | 320 Km |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| Workings: |  |
| $82+238=320$ |  |
|  |  |

18. Fill in the two missing Factors of Production in the spaces provided:

| LAND | LABOUR | CAPITAL | ENTERPRISE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

19. A shop steward is

A security person in a shop.


A person who represents the trade union in the workplace.


A person who is employed in a shop.
(Tick $(\checkmark)$ the correct box.)
20. Tick $(\checkmark)$ YES or NO after each term below to show if it applies to Borrowing.

|  | YES | NO |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | Mortgage | $\checkmark$ |  |
| (b) | Deposit Account |  | $\checkmark$ |
| (c) | Overdraft | $\checkmark$ |  |

## SECTION B

## Question 1

(A)

| POWER HOUSEHOLD | JULY | AUG | SEPT | OCT | TOTAL |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PLANNED INCOME | $€$ | $€$ | $€$ | $€$ | $€$ |  |
| David Power - Salary | 2,200 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 2,400 | 9,400 | $\begin{gathered} 20 \mathrm{x} \\ 1 / 2 \end{gathered}$ |
| Rose Power - Salary | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1,600 | 1,900 | 6,700 |  |
| Child Benefit | 360 | 360 | 360 | 360 | 1,440 |  |
| A. TOTAL INCOME | 4,160 | 4,360 | 4,360 | 4,660 | 17,540 |  |
| PLANNED EXPENDITURE |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 20 \mathrm{x} \\ 1 / 2 \end{gathered}$ |
| Fixed |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| House Mortgage | 550 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 2,350 |  |
| House Insurance | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 280 |  |
| Health Insurance | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 600 |  |
| Subtotal | 770 | 820 | 820 | 820 | 3,230 |  |
| Irregular |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Household costs | 1,200 | 900 | 1,200 | 1,200 | 4,500 | $\begin{gathered} 29 \mathrm{x} \\ 1 / 2 \end{gathered}$ |
| Transport costs | 260 | 260 | 260 | 260 | 1,040 |  |
| Telephone costs | 60 | 175 | 60 | 190 | 485 |  |
| Light and Heat |  | 180 | 950 | 250 | 1,380 |  |
| Education costs | 550 | 750 | 450 | 650 | 2,400 |  |
| Subtotal | 2,070 | 2,265 | 2,920 | 2,550 | 9,805 |  |
| Discretionary |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 18 \mathrm{x} \\ 1 / 2 \end{gathered}$ |
| Entertainment | 220 | 220 | 220 | 820 | 1,480 |  |
| Holiday costs | 630 | 1,770 |  |  | 2,400 |  |
| Subtotal | 850 | 1,990 | 220 | 820 | 3,880 |  |
| B. TOTAL EXPENDITURE | 3,690 | 5,075 | 3,960 | 4,190 | 16,915 |  |
| Net Cash (A-B) | 470 | -715 | 400 | 470 | 625 | $21 / 2$ |
| Opening Cash | 250 | $\checkmark 720$ | ${ }^{5}$ | $\nabla^{405}$ | 250 | $21 / 2$ |
| Closing Cash | 720 | 5 | 405 | 875 | 875 |  |
|  |  |  |  | $11 / 2$ marks both must be same and correct |  |  |


| (B) | Expenditure: Discretionary |  | $\mathbf{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Reason: Because it is a non-essential expenditure and is only a one-off expense. |  | $\mathbf{3}$ |  |
| (C) | Calculate the annual house <br> insurance premium of the Power <br> household. | Answer: €840 | Workings: <br> $70 \times 12=840$ | $\mathbf{5}$ |

## Question 2

(A)

Trading, Profit \& Loss App. A/c of Lamb Ltd for year ending 31-Dec-12

(B) Dividend Paid: The portion of net profit or reserves that is divided among the shareholders in proportion to the number of shares owned by each.
(C) Gross Profit as a percentage of Cash Sales:

| Gross Profit | $\times \frac{100}{1}=\frac{159,600}{532,000} \times \frac{100}{1}=\mathbf{3 0 \%}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash Sales |  | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |


| Layout | 13 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Content | 20 |
| English | 4 |
| Neatness and Presentation | 3 |

Carbury
[2]
Edenderry Co Offaly

8 April 2013
[2]
Ms Yvonne Dunne
Manager
The Electric Store Ltd
10 Shop Street
Tullamore [2]

## Re: Damaged Electric Kettle [1]

Dear Ms Dunne [2]
I purchased a Cresta Cordless Electric Kettle, Model CCK 25, in your shop on Saturday
last, 6 April 2013 for $€ 54$.
The kettle worked perfectly when I used it on Sunday morning. I filled it again in the evening to boil water for my tea. When I switched it on, it would not work. I checked the plug, the fuse and the cable but could find no problem. I switched on the kettle again but it still would not work.

I will be bringing it back to the shop in two weeks time together with my receipt. As the
kettle is not working, I expect it to be replaced with a new kettle under consumer law.
Yours faithfully, [2]
Séamus Madden [2]

| (B) | If you were Yvonne Dunne, what reply would you make to Séamus Madden’s letter? Explain one reason for your answer. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Reply: Mr. Madden, we will give you a new kettle as a replacement, or a full refund if you wish. <br> Reason: As the kettle is not working, it is not fit for its purpose as far as consumer law is concerned. The Sale of Goods and Supply of Services Act states that goods not fit for purpose must be replaced by the retailer or fully refunded. | 3 |
|  |  | 7 |
| (C) | Name two organisations which assist a consumer with a problem. In each case, write one sentence to explain how the organisation could help the consumer. |  |
|  | - Consumer Association of Ireland - advice and help for members through monthly magazine, Consumer Choice. <br> - The National Consumer Agency - set up on 1 May 2007 as an independent body. The powers and functions of the Director of Consumer Affairs were transferred to the new Agency. The NCA is charged with promoting and protecting the interests and welfare of consumers through: enforcement of consumer legislation, advocacy, research, education, and awareness. <br> - Small Claims Court - deals speedily and cheaply with consumer claims of up to $€ 2,000$. <br> - Trade Associations - set standards for their own members which ensure that consumers will get the best possible service. <br> - NSAI - National Standards Association of Ireland - sets standard for safety and quality of goods and services which consumers buy. <br> - Ombudsman - will provide assistance when dealing with state agencies. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Name } \\ 2 \times 2 \\ \text { Explain } \\ 2 \times 3 \end{gathered}$ |

## Question 4

## (A)

PROPOSAL FORM

## BETA INSURANCE LTD <br> PROPOSAL FORM FOR MOTOR INSURANCE

| Surname | Sweeney | First Name $\quad$ Helen |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Address | 24 Willow Park <br> Granard Co. Longford |  |  |
| Telephone | 0437178332 |  |  |
| Date of birth | 12 October 1979 |  |  |
| Occupation | Marketing consultant |  |  |
| VEHICLE DETAILS |  |  |  |
| Type of Vehicle | Car | Current Value | €9,500 |
| Make and Model | Renault Clio | Registration Number | 09 LD 3392 |

INSURANCE DETAILS

| Type of Insurance required |  | THIRD PARTY ONLY |  |  |  |  | (Tick (ワ) <br> the appropriate box.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | THIRD PARTY FIRE AND THEFT |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | COMPREHENSIVE |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |
| Type of Driving Licence |  | PROVISIONAL LICENCE |  |  |  |  | (Tick (V) the appropriate box.) |
|  |  | FULL LICENCE |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ the |  |
| Insurance required from (date) |  | 1 August 2013 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Previous Insurance Company |  | Carr Insurances Ltd |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of years driving |  | 9 years |  |  |  |  |  |
| Details of recent claim (if any) |  | Year: | Year. 2010 |  | Amount claimed: |  | €3,000 |
| Reason for Claim |  | Car damaged due to a skid on a snowy road in 2010. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Penalty Points (if any) |  | Number: | 4 | Reason: | Speeding |  |  |
| SIGNATURE | Helen Sweeney |  |  | DATE | 10 June 2013 |  |  |
| 22 Items @ 1 mark each <br> Neatness 2 marks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Question 4 (continued)

| (B) | (i) Using the information in the insurance quote, calculate the total net cost of insuring Helen Sweeney's house and contents. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Answer: | $€ 783.75$ [2] | Workings: |  |  |
|  |  |  | $27.50 \times 18$ | = | 495.00 [3] |
|  |  |  | $8.25 \times 40$ | = | 330.00 [3] |
|  |  |  |  |  | 825.00 [2] |
|  |  |  | Discount 5\% | $=$ | 41.25[2] |
|  |  |  | Total |  | 783.75 |

(B) (ii) Helen accepted the quote and paid the total amount online by debit card to Clarke Insurances Ltd on the same day. On 6 June 2013, Clarke Insurances Ltd sent Helen a Receipt (No. 4438), signed by James Clarke. Complete the Receipt:


| (C) | Answer each of the following questions: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (i) When filling out a proposal form, all material facts must be truthfully written down by the person looking for insurance. What is this principle of insurance called? |  |
|  | Answer: Utmost Good Faith | 4 |
|  | (ii) In the event of a loss, what can an insured person claim from the insurance company? |  |
|  | Answer: Compensation | 4 |
|  | (iii) What is the title of the person sent by an insurance company to calculate the amount of the loss suffered? |  |
|  | Answer: Assessor | 4 |

## Question 5

(A) (i) Invoice


## Question 5 (continued)

| (A) | (ii)State one reason why an Invoice is an important document. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | It shows full details of the goods bought <br> It shows the quantity of goods bought <br> It shows the total cost of the goods, the amount that the buyer has to pay the seller <br> The buyer checks it with the delivery note to ensure he pays only for the goods received. | $\mathbf{6}$ |

## (B) Cheque and Counterfoil



## (C) Bank Account:

| Dr | Munster Sports Ltd - Bank Account |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cr |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2013 | Details | F | $€$ | 2013 | Details | F | $€$ |
|  |  |  |  | 20 Feb | Gaelic Wholesalers Ltd | CL | 16,575 |
|  |  |  |  | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ |  | $\mathbf{3}$ |

OR

| Munster Sports Ltd- Bank Account |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Details | F | Dr | Cr | Balance |
| 2013 |  |  | $€$ | $€$ | $€$ |
| 20 Feb | Gaelic Wholesalers Ltd | CL |  | 16,575 |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ |  |  | $\mathbf{3}$ |  |

## Question 6

| Dr |  |  |  |  |  | Cr |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date [1] | Details [1] | Bank | Comp. | Table Quiz | Memb. Fees | Date [1] | Details [1] | Cheque <br> No. [1] | Bank | Comp. | Table Quiz | Wages | Other |
| 2013 |  | $€$ | $€$ | $€$ | $€$ | 2013 |  |  | $€$ | $€$ | $€$ | $€$ | $€$ |
| March 1 | Balance | 570 |  |  |  | March 2 | Comp Prizes | 213 | 270 | 270 |  |  |  |
| 3 | Memb Fees | 4,500 |  |  | 4,500 | 9 | Posters | 214 | 90 |  | 90 |  |  |
| 7 | Comp Fees | 525 | 525 |  |  | 11 | Prizes | 215 | 120 |  | 120 |  |  |
| 13 | Table quiz | 450 |  | 450 |  | 12 | Greenkeeper | 216 | 950 |  |  | 950 |  |
| 16 | Memb Fees | 3,000 |  |  | 3,000 | 18 | Repairs | 217 | 175 |  |  |  | 175 |
| 21 | Comp Fees | 330 | 330 |  |  | 19 | Trophies | 218 | 290 | 290 |  |  |  |
| 29 | Memb Fees | 1,500 |  |  | 1,500 | 26 | Greenkeeper | 219 | 900 |  |  | 900 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 31 | Balance c/d |  | 8,080 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 10,875 | 855 | 450 | 9,000 |  |  |  | 10,875 | 560 | 210 | 1,850 | 175 |
| 31 | Balance b/d | 8,080 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 9 | 3 | 2 | 4 |  |  |  | 9 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 |

(B) Calculate the surplus or deficit that the club made during March on running a table quiz.

## Answer: €240 Surplus $\mathbf{3}$ marks

Workings: $450-210=240$ [4]
(C) Explain two duties of a club treasurer

- To collect members’ subscriptions and issue receipts
- To lodge all money received to the club's bank account
- To pay all bills for the club
- To record all the club's receipts and payments
- To prepare final accounts and balance sheet
- To report on the club's finances at the AGM.


## Question 7

| (A) | (i) | Explain the term 'imports'. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | All the goods and services that Ireland buys from other countries. | 4 |
|  |  | Explain two benefits of imports for Ireland |  |
|  |  | - Ireland does not possess certain raw materials/oil. We must import them. <br> - Irish people like to have a variety of goods and services, e.g. cars must be imported <br> - Ireland does not have the climate to grow certain foods. Tropical foods imported. <br> - Goods can obtained at a cheaper price. | 2 x 4 |



| (C) (i) | National Budget for the year 2013 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :---: |
|  | $€ 000$ | $€ 00$ |  |
|  | INCOME |  |  |
|  | PAYE | 6,250 |  |
|  | Excise Duties | 3,700 |  |
|  | VAT | 4,150 |  |
|  | Corporation Tax | 2,500 | 16,600 |
|  | EXPENDITURE |  | 4,500 |
|  | Education | 8,200 |  |
|  | Health Services |  | 3,900 |
|  | Social Welfare | 1,500 | 18,100 |
|  | Justice |  | $\mathbf{- 1 , 5 0 0}$ [1] |

labels $1 / 2$ mark each
figures 1 mark each

| (C) | (iii) | Which Government Department prepares the National Budget? |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
|  | Answer: The Department of Finance | $\mathbf{5}$ |  |
|  | (iv)Every year the Irish Government spends large sums of money on Education. <br> Give two examples of Government spending on Education. |  |  |
|  | Teachers' pay; School equipment and extensions; State Examination costs. |  |  |

## Question 8

(A) Show the mobile phone sales information in the form of a Bar Chart:


> Vertical Axis correctly labelled 1 mark Horizontal Axis correctly labelled 1 mark
> Title of Chart 2 marks
> Bars [2 +1]
> Neatness 1 mark

| (B) | (i) Calculate the value of total sales of mobile phones for Getintouch Ltd in Co Galway in 2012. |  | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Answer: €260,000 | Workings: $\quad 6,500 \times 40=260,000$ |  |
|  | (ii) Calculate the value of total sales of mobiles phones for Getintouch Ltd in all western counties in 2012. |  | 12 |
|  | Answer: €780,000 | Workings: $\begin{aligned} & 4,500+3,000+6,500+2,500+1,000+2,000 \\ & =19,500 . \\ & 19,500 \times 40=780,000 \end{aligned}$ |  |


| (C) | Explain clearly three of the underlined terms. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Brand Names are used to identify particular products so that they become well known among <br> the public. |  |
|  | Sponsorshipis where firms give money to a sports or cultural event to promote their products. | 7 <br> $\times$ <br> $\mathbf{S p}$ |
|  | Special Offers are made on certain products to boost their sales, e.g. 'Buy a burger - get a <br> drink free' or 'three books for the price of two'. | $\mathbf{3}$ |
|  | Questionnaires are used to get information from/to survey consumers. They are usually a list <br> of prepared questions which consumers are asked. |  |

