# Coimisiún na Scrúduithe Stáit State Examinations Commission 

JUNIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 2003

BUSINESS STUDIES - HIGHER LEVEL - PAPER 11<br>(160 Marks)

WEDNESDAY, 11 JUNE 2003 - AFTERNOON, 2.00 to 4.00

All questions carry equal marks. Attempt any FOUR questions.
Marks will be awarded for layout and presentation including, where appropriate, Folios and Dates showing the day, month and year. Calculators may be used.

Answer ALL sections. This is a Book of First Entry and Ledger Question.
NILBUD Ltd had the following balances in its General Journal on 1 May 2003:
GENERAL JOURNAL (Page 1)

| Date | Details | F | Dr. <br> $\boldsymbol{€}$ | Cr. <br> $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 / 5 / 2003$ | Machinery | GL1 | 150,000 |  |
|  | Debtor OGILS Ltd | DL1 | 10,000 |  |
|  | Bank Overdraft | CB1 |  | 5,000 |
|  | Ordinary Share Capital | GL2 |  | 155,000 |
|  | Assets, Liabilities and Share Capital of NILBUD Ltd |  | 160,000 | 160,000 |

(A) Post the balances in the above General Journal to the relevant ledger accounts.
(B) Post the relevant figures from the Sales and Sales Returns Books below to the ledger.

SALES BOOK (Page 1)

| Date | Details | Invoice No. | F | Net <br> $\boldsymbol{€}$ | VAT <br> $\boldsymbol{€}$ | Total <br> $\boldsymbol{€}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $7 / 5 / 2003$ | OGILS Ltd | 1 | DL1 | 12,000 | 2,520 | 14,520 |
| $11 / 5 / 2003$ | NAVAC Ltd | 2 | DL2 | 8,000 | 1,680 | 9,680 |
|  |  |  |  | 20,000 | 4,200 | 24,200 |
|  |  |  |  | GL3 | GL4 |  |


| Date | Details | Credit Note No. | F | Net <br> $\boldsymbol{\ell}$ | VAT <br> $\boldsymbol{€}$ | Total <br> $\boldsymbol{€}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $17 / 5 / 2003$ | NAVAC Ltd | 40 | DL2 | 4,000 | 840 | 4,840 |
|  |  |  |  | GL5 | GL4 |  |

(C) Record the following Bank Transactions for the month of May. Post relevant figures to the ledger.

Note: Analyse the bank transactions using the following money column headings:
Debit (Receipts) Side: Bank; Sales; VAT; Debtors; Share Capital
Credit (Payments) Side: Bank; Purchases; VAT; Advertising.
2/5/2003 Shareholders of NILBUD Ltd invested €50,000 and this was lodged

5/5/2003
Cash Sales lodged
11/5/2003 Paid advertising (Cheque No. 1)
19/5/2003 OGILS Ltd paid its account in full and this lodged.
24/5/2003 NAVAC Ltd paid $€ 2,000$ and this lodged
28/5/2003 Purchases for resale (Cheque No. 2)
$€ 48,400$ ( $€ 40,000+€ 8,400$ VAT)
€1,500 Receipt No. 3 Receipt No. 4 $€ 25,000+$ VAT $21 \%$
(D) Balance the accounts on 31May 2003 and extract a Trial Balance as at that date.

On 16 April 2003, COONEY FURNITURE Ltd, Athlone, Co. Westmeath sent an Order No. 3 to MUNSTER FURNITURE Ltd, Limerick, for the following goods:
20 Solid Pine Doors
@ $€ 50$ each excluding VAT
30 Bedroom lockers
(a) $€ 20$ each excluding VAT

The goods ordered are in stock and on 5 May 2003 are delivered by MUNSTER FURNITURE Ltd. An Invoice No. 55 accompanies the goods.
Trade discount is $25 \%$ and furniture is subject to VAT at $21 \%$.
COONEY FURNITURE Ltd paid for the goods, by cheque, on 20 May 2003. The cheque was signed by Hilary Cooney.
(A) Outline how COONEY FURNITURE Ltd should treat incoming invoices and cheques issued.
(B) From the above details complete the Invoice No. 55 and the Cheque No. 1 on the blank document sheet supplied with this paper.
(C) Record the invoice received and the cheque issued in the Purchases and Analysed Cash Books of COONEY FURNITURE Ltd, provided on the separate sheet supplied with this paper. (13)
(40 MARKS)
3. Answer ALL sections. This is an Industrial Relations Question.
(A) What is the role of a trade union?
(B) Give three reasons why strikes take place.
(C) Set out three steps in the resolution of an industrial relations dispute.
(D) Study the following newspaper report below and answer the questions that follow:

## Patients first casualty of strike

Nurses in accident and emergency departments will stage a two-hour country-wide strike today.
Doctors last night warned they may be left struggling to cope with emergency patients when nurses take to the picket lines between $12 \mathrm{pm}-2 \mathrm{pm}$ in protest at intolerable overcrowding and working conditions.

People have been urged not to turn up at casualty units in Dublin's main hospitals if possible.
All other services, including administration of waiting list patients, will go ahead as normal. From today nurses in casualty departments will operate a work to rule, refusing to carry out duties such as inserting intravenous drips.
(i) What was the dispute about?
(ii) Name the parties in dispute?
(iii) Identify two parties other than in (ii) above who were affected by the dispute.
(iv) Name two forms of industrial action taken.
4. Answer ALL sections. This is a Final Accounts and Balance Sheet Question.

The following Trial Balance was extracted from the books of SIOAL Ltd on 31 May 2003. The Authorised Share Capital is $300,000 € 1$ ordinary shares.

| TRIAL BALANCE of SIOAL Ltd as on 31 May 2003 | Dr. <br> $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ | Cr. <br> $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Purchases and Sales | 110,000 | 250,000 |
| Purchases Returns |  | 5,000 |
| Opening Stock 1/6/2002 | 14,000 |  |
| Import Duty | 1,000 |  |
| Debtors and Creditors | 5,000 | 13,000 |
| Insurance | 40,000 |  |
| Wages | 68,000 |  |
| Delivery Vans | 90,000 |  |
| Machinery | 2,000 |  |
| Cash |  | 2,000 |
| Commissionable Receivable |  | 16,000 |
| Reserves (Profit and Loss Balance) | 2,000 |  |
| Bank Overdraft | 190,000 |  |
| Bad Debts |  | 250,000 |
| Buildings | 540,000 | 540,000 |
| Issued Share Capital: $250,000 € 1$ Ordinary Shares |  |  |
|  |  |  |

(A) You are required to prepare the company's Trading, Profit and Loss and Appropriation Accounts for the year ending 31 May 2003 and a Balance Sheet as on that date.

You are given the following information as on 31 May 2003.
(i)
Closing Stock
$€ 12,000$
(ii)
Commission Receivable due
$€ \quad 500$
(iii) Wages due
$€ 3,000$
(iv) Dividends declared 15\%
(v) Depreciation: Machinery 10\%; Delivery Vans 12\%.
(B) Why is it important for SIOAL Ltd to have reserves?
(A) Give two reasons why a business might use its own delivery vans.
(B) Explain three sources of finance which a business could use to obtain delivery vans.
(C) Calculate the cost of transport (show workings) for one day from the following details provided by AB Ltd:

AB Ltd operates 320 working days in the year;
The diesel van can travel 20 Km per litre;
The distance travelled in one day is 700 KM ;
The cost of diesel is 40 cent per litre;
The van driver's wages is $€ 120$ per day;
The van driver's helper's wages is $€ 50$ per day;
The Annual Motor Tax is $€ 700$;
The Annual Motor Insurance is $€ 1,200$;
The Annual Repairs are $€ 900$.
(D) On 1 May 2003 AB Ltd purchased a new delivery van on credit from NEVIN Motors Ltd for $€ 35,000$. Record the purchase of this delivery van in the General Journal of AB Ltd in the blank sheet supplied with this paper.
6. Answer ALL sections. This is a Cash Flow Forecast Question.
(A) State two reasons why a business would prepare a Cash Flow Forecast.
(B) On a separate sheet supplied with this paper, is a partially completed Cash Flow Forecast of YAM Ltd. You are required to complete this form for the months of March, April, May and June, as well as the total columns.
The following information should be taken into account:
Monthly sales are expected to increase by $20 \%$ beginning in May;
The shareholders are expected to invest an additional $€ 40,000$ in April;
Buildings are expected to be sold in June for $€ 100,000$;
An EU Grant of $€ 100,000$ is expected in May;
Monthly purchases are expected to increase by $30 \%$ beginning in May;
Wages and transport costs are expected to remain the same every month;
Light and heat expenses are expected to decrease by $25 \%$ in the months of March and May;
New buildings are expected to be purchased in May for $€ 250,000$;
Shareholders are expected to be paid a dividend of $€ 20,000$ in June.
(C) YAM Ltd forgot to allow for the purchase of new machinery of $€ 30,000$ during this period.

Show the new Closing Cash figure for June, after taking this purchase into account, in the box provided.

## BUSINESS STUDIES - PAPER 11

Candidate's Examination No. $\square$
For Use with Question 2 (B)

| To: | INVOICEMUNSTER FURNITURE LTD, LIMERICK |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Tel No: 061212300 VAT: IE334231 Date: $\qquad$ |  |
| Order No. |  |  |  |
| Quantity | Description | $\begin{gathered} \text { Unit Price } \\ € \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total (Ex. VAT) } \\ € \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total (Ex VAT) <br> Trade Discount |  |
| E \& OE |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | VAT <br> Total (Incl. VAT) |  |
|  |  |  |

For Use with Question 2 (B)


For Use with Question 2 (C)

> PURCHASES BOOK (Page 1)

| Date | Details | Invoice No. | F | Net <br> $\boldsymbol{€}$ | VAT <br> $€$ | Total <br> $\boldsymbol{€}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

ANALYSED CASH BOOK (CREDIT SIDE) page 1

| Date | Details | Cheque No. | F | Bank | Creditor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## BUSINESS STUDIES - PAPER 11, 2003

Candidate's Examination No. $\square$

For Use with Question 5 (D)
GENERAL JOURNAL (Page 1)

| Date | Details | F | Dr. <br> $\boldsymbol{€}$ | $\mathbf{C r}$. <br> $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

For Use with Question 6 (B)
CASH FLOW FORECAST OF YAM Ltd FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY TO JUNE 2003

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January | February | March | April | May | June | Total for <br> Jan. - June <br> € |
| Receipts | € | € | € | € | € |  |  |
| Sales |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Share Capital | 60,000 | 60,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EU Grant |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A - Total Receipts | 60,000 | 60,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Payments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purchases | 24,000 | 24,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 7,000 | 7,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transport Costs | 4,500 | 4,500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Light and Heat | 3,600 | -------- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Delivery Vans |  | 42,000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividend |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| B - Total Payments | 39,100 | 77,500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| C- Net Cash (A-B ) | 20,900 | $-17,500$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| D - Opening Cash | 2,500 | 23,400 | 5,900 |  |  |  |  |
| Closing Cash | 23,400 | 5,900 |  |  |  |  |  |

For Use with Question 6 (C)

New Closing Cash Figure for June


