

SUMMATIVE EXAMINATION – II, MARCH - 2014

SUB: SOCIAL SCIENCE

CLASS – VII

TIME : 3 HRS

SET - A

MAX. MARKS: 90

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Read all the questions carefully,
- Write the question numbers correctly,
- All the answers have to be written in the answer sheet,
- Attach map to the answer sheet.

(HISTROY, GEOGRAPHY, CIVICS)

I Multiple choice questions.

[8x1=8 Marks]

1. In USA Prairies are drained by the tributaries of _____.
 - a. Mississippi
 - b. Saskatchewan
 - c. Limpopo
2. _____ was the term used by the Mughals to describe all intermediaries, who were local headmen of villages or powerful chieftains.
 - a. Jagirdars
 - b. Mansabdars
 - c. Zamindars
3. Khapa-chan is the another name of _____.
 - a. Drass
 - b. Kargil
 - c. Ladakh
4. When the government prevents the media from publishing a story, it is called _____.
 - a. Independent media
 - b. balanced report
 - c. censorship
5. Babur defeated Ibrahim Lodi in the Battle of Panipat in _____.
 - a. 1556
 - b. 1565
 - c. 1526
6. The most important animal that is a protected species found in the Prairies is _____.
 - a. Antelope
 - b. Bison
 - c. Coyotes
7. The minister in charge of religious and charitable patronage during Akbar's reign is _____.
 - a. Faujdar
 - b. Sadr
 - c. Kotwal

8. According to _____ more than two million children die every year in India from preventable infections.

a. UNESCO

b. WHO

c. UNICEF

II. Name the following

[8x1=8 Marks]

9. The pilgrimage centre, which was the capital of the Chauhans in the 12th century.
10. Streams of water flowing constantly on the ocean surface in definite directions.
11. One of the coldest inhabited place on earth located in Ladakh.
12. The term refers to a TV or radio programme that is widely transmitted.
13. The place where people are first brought in and treated in a hospital without being admitted to any special ward.
14. Largest lake in the world
15. The Mughal emperor, who was defeated by Sherkhan at Chausa and Kanauj, forcing him to flee to Iran.
16. The diamond merchant who estimated the horse trade at Kabul in the 17th century.

III. Fill in the blanks

[8x1=8 Marks]

17. World Water Day is celebrated on _____.
18. _____ was the English chronicler, who wrote an account of the Surat port that, on average a hundred ships of different countries could be found anchored at the port at any given time.
19. With electronic type writers, _____ underwent a sea-change in 1940's.
20. The National Highway 1A connects Leh to Kashmir valley through the _____.
21. Akbar was distracted by the rebellion of Prince _____, the future Emperor Jahangir, in the last years of his reign.
22. Due to the absence of the _____ barrier, a local wind "Chinook" blows in Prairies.
23. _____ was the gateway for trade with West Asia via the Gulf of Ormuz.
24. According to our Constitution, it is the primary duty of the _____ to ensure the welfare of the people and provide health care facilities to all.

IV Answer the following questions

[10x3=30 Marks]

25. What are the advantages of high tides?
26. Write about the revenue system in Akbar's reign.

or

Describe the Mansabdari system in the Mughal period?

27. What is the role of media in a democracy?

28. Describe the major mineral reserves of the Veld.
29. Why did Kabul become so important in the 16th century?
30. Where is Ladakh located? What mainly attracts tourists to Ladakh?
31. a) Who were the Mughals? b) Write short note on Ain-i-Akbari.
32. a) Define health. b) Why the government health service in India is called 'public'?

or

What are the responsibilities of the government in order to improve and safeguard the health of its citizen?

33. a) What are tides and how they are caused? b) Ocean water is salty. Why?
34. a) How is an oasis formed? b) There is scanty vegetation in the deserts. Why?

V. Questions 35-42 carry 4 marks each.

[8x4=32 Marks]

35. a) Define desert. b) How has discovery of oil changed the cultural landscape of the Sahara?
36. In reality the media is not independent. Give reason.
37. a) Write a brief note on "the lost wax technique". b) How was water supplied to the city of Tanjavur?
38. a) Why and how were the Sisodiya Rajputs honoured by the Mughals? b) Why did Akbar start Sulh-i-kul?
39. In the 18th century Machalipatnam lost its importance and the European companies started looking for alternatives. Why?

or

What enhanced the Indian Textile Industry? What curbed the independence of craft persons?

40. a) Distinguish between public health service and private health service. b) List two factors that affect our health other than illness.
41. Write a short note on the climatic conditions of the prairies. Name the rivers that drain the Velds.

Or

Describe the occupations of the people of the South African grasslands.

42. Explain Spring tide and neap tide. Draw the diagram.

VI. 43. On an outline map of the world name and locate the following.

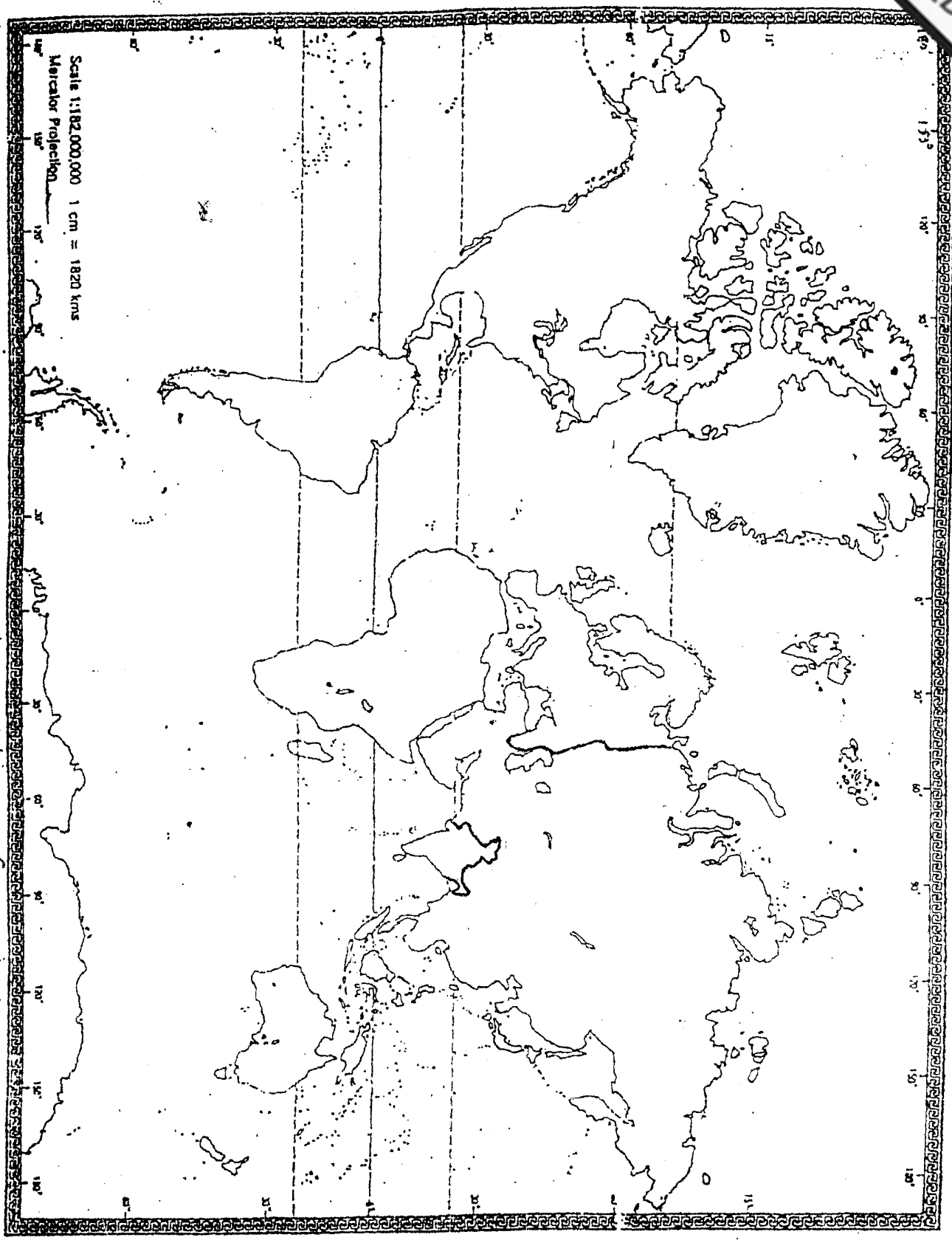
[4x1=4 Marks]

- a. The temperate grasslands of South Africa.
- b. The world's largest desert.
- c. The boundary of Prairies in the west.
- d. The western boundary of velds.

Mapping

WORLD

CLASS : VII



NAME _____

CLASS VII (G.M.S) R: NO _____

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