

**LENDING OPERATIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT –
STAGE-II
ISQ Examination (Summer-2010)**

- Q.1** Please write the alphabet of the selected choice in the answer column:
- Q.2** State True or False in the answer column.
- Q.3** Answer the following questions:
- A) Can the bank issue open-ended guarantees ?
 - B) What is the “Rule in Clayton’s Case”?
 - C) Can exporters in Pakistan borrow in foreign currency?
 - D) Can an Islamic banking branch of a commercial bank take independent exposure upto 35% of its equity, as is admissible in case of full-fledged Islamic bank?
 - E) Can a bank extend credit facilities against lien on COIs/deposits maintained with NBFIs?
- Q.4** Suppose that a borrower needs Rs 80,000. A bank gives the borrower a choice of two pricing schemes. The first is a Rs 100,000 loan with 20 percent compensating balance requirements priced at 10 percent. The second is an Rs 80,000 loan with no balance requirements priced at 12.5 percent.
- A) Calculate the effective cost to the borrower of each alternative.
 - B) Assume that the bank must hold 12 percent required reserves against customer deposits, calculate the effective return to the bank of each alternative.
 - C) Which pricing scheme is preferred for the bank?
- Q.5** What are the warning signals of problem loans that can be picked up from careful and consistent reading of a borrower’s financial statements?
- Q.6** Explain what precautions a prudent banker would take in the opening and operation of account of a Public Limited Company.
- Q.7** Bright Textiles Ltd have been sanctioned a limit of Rs 500,000 at your branch against hypothecation of liquid assets including (i) stocks, (ii) stock-in-process and (iii) book debts. State with reasons how drawings should be regulated and controlled.
- Q.8** “Banks must operate under a sound credit granting process.” Explain what factors should be considered in developing such a system.
