Subject: CIRCUIT THEORY

AMIETE – ET

Time: 3 Hours

Code: AE59

JUNE 2013

 (2×10)

ROLL NO. CORPTONIC THEORY 100 COM PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER.

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the O.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.
- 0.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following:

a. A 100 Ω resistance is connected across a 10V battery. The energy consumed in 5 secs is -+-

(A) 3 Joules (C) 5 Joules	(B) 4 Joules (D) 6 Joules	$\begin{array}{c c} & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & &$
b. The current I_{ab} in the circuit shown in Fig.1 is		(⁺)20V 50 6V
(A) 1A	(B) 2A	□, b
(C) 3A	(D) 4A	Fig.1

c. The correct statement is

(A)
$$V_L = L \frac{di}{dt}$$
 and $i_c = C \frac{dv}{dt}$ (B) $i_L = L \frac{dv}{dt}$ and $V_c = C \frac{di}{dt}$
(C) $V_L = L \frac{di}{dt}$ and $i_L = C \frac{dv}{dt}$ (D) $V_c = L \frac{dv}{dt}$ and $i_c = C \frac{di}{dt}$

d. Laplace transform of $f(t) = e^{at} u(t)$ is

(A)
$$\frac{1}{s^2}$$
 (B) $\frac{1}{s+a}$
(C) $\frac{1}{s-a}$ (D) $\frac{1}{(s+a)^2}$

e. The Quality factor of a purely resistive circuit is

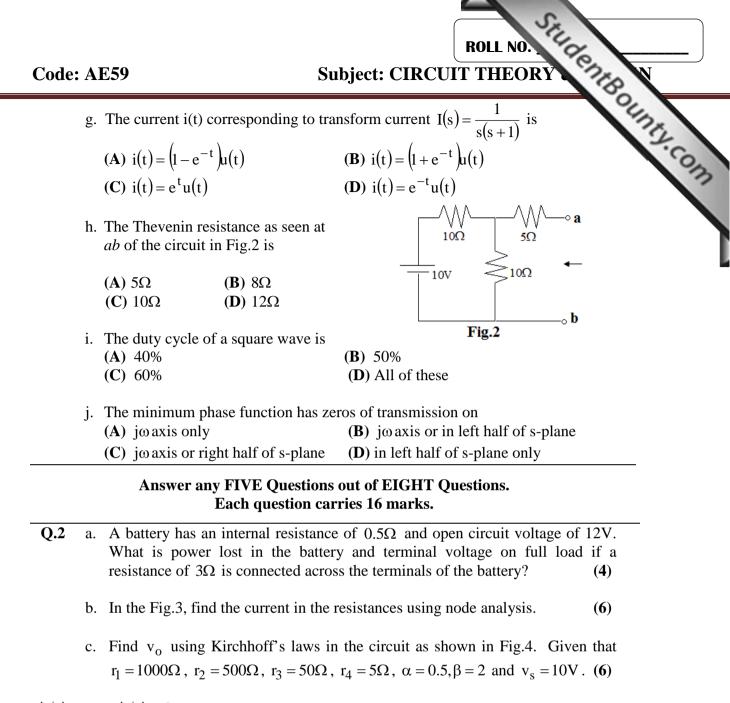
(C) 1.5 **(D)** infinite

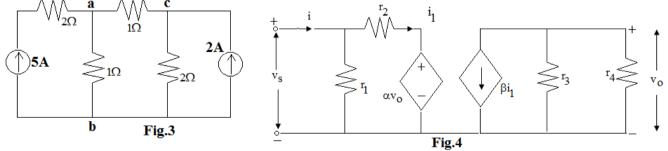
(C) 1.5 f. The impedance of one port network $Z(s) = \frac{15(s^3 + 2s^2 + 3s + 2)}{s^4 + 6s^3 + 8s^2}$ indicates

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- (A) Double pole at origin (C) Single pole at origin
- (B) Double zeros at origin (**D**) Single zero at origin

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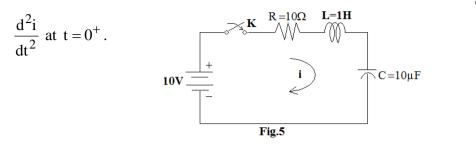
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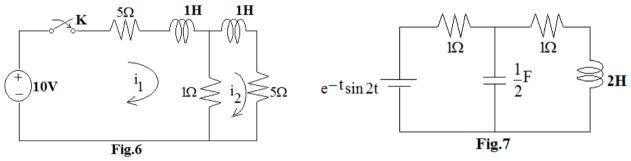
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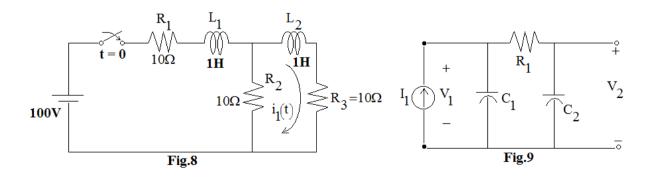
StudentBou a. For the circuit given in Fig.5, switch K is closed at t = 0. Find the i, Q.3 dt



- b. Find the general solution of the equation $2\frac{di}{dt} + i(t) = 2i(t)$ with initial condition at t = 0, i = 5A. (4)
- c. A voltage of v= 200 Sin (314t-30°) is applied to a 50mH, 15 Ω coil; calculate the current and the power factor for the arrangement. (6)
- a. Using Laplace transform technique, find i_2 at $t = 0^+$ when switch k is closed **Q.4** at t = 0 in Fig.6. (8)
 - b. A unit impulse voltage is applied to a series RC circuit at t =0 with $R = 5\Omega$ and C = 2F. Find i(t) using Laplace transform, assuming the initial charge stored in the capacitor is zero. (8)



- a. Determine Z(s) and I(s) for the network shown in Fig.7 using transform Q.5 network. (8)
 - b. Consider the network shown in Fig.8. Calculate $i_1(t)$ using Thevenin's theorem. (8)



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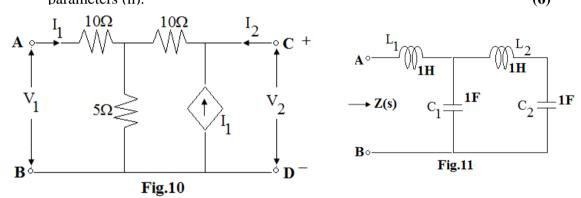
ROLL NO. THEORY for the Com a. Compute the current gain $\alpha_{12}(s)$ and driving point impedance $Z_{12}(s)$ for the **Q.6** network shown in Fig.9 with $C_1 = 1F$, $R_1 = 1\Omega$ and $C_2 = 2F$.

b. A network function is given by $H(s) = \frac{2s}{(s+2)(s^2+2s+2)}$. Obtain pole-zero (4) diagram.

- c. Check the positive realness of the function $F(s) = \frac{s^2 + 10s + 4}{s + 2}$. (4)
- a. Determine the Z-parameter of the network shown in Fig.10. 0.7 (6)

b. The Z-parameter of a circuit are given by $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$. Obtain the transmission line ABCD parameters. (4)

c. Establish the relation between Impedance parameters (Z) and hybrid parameters (h). (6)



- **Q.8** a. Obtain the driving point impedance of the given network across A-B shown in Fig.11 using Transform network. (8)
 - b. The driving point impedance of an LC network is $Z(s) = \frac{10(s^2 + 4)(s^2 + 16)}{s(s^2 + 9)}.$ Obtain Foster form of network. (8)
- a. What are the error criteria in any approximation problem in network theory? Q.9 Derive amplitude approximation for maximally flat low pass filter approximation. (8)
 - b. Synthesize the voltage ratio $\frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{s^2 + 1}{s^2 + 2s + 1}$ as a constant resistance bridged-(8) T network terminated in a 1Ω resistor.

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