#### PRINCIPLES OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING **AE55**

- StudentBounts.com Q.2 b. A coil of 300 turns and of resistance 10  $\Omega$  is wound uniformly over a steel ring of mean circumference 30 cm and cross-sectional area 9 cm<sup>2</sup>. It is connected to a supply at 20 V D.C. If the relative permeability of the ring is 1500, Calculate:
  - (i) The Magnetising Force
- (ii) Reluctance
- (iii) M.M.F
- (iv) Flux

# Answer:

Given: N = 300:  $R=10\Omega$ ; l=30 cm or 0.3 m;  $A=9 \text{ cm}^2 = 9*10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$ ; Supply Voltage =20V;  $\mu_{e} = 1500$ 

> **(i)** The magnetizing force H;

$$H = \frac{NI}{l} = \frac{N \times (V/R)}{l} = \frac{30 \times (20/10)}{0.3} = 2000 \frac{AT}{m} \text{ (Ans)}$$

(ii) The reluctance, S:  

$$S = \frac{l}{A\mu_{o}\mu_{r}} = \frac{0.3}{4\pi \times 10^{-7} \times 1500 \times 9 \times 10^{-4}}$$

$$= 176.84 \times 10^{3} \frac{AT}{Wb} \text{ (Ans)}$$

(iii) The m.m.f:  

$$m.m.f = NI = 300 \times (V/R) = 300 \times (20/10) = 600 \text{ AT} \text{ (Ans)}$$

#### The flux (iv)

$$\emptyset = \frac{m.m.f}{reluctance} = \frac{600}{176.84 \times 10^3} = 3.39 \times 10^{-3} Wb \text{ (Ans)}$$

Q.3 b. The primary and secondary windings of a 40KVA, 6600/250V single phase transformer have resistance of 10 ohms and 0.02 ohms respectively. The total leakage reactance is 35  $\Omega$  as referred to the primary winding. Find full load regulation at power factor of 0.8 lagging.

### Answer:

Given Primary Voltage,  $V_1 = 6,600V$ ; Secondary Voltage,  $V_2 = 250V$ Transformation ratio

$$K = \frac{V_2}{V_1} = 0.0378$$

Equivalent resistance of transformer referred to secondary  $R_{02} = K^2 R_1 + R_2 = 0.03435 \,\Omega$ 

Equivalent leakage reactance of transformer referred to secondary  $X_{02} = K^2 X_{01} = 0.05022 \ \Omega$ Secondary rated current,

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$$I_2 = \frac{Rated \ KVA \times 1,000}{V_2} = 160A$$
  
Power factor,  $\cos \emptyset = 0.8$  and  $\sin \emptyset = 0.6$   
Full load regulation  
 $F.L.R = \frac{I_2 R_{02} \cos \emptyset + I_2 X_{02} \sin \emptyset}{E_2} \times 100 = 3.687\% \ Ans$ 

Q.4 b. A 4-pole, 220V shunt motor has 540 lap-wound conductor. It takes 32 A from the supply mains and develops output power of 5.59 KW. The field winding takes 1 A. The armature resistance is 0.9  $\Omega$  and the flux per pole is 30 mWb. Calculate

(i) the speed

(ii) the torque developed in Newton meters.

# Answer:

Armature current,  

$$I_{a} = I_{L} - I_{sh} = 32 - 1 = 31A$$
Back emf,  

$$E_{b} = V - I_{a}R_{a} = 220 - 31 \times 0.9 = 192.1 V$$
Since  

$$E_{b} = \emptyset Z \frac{N}{60} \times \frac{P}{A} =$$
So Speed,  

$$N = \frac{E_{b} \times 60}{\emptyset Z} \times \frac{A}{P} = 711.5 \text{ rpm} \text{ (Ans).}$$

Torque developed,  

$$T_{e} = \frac{9.55 \times E_{b} \times I_{a}}{N} = 79.93 \text{ Nm} \text{ (Ans)}.$$
Shaft Torque  

$$T_{sh} = \frac{9.55 \times \text{output in watts}}{N} = 75.1 \text{ Nm} \text{ (Ans)}.$$

Q.5 b. A 3300V star-connected synchronous motor has synchronous impedance of 0.4+j5  $\Omega$  per phase. For an excitation e.m.f. of 4000V and motor input power of 1000KW at rated voltage. Compute the line current and Power factor.

**Answer:** 

Given  

$$V_t = \frac{3300}{\sqrt{3}} = 1905.3 V$$

$$E_f = \frac{4000}{\sqrt{3}} = 2309.5 V$$

$$Z_s = \sqrt{0.4^2 + 5^2} = 5.016 V$$

$$\alpha_z = \tan^{-1} \frac{0.4}{5} = 4.57^0$$

**AE55** 

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Per phase power input to motor

$$P_{im} = \frac{E_f \times V_t}{Z_s} \sin(\delta - \alpha_z) + \frac{V_t^2}{Z_s^2} r_\alpha$$
  

$$\sin(\delta - \alpha_z) = 0.314$$
  

$$\delta = 22.88^0$$
  

$$I_\alpha Z_s = \sqrt{\left(V_t^2 + E_f^2 - 2 \times V_t \times E_f \cos\delta\right)}$$
  

$$I_a = 184.43 \text{ A}$$
  

$$3V_t I_\alpha \cos\theta = 1000,000W$$
  

$$\cos\theta = 0.9486 \text{ Lead (Ans)}$$

- Q.6 b. In a 6-pole, 3-phase, 50 Hz induction motor with star connected rotor, the rotor resistance per phase is 0.3  $\Omega$ , the reactance at standstill is 1.5  $\Omega$  per phase and an e.m.f. between the slip-rings on open-circuit is 175V. Calculate
  - (i) Slip at a speed of 950 rpm
  - (ii) Rotor e.m.f. per phase
  - (iii) Rotor frequency and reactance at a speed of 950 rpm

# **Answer:**

Synchronous speed,  $N_{g} = \frac{120 \times f}{P} = 1,000 \text{ rpm}$ Rotor speed, N =950 rpm i. Slip  $s = \frac{N_s - N}{N_s} = 0.05 = 5 \%$  (Ans)

ii. Rotor emf per phase at standstill.

$$E_2 = \frac{175}{\sqrt{3}} = 101 \text{ V} \text{ (Ans)}$$

iii. Rotor frequency at a speed of 950 rpm

f' = sf = 2.5 Hz (Ans)

Standstill rotor reactance,

 $X_2=1.5\Omega$ /phase

Rotor reactance at a speed of 950 rpm = s  $X_2 = 0.75\Omega$  per phase (Ans.)

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b. Explain how direct sunlight can be converted into electricity. Answer: Page Number 595 of Text Book

# **Text Book**

Basic Electrical Engineering, D.P. Kothari and I.J. Nagrath, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2nd Edition, 13th Reprint 2006