

**AMIETE – ET (NEW SCHEME)**

Time: 3 Hours

**JUNE 2012**

Max. Marks: 100

**PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER.**

**NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.**

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

**Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following: (2×10)**

- a. Wireless access network unit (WANU) consists of:
- (A) Base station transceivers (B) Radio controller  
(C) Access manager (D) all of the above
- b. The design process of selecting and allocating channel groups for all cellular base station within a system is called:
- (A) Adjacent channel interference (B) Frequency planning  
(C) Near far affect (D) Co- channel interference
- c. If the subscriber moves from one cell to other cell within BSC then this type of hand off is called:
- (A) Inter-cell-inter BSC handover (B) Intra-cell-intra BSC handover  
(C) Inter-cell-intra BSC handover (D) Inter MSC handover
- d. Which technique carries only one phone circuit at a time
- (A) FDMA (B) CDMA  
(C) TDMA (D) all of the above
- e. Wi-Fi stands for
- (A) Wireless frequency (B) Wire line fidelity  
(C) Wireless function (D) Wireless fidelity
- f. The IEEE standard for wireless PAN Bluetooth is:
- (A) IEEE802.11 (B) IEEE802.15  
(C) IEEE802.16 (D) IEEE802.14
- g. Which of these is not a third generation cellular system
- (A) UMTS (B) 3G PCS  
(C) GSM (D) IMT -2000

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h. The expression  $P_e = Q \left( \sqrt{2E_b/N_0} \right)^{1/2}$  is probability of error for which of the following:

- (A) QPSK (B) DPSK  
(C) BPSK (D)  $\pi/4$  QPSK

i. If the bandwidth of signal is greater than that of channel then it is:

- (A) Frequency selective fading (B) Fast fading  
(C) Slow fading (D) Multipath fading

j. Which of these is not a packet radio protocol

- (A) Pure aloha (B) Slotted aloha  
(C) PRMA (D) X.25 protocol

**Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions.  
Each question carries 16 marks.**

**Q.2** a. Briefly describe:

- (i) Frequency Reuse  
(ii) Channel Allocation Schemes  
(iii) Interference and system capacity  
(iv) Trunking and Grade of service

**(4×2=8)**

b. A Hexagonal cell within a four-cell system has a radius of 1.387 km. A total of 60 Channel is used. If load per user is 0.029 Erlangs and  $\lambda = 1$  call /hr compute for an Erlangs C system that has 5% probability of delayed call: **(8)**

- (i) How many users it can support?  
(ii) Probability that a call will have to wait more than 10 sec.?  
(iii) What is the probability that a call will be delayed for more than 10 sec?

**Q.3** a. Describe the various propagation mechanisms which impacts propagation in a mobile communication system. **(8)**

b. Find linear block encoder G if code generator polynomial  $g(x) = 1 + x + x^3$  for a (7,4) code. **(8)**

**Q.4** a. If, 33 MHz of bandwidth is allocated to a particular FDD cellular telephone system which uses two 25 kHz simplex channels to provide full duplex voice & control channels. Compute the number of channels available per cell if a system uses:

- (i) Four-cell reuse  
(ii) Seven- cell reuse  
(iii) Twelve- cell reuse

If, 1 MHz is dedicated to control channels, determine distribution of control & voice channels in each cell for each of the three systems. **(8)**

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- b. Explain different types of Multiple Radio Access protocol. (8)
- Q.5** a. Briefly discuss various linear modulation techniques. (8)
- b. Describe Channel Allocation Strategies and also elaborate Static allocation and Dynamic allocation. (8)
- Q.6** a. Briefly explain the procedure to setup a call in a GSM network. (8)
- b. Briefly explain the following terms: (8)
- (i) Registration
  - (ii) Handoff parameters & underlying support
  - (iii) Roaming support
  - (iv) Multicasting
- Q.7** a. Explain GSM architecture in detail. (8)
- b. Describe forward CDMA channel in case of IS-95. (8)
- Q.8** a. Briefly describe Wireless Sensor Networks, its characteristics and applications. (8)
- b. Enumerate the various characteristics of MANET. (8)
- Q.9** Write short note: (4×4=16)
- (i) WMAN
  - (ii) WLAN
  - (iii) WPAN
  - (iv) Directional & smart antennas