Code: DC70

Subject: NETWORK MANA

ROLL NO.

## **Diplete – CS**

Time: 3 Hours

# DECEMBER 2012

ANA Max. Marks: 100

 $(2 \times 10)$ 

PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER.

#### NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

#### Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following:

a. Trunk (logical entity between switches) maintenance system measures \_\_\_\_\_

(A) loss and S/N ratio	( <b>B</b> ) call blockage and loss
(C) S/N ratio and congestion	<b>(D)</b> flooding and call blockage

b. \_\_\_\_is information-modeling framework intended to accommodate all protocols and frameworks.

<b>(A)</b>	MIF	<b>(B</b> )	DMI
<b>(C)</b>	CIM	<b>(D</b> )	DMFT

c. \_\_\_\_\_used to gather lots of information on hosts from DNS.

(A) ifConfig	<b>(B)</b> Ping
(C) nslookup	( <b>D</b> ) Domain Name Groper

d. \_\_\_\_\_ is an example for Generic trap.

(A) Cold start	( <b>B</b> ) Time stamp
(C) Get request	( <b>D</b> ) Statics measurement

e. \_\_\_\_\_ gathers data from MO, analyses the data and stores the data.

(A) RMON	( <b>B</b> ) TCP
(C) UDP	(D) NMS

f. RFC stands for

<b>(A)</b>	Requests	for	commands	
( <b>C</b> )	Requests	for	comments	

(**B**) Requests for communication

(D) Radio Frequency Communication

Code: DC	270	ROLL NO. Subject: NETWORK MANA ing storage area network. (B) JMX (D) None of these
g	is a platform for manag	ring storage area network.
	A) Jiro C) JDMK	<ul><li>(B) JMX</li><li>(D) None of these</li></ul>
()	<ul> <li>DTMF stands for</li> <li>(A) Desktop Task Management France</li> <li>(B) Desktop transmission management</li> <li>(C) Desktop Management Task For</li> <li>(D) None of these</li> </ul>	ent framework
i. I	Network management done centrally	
	<ul><li>A) Network Operations Center</li><li>C) Network hub</li></ul>	<ul><li>(B) Network Distributed system</li><li>(D) Transmission cable</li></ul>
j	technique uses same key to en	ncrypt and decrypt in cryptography.
	<ul><li>A) Symmetric key</li><li>C) Shared key</li></ul>	<ul><li>(B) Asymmetric</li><li>(D) None of these</li></ul>

### Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.

Q.2	a. Compare SNA,OSI and Internet models by giving suitable diagram. (8	8)
	b. Explain different functional grouping in network management. (8	8)
Q.3	a. Illustrate the working of management communication protocols. (8	8)
	b. Explain ASN.1 Data type structure and tag. Illustrate using suitable example. (8	
Q.4	a. Explain different SNMP-Based ASN.1 data type structures. (8	8)
	b. Explain different SNMP organization models. (8	8)
Q.5	a. Explain the working of RMON2 Management Information Base. (8	8)
	b. Explain any four common RMONI and Ethernet groups. (8	8)
Q.6	a. Explain different NOC tool categories. (8	8)
	b. Explain different management areas in Enterprise management system we examples for each. (8)	

DC70 / DECEMBER - 2012

		C70 Subject: NETWORK MANA	
Code:	: D(	C70 Subject: NETWORK MANA	THE
Q.7	a.	Briefly explain generic architecture of Codebook Correlation Model.	I HIL
	b.	Explain different security threats to management information.	(8) 2.6
Q.8	a.	Explain different categories in report management.	(8)
	b.	Illustrate the working of policy based management.	(8)
Q.9	a.	Explain the working of Web-Based Enterprise Management.	(8)
	b.	Explain the architecture of the Jiro platform in storage area network.	(8)