AMIETE - CS/IT (NEW SCHEME) - Code: AC60 / A

Subject: COMPUTER GRAPHICS

Time: 3 Hours

JUNE 2011

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 Minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

 (2×10)

Max. Marks: 100

- a. Frame buffer is
 - (A) The memory area in which the image, being displayed, is stored
 - **(B)** The device which controls the refresh rate
 - (C) The device used for displaying the colors of an image
 - (**D**) The memory area in which the graphics package is stored
- b. A 24-bit plane color frame buffer with three 10-bit wide color look up tables can have number of colors.
 - (A) 2^{24}

(B) 2^8

(C) 2^{48}

- **(D)** 2^{30}
- c. The slope of the line joining the points (1,2) and (3,4) is
 - **(A)** 0

(B) 1

(C) 2

- **(D)** 3
- d. If X_L , X_R , Y_B , Y_T represent the four parameters of x-left, x-right, y-bottom and y-top of a clipping window and (x, y) is a point such that $y > Y_T$ then (x, y) lies
 - (A) Inside the window
- **(B)** outside the window
- (C) on the boundary of the window
- (D) none of these
- e. An affine transformation is specified by the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 5 \\ -2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

The image Q of point P=(1,2)

(C)(8,0)

(D) (2,0)

Student Bounty Com f. The two dimensional matrix transformation for rotation with an angle θ with x-axis in anticlockwise direction is._

$$(\mathbf{A}) \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\mathbf{B}) \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(C)
$$\begin{bmatrix} -\cos\theta & -\sin\theta & 0 \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\mathbf{D}) \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- g. Perspective projection is characterized by the
 - (A) view plane alone
 - **(B)** direction of projection and the view plane
 - (C) centre of projection and the view plane
 - (**D**) centre of projection alone
- h. Gouraud shading is
 - (A) An interpolative shading method
- (B) An averaging shading method
- (C) A subdivision shading method
- (D) Not a shading method

- i. Aliasing means
 - (A) rendering effect
- (B) shading effect

(C) staircase effect

- (D) cuing effect
- j. The blending functions of Bezier curves are_
 - (A) Splines

- (**B**) Bernstein polynomials
- (C) Lagrangian polynomials
- **(D)** Newton polynomials

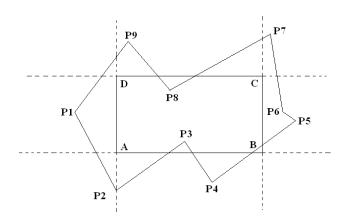
Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.

Q.2 a. How color raster images are represented? Explain.

- **(8)**
- b. Explain the use of computer graphics in computer-aided design.
- **(8)**
- a. Write a callback routine to draw rectangles entered with mouse. Q.3
- (8)

a. Explain the Cohen-Sutherland line clipping algorithm. **Q.4**

SHILDENHOUNKY.COM b. Clip the polygon P1,P2,.....,P9 in figure given below against the window ABCD using Sutherland Hodgman algorithm.



- a. Perform a 45^{0} counter clock wise rotation of triangle A(0,0), B(1,1), C(5,2)**Q.5** (i) about the origin and (ii) about (-1,-1). **(8)**
 - b. Describe the transforming of a coordinate system twice. **(8)**
- a. Consider the polygon with vertices $P_0=(6,1,4)$, $P_1=(7,0,9)$ and $P_2=(1,1,2)$. Compare **Q.6** the normal found using the Newell method with that found using the usual cross product. **(8)**
 - b. Explain the two-point and three-point perspective views. (8)
- **Q.7** a. Explain the Gourand shading method. **(8)**
 - b. Describe the depth buffer algorithm for removing hidden surfaces. **(8)**
- a. How the methods draw(), read() and copy() are implemented directly in terms of **Q.8** openGL functions? Explain.
 - b. Describe a recursive flood-fill algorithm. (8)
- a. Show that the Bezier form of curve segment is **Q.9** $P(t) = (1-t)^3 P_0 + 3t (1-t)^2 P_1 + 3t^2 (1-t) P_2 + t^3 P_3$ **(8)**
 - b. Given vertices of Bezier $B_0[1,1]$, $B_1[2,3]$, $B_2[4,3]$ & $B_3[3,1]$, find points on Bezier curve at t = (0.15, 0.35, 0.65, 0.85).