

DiplETE – ET (NEW SCHEME) – Code: DE54Subject: **ENGINEERING MATERIALS**

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

DECEMBER 2011**NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.**

- Please write your Roll No. at the space provided on each page immediately after receiving the Question Paper.
- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 Minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following: (2×10)

a. The conductivity of copper is less than that of silver by

- (A) 5-10% (B) 50% - 60%
(C) 80%-90% (D) 20% - 30%

b. The dielectric constant of air is practically taken as

- (A) unity (B) more than unity
(C) Zero (D) less than unity

c. Ceramics are good

- (A) insulators (B) conductors
(C) super conductors (D) Semi conductor

d. Hysteresis loss least depends on

- (A) frequency (B) Magnetic Field intensity
(C) Volume of material (D) Grain orientation of material

e. What is the type of bonding in silicon?

- (A) ionic (B) covalent
(C) Metallic (D) Metallic + ionic

f. Copper is completely miscible with

- (A) Nickel (B) Gold
(C) Hydrogen (D) Lead

- g. No. of terminals in a FET are
- (A) one (B) two
(C) three (D) four
- h. Copper – constantan thermocouple is used for measuring temperature upto
- (A) 1400 °C (B) 1100 °C
(C) 800 °C (D) 400 °C
- i. In a transistor which of the following region is very lightly doped and is very thin?
- (A) Emitter (B) Base
(C) collector (D) None of the above
- j. Carbon – resistor contains
- (A) Solid Carbon granules (B) Pulverized coal
(C) Finally divided carbon black (D) carbon crystals

**Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions.
Each question carries 16 marks.**

- Q.2** a. Explain the electron gas model of a metal. (8)
- b. Explain the effect of temperature on electrical conductivity of metals. (8)
- Q.3** a. What is permanent dipole moment? Explain in brief. (8)
- b. Derive Clausius-Mossotti relation for solid dielectrics due to internal field. (8)
- Q.4** a. What are the important requirements of good insulating materials? Give some examples & their applications. (8)
- b. Discuss various applications of Dielectric materials. (8)
- Q.5** a. Give the applications and properties of silicon iron alloy and nickel iron alloy. (8)
- b. Give the properties and application of permanent magnetic materials. (8)
- Q.6** a. Describe the Hall Effect and explain its relation to the magnetic field on a conductor. (8)
- b. Write short notes on
- (i) Einstein relation (between diffusion constant and mobility)
- (ii) Doping in semiconductors (4+4)

- Q.7** a. Describe atomic structure of silicon and Germanium. (8)
b. Explain working of SCR based on its two transistor model. (8)
- Q.8** a. What is voltage-sensitive resistor? Describe in brief different types of voltage sensitive resistors. (8)
b. Give applications of powdered iron core and ferrite core. (4+4)
- Q.9** a. What are the various methods by which junctions are fabricated from pure single crystal semiconductor? (8)
b. Discuss Epitaxial diffused junction diode and its applications. (8)