ROLL NO.

Code: AC15 Subject: COMPUTER GRAPHIC

AMIETE - CS (OLD SCHEME)

Time: 3 Hours DECEMBER 2011 Max. Marks: 100

NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.

- Please write your Roll No. at the space provided on each page immediately after receiving the Question Paper.
- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 Minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

| Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following: (2) | 2×10 | U) |
|--|---------------|----|
|--|---------------|----|

- a. Oblique projection of an object with projection angle ∝ such that tan ∝=2 is called
 - (A) cavalier projection
- **(B)** cabinet projection
- (C) orthographic projection
- (**D**) none of these
- b. Which of the following is not rigid body transformation?
 - (A) Reflection

(B) Translation

(C) Rotation

- (D) Shearing
- c. In the Cohen & Sutherland clipping algorithm, if the out codes of two end points of line are non zero but their AND operation gives (0000) then the line is
 - (A) completely invisible
- (B) completely visible
- (C) partially visible
- (D) incomplete data
- d. Intensities are interpolated for rendering in
 - (A) Bezier shading

(B) Phong shading

(C) Gouraud shading

- (D) B-spline shading
- e. DDA algorithm is used for
 - (A) Drawing a rectangle
- **(B)** Drawing a circle
- **(C)** Drawing a polygon
- (D) Drawing a line
- f. The rate at which scanning is repeated is known as
 - (A) resolution

(B) refresh rate

(C) stroke rate

(**D**) bandwidth

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- g. A line connecting the points (2, 2) and (6, 4) is to be drawn, using the DDA algorithm. Find the value of x and y increments
 - (A) x-increment = 1, y-increment = 1
 - **(B)** x-increment = 0.5, y-increment = 1
 - (C) x-increment = 1, y-increment = 0.5
 - **(D)** none of the above
- h. A Bezier cubic curve with control points P₀, P₁, P₂ and P₃ is defined by the equation $P(t) = P_0 B_0^3(t) + P_1 B_1^3(t) + P_2 B_2^3(t) + P_3 B_3^3(t)$, here, $B_2^3(t)$ is
 - **(A)** $(1-t)^3$

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(B) $3t^2 (1-t)$ **(D)** t^3

(C) $3t(1-t)^2$

- Conversion of a 3-D image to 2-D is
 - (A) Transformation
- (B) Projection

(C) Half toning

- (**D**) Clipping
- j. The matrix $\begin{vmatrix} 0 & d & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & d & 0 \end{vmatrix}$ represents
 - (A) perspective projection on view plane z=d and centre of projection
 - **(B)** parallel projection on view plane z=d.
 - (C) perspective projection on view plane z=0 and centre of projection (0,0,d).
 - **(D)** None of the above.

Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.

- **Q.2** a. Explain the Bresenham line algorithm for drawing a line with a slope less than 1 and greater than 0. **(8)**
 - b. Explain various types of B-spline curves. Give suitable example of each type.

(8)

- Q.3 a. Perform a 30° rotation of the triangle A(0,0), B(4,3) and C(6,3) (i) about the origin and (ii) about the point P(-1,-1). **(8)**
 - b. Define perspective and parallel projections. Give various types of perspective and parallel projections. **(8)**

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- Q.4 a. What are fractals? Briefly explain self-similar, self-affine and invariant fractals with the help of examples.(8)
 - b. What is an octree? Describe briefly how an octree can be generated for an object. Write an algorithm to display an octree. (8)
- Q.5 a. Describe the working of image scanners. (8)
 - b. Explain Bezier curves with necessary equations and figures. Describe the method for generating these curves. (8)
- Q.6 a. Derive the intensity equations for Phong's shading model. How is it different from Gouraud model? (8
 - b. What do you mean by aliasing? How can we avoid aliasing? Write modified Bresenham's line drawing algorithm with antialiasing. (8)
- Q.7 a. Write scan line seed filling algorithm. Compare it with seed fill algorithm. (8)
 - b. Describe the Cohen-Sutherland technique for clipping a line with respect to a rectangular window. (8)
- Q.8 a. Describe how the Z-buffer hidden surface removal algorithm works. (8)
 - b. Explain floating horizon algorithm to remove hidden lines from three-dimensional representations of surface functions of the form F(x, y, z) = 0. (8)
- **Q.9** Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:
 - (i) Binary Space Partitioning (BSP) tree
 - (ii) Affine transformation
 - (iii) Specular reflection.
 - (iv) Homogeneous coordinates
 - (v) Raster and Random display devices. (4×4)