

Code: DC05  
Time: 3 Hours

Subject: PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PROGRAMMING  
Max. Marks: 100

**DECEMBER 2010**

**NOTE:** There are 9 Questions in all.

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q.1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after half an hour of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions. Each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

**Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following: (2×10)**

- a. Which one of the following statements is TRUE with respect to ‘C’ Language?
- (A) Declarations can appear anywhere in a program.
  - (B) Variable name marks and Marks are same.
  - (C) Underscore can be used anywhere within the identifier name.
  - (D) Character constants are coded using double quotes.
- b. & operator is a
- (A) Relational operator
  - (B) Logical operator
  - (C) Bitwise operator
  - (D) Special operator
- c. What will be the value of the variable c in the following code?
- ```
int a = 10 , b = 3;  
float c;  
c=a/b;
```
- (A) 3.33
  - (B) 3.0
  - (C) 3.333333
  - (D) 3
- d. The result of -14 % 3 is
- (A) 2
  - (B) 4.666667
  - (C) -2
  - (D) 4
- e. Which of the following is an Entry-Controlled loop?
- (A) For Loop
  - (B) While Loop
  - (C) Do ... While Loop
  - (D) Both (A) and (B)

- f. The output of the following code is  
for ( i = 1 ; i <= 10 ; i++ );  
printf(“%d” , i);
- (A) numbers from 1 to 10 are printed (B) 11  
(C) 1 (D) syntax error
- g. Which of the following storage class can be used to retain values between function calls.
- (A) Auto (B) extern  
(C) register (D) static
- h. Which of the following statement is NOT TRUE with respect to functions in ‘C’
- (A) A function without a return statement is illegal  
(B) A function can call itself.  
(C) Global variables are visible in all blocks and function in the program.  
(D) A function can return only one value.
- i. To add data in the end to a pre-existing file, the file is opened in \_\_\_\_\_ mode.
- (A) r mode (B) a mode  
(C) w mode (D) u mode
- j. What will be the output of the following code  
int q , \*p , n;  
q = 120;  
p = &q;  
n = \*p;  
printf(“%d”,n);  
(Assuming that the address of a q= 3200 and that of P is 2200.)
- (A) 3200 (B) 120  
(C) 2200 (D) None of the above

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**Answer any FIVE Questions out of EIGHT Questions.  
Each question carries 16 marks.**

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- Q.2** a. Write a program in C to compute the sum of digits of a number entered by the user. (8)
- b. Differentiate between the following:
- (i) break and continue
  - (ii) malloc ( ) and calloc ( )
  - (iii) while and do---while loop.
  - (iv) compiler and interpreter. (8)

- Q.3** a. What are the various storage classes available in C. Explain them on the basis of scope, lifetime and visibility. (8)
- b. Write a program in 'C' to input the rollno and marks in physics, chemistry, maths of a student. Calculate the total, percentage and division of the student based on the given criteria: (8)
- |                   |        |
|-------------------|--------|
| >=60 %            | First  |
| >= 50 % and <60 % | Second |
| >=40% and < 50 %  | Third  |
| <40 %             | Fail   |
- Q.4** a. What is recursion? Write a program in C to print the factorial of a given number using recursion. (8)
- b. What are pointers? List out some of the advantages of using pointers. (8)
- Q.5** a. Define a structure to store the following information about a book in a library book no., book name, author name, pub name, price, no. of copies. Assume appropriate field sizes. (4)
- b. Write an algorithm to print the sum of squares of all odd numbers from 1 to 100. (6)
- c. Briefly explain the following functions in 'C'. (6)
- (i) getch() (ii) getche() (iii) getchar()
- Q.6** a. Design an algorithm to generate the first 20 numbers in the fibonacci series. (8)
- b. Briefly explain the various types of errors that can exist in a program with an example of each. (8)
- Q.7** a. What is structured programming? What are its main features and list out the advantages of structured programming? (8)
- b. Explain the different ways of initializing one-dimensional arrays with examples. (8)
- Q.8** a. Describe the process of creating and executing a 'C' program using a flow chart (8)
- b. Write a program in C using the loop to print the following: (8)
- ```

1
1 2
1 2 3
1 2 3 4
1 2 3 4 5

```
- Q.9** a. Briefly explain the characteristics or objectives of a good program. (8)
- b. Write an algorithm to print the given integer in reverse order. (8)