London Examinations

IGCSE

IGCSE Science (Double Award) (4437)

Mark Schemes for Specimen Papers

Paper 1F (Foundation Tier)

MARK SCHEME FOR LONDON EXAMINATIONS IGCSE IN SCIENCE (DOUBLE AWARD) (4437) SPECIMEN PAPER 1F FOUNDATION TIER

Symbols used in the Mark Scheme indicates separate mark points

/	indicates	alternatives	
eq		correct equivalent	
1.	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f)	C; B; C; C; B;	
	(g)	C;	(Total 7 marks)
2.	(a)(i) (ii)	smaller / eq; reference to muscle; (iris) bigger / eq / (muscle) contracted;	1 2
	(b) (c)	damage retina; testosterone; insulin; oestrogen;	1 3
		ocstrogen,	(Total 7 marks)
3.	(a) (b) (c)	arrow towards or through stomata; absorb light / carry out photosynthesis / eq; correctly labelled;;;;	1 1 4 (Total 6 marks)
4.	(a) (b)(i) (ii)	all points correctly plotted;; / error lose 1 mark (the amount of oxygen) fell / dropped / eq; bacteria (in sewage); increase / use up oxygen / respire;	2 1 2
			(Total 5 marks)
5.	(a) (b) (c) (d)	fermenter; bacteria / fungus; oxygen; keep other microorganisms out / prevent contamin prevent competition	1 1 1 nation /
			(Total 4 marks)

6.	(a)(i)	10;	1
	(ii)	3;	1
	(b)	glucose; oxygen; carbon dioxide; water;	4
			(Total 6 marks)
7.	(a)	whole;	1
, •	(b)	skimmed;	1
	(c)	less fat;	
	()	less chance of blocking blood vessels / eq	2
		-	(Total 4 marks)
8.		rabbit(s);	1
	(11)	correct shape;	2
	(1-)(:)	correct labelling;	2 1
		numbers decrease / eq;	1
	(11)	no food / grass for rabbits / eq;	2
		no food / rabbits for foxes / eq;	(Total 6 marks)
			(Total o marks)
9.	(a)(i)	breakdown;	
	() ()	large / insoluble (molecules) to small / soluble (molecules)	olecules); 2
	(ii)	fatty acids / glycerol;	1
	(b)	B; A;	2
			(Total 5 marks)
10	() (')	41	1
10.		anther;	1 1
	(b)	stigma; insect;	1
	(c)	through style to touch ovule;	1
	(0)	through style to touch ovuic,	(Total 4 marks)
			(Total Timalks)
11.		testis / ovary / gonads / eq;	
		liver;	
		lung / placenta;	
		kidney;	
		uterus / womb;	5
			(Total 5 marks)

12.	Descr	iption could include reference to:		
		bronchitis;		
		ciliated cells stop working;		
		bacteria;		
		infection;		
		emphysema;		
		reduced surface area / fewer alveoli / eq;		
		=		
		white blood cells;		
		protease;		
		less gas exchange;		
		cancer;		
		mutation / eq;		_
		blocked air tubes / eq;	max	
			(Total 5	marks)
13.	(a)(i)	sheep A / udder cell;		1
15.	(ii)	it is diploid / not haploid / contains more / twice the	e DNA /	-
	(11)	contains different DNA / genes;	<i>5 D</i> 1 (11)	1
	(iii)	——————————————————————————————————————		1
	(b)	uses surrogate mother; / does not need sperm; / eq;		2
	(c)	can be used to produce useful chemicals / eq;		2
	(C)	produce many / that are the same / animals with de	girad	
			Sireu	2
		characteristics / eq;	(Total 7	_
		'	(Total 7	marks
14.		B; A; C; B;		4
			(Total 4	marks)
			•	,

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS

London Examinations

IGCSE

IGCSE in Science (Double Award) (4437)

Mark Scheme for Specimen Paper

Paper 2F (Foundation Tier)

MARK SCHEME FOR LONDON EXAMINATIONS IGCSE IN SCIENCE (DOUBLE AWARD) (4437) SPECIMEN PAPER 2F FOUNDATION TIER

1.	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	Any Gp1 element name / symbol Copper / Cu Any element from boron to neon name / symbol Iodine / I or Astatine / At Aluminium / Al	1 1 1 1 1 (Total 5 marks)
2.	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	metals allotropes alkalis ions isotopes	1 1 1 1 1 (Total 5 marks)
3.	(a)	solid	2
	(b)	(one correct = 1 mark, all correct = 2 marks) air – gas iron – solid	2 1 1 1
	(c)	water – liquid 0	1
	(1)(')	noble gases	1
	(d)(i)	solid to liquid gas to liquid	2 2
	(iii)	liquid to gas	2
	()		(Total 13 marks)
4.	(a)	A description to include three from: fizzes / bubbles moves about floats on water white smoke burns with yellow flame dissolves / gets smaller 	3
	(b)	hydrogen	1
		alkaline	1
	(ii)		1
	(d)	increases	(Total 7 marks)
			(10thi / illulius)

5.	(a)	55%	1
		carbon	1
	(ii)	CO_2	
		<u>(g)</u>	2
	(iii)	D	1
			(Total 5 marks)
6.	(a)(i)	hydrogen	1
	(ii)	ethane	1
	(iii)	hexane	1
		propane	1
	(b)(i)	fractional	
		distillation	2
	(ii)	•	
		• petrol	
		naphtha	
		kerosine	
		• diesel (oil)	
		• fuel oil	2
	(c)	oxygen	_
		water / steam / hydrogen oxide	2
			(Total 10 marks)
7.	(a)	Nitrogen / N ₂ and hydrogen / H ₂	1
	(b)(i)		1
		but is not used up	1
	(ii)	Greater surface area / more room for reacting mo	olecules 1
	(c)	Phosphorus	1
		Any potassium salt	1
	(d)(i)	2	1
	(ii)	80	1
			(Total 8 marks)
8.	(a)	diffusion	1
	(b)	diffuse more quickly	1
	(c)	particles have more energy	1
	()	so move faster	1
	(d)	movement in short straight lines only	1
	. ,	random directions	1
			(Total 6 marks)
9.	(a)	correct covalent bonding shown	1
<i>)</i> .	(b)(i)	_	1
		poor supply of air / oxygen	1
	(iii)	1 11 7	1
	(111)	the continuous to personous	(Total 4 marks)
			,,

			(Total 12 marks)
	(iii)	2.8.8	1
	(ii)	2.8.7	1
		electrons – 18	1
		neutrons – 18	1
	(c)(i)	protons – 17	1
	(ii)	A	1
	(b)(i)	C	1
	(iii)	one electron in outer shell	1
	(ii)	7	1
		Particle C – proton	3
		Particle B – neutron	
10.	(a)(i)	Particle A – electron	
1.0	() (°)		

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS

London Examinations

IGCSE

IGCSE in Science (Double Award) (4437)

Mark Scheme for Specimen Paper

Paper 3F (Foundation Tier)

MARK SCHEME FOR LONDON EXAMINATIONS IGCSE IN SCIENCE (DOUBLE AWARD) (4437) SPECIMEN PAPER 3F FOUNDATION TIER

1.	(a)	12(m)	1
	(b)	increases	1
	(c)	cyclist moves further in same time interval / each time $20 < X < 28$	1
	(C)		1 4 marks)
		(10ta)	T IIIai Ksj
2.	(a)(i)	torch and lamp (either order)	1
		vacuum cleaner	1
		vacuum cleaner and lamp (either order)	1
		torch	1
	(b)(i)	3	1
	(ii)	symbol correct (circle with a V inside only)	1
		position correct (in parallel with battery)	1
	(iii)	would get less bright	1
		(Total	8 marks)
3.	(a)(i)	become compressed / compacted / smaller / squashed /	1
		decrease in size / go down / pushed together	
	(ii)	1 0	1
		most compressed / shortest spring	1
	(b)	use more springs (in the middle)	
		use stiffer / stronger springs (in the middle)	
		sensible use of material	
		more coils in spring ANY TWO	2
		arrow pointing down (ignore point of action)	1
	(ii)	downward	1
		Earth	1
		(Total	8 marks)
4	()	D	1
4.	(a)	D	1
	(b)(1)	I clearly behind mirror	1
		I in line with the nose and the same distance (by eye) from the mirror	1
	(ii)	same size, upright, virtual	3
	()	(no marks for contradictory answers e.g. real and virtual)	_
		deduct one mark for each response in excess of three	
		•	6 marks)

5.	(a)(i)	cooker highest power / most current	2
	(ii)	5A	
		5A > 4A	2
	(b)	each lamp has its own circuit	
		each lamp can be switched separately	
		each lamp has the same voltage	TWO 2
		each can operate at own power ANY accept reasons for rejection of series circuit	TWO 2
		1 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(Total 6 marks)
			,
6.	(a)(i)	points plotted correctly	3
		smooth curve drawn	1
	(ii)	about 3 (km/h) depends on candidate's graph	1
	(iii)	1160 (W)	1
		not always windy / variable output / too much land	needed 1
	(b)	kinetic	1
		electrical	1
			(Total 9 marks)
7.	(a)	gamma	1
<i>,</i> .	(b)(i)	<u> </u>	1
	(ii)	alpha – will not penetrate foil	1
	(11)	gamma – radiation detected will not be affected by	-
		thickness of foil	1
			(Total 4 marks)
_			
8.	(a)	(electromagnet) induction – not mutual, magnetic	1
	(b)	greater / larger / increases	1
		reference to number of field lines cut	1
		reference to rate of cutting	1
		dependent on previous mark	st of 2)
		(greater motion between field and cable scores 1 or	n or 2) (Total 4 marks)
		,	(10tai 4 mai Ks)
9.	(a)	moving gas particles	1
		hitting container walls	1
	(b)	increases	1
		increases	1
		stays the same	1
		stays the same	1
		increases / linearly / steady rate	1
		correctly indicated – intercept with horizontal axis	1
	(111)	zero / minimum	1
			(Total 9 marks)

10.	(a)(i)	65%	1
	(ii)	door – draught excluder / curtains	1
		floor – carpets / wooden floors	1
		(damp proofing scores 1 out of 2)	
	(b)(i)	108	1
	(ii)	224×60 (or 224×1 i.e. energy × time)	1
		× 60	1
		= 806 400 (J)	1
		(Total	7 marks)
11.	(a)	(gravitational) potential to kinetic	1
		kinetic to electrical	1
	(b)	1440 / 2000	1
		=72% or 0.72	1
		(70 or 0.7% scores 1 out of 2)	
	(c)	friction in the (generator / wheel) / heat due to friction	1
		water missing the blades OR	
		resistance in the generator wires OR	
		converted / changed to heat energy (ignore sound)	
		heat lost surroundings (0)	
		air resistance (0)	
		water stays on wheels (0)	
		(Total	5 marks)
12.	(a)	similarity – number of protons / proton number / atomic	
		number	1
		difference – number of neutrons / atomic mass (number) nucleon number	1
	(b)(i)	number of neutrons and protons are the same	1
	(ii)	X marked at (7,8)	1
	(iii)	unstable	1
	` /	(Total	5 marks)

Specimen Papers and Mark Schemes – London Examinations IGCSE in Science (Double Award) (4437)
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TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS

London Examinations

IGCSE

IGCSE Science (Double Award) (4437)

Mark Schemes for Specimen Papers

Paper 4H (Higher Tier)

MARK SCHEME FOR LONDON EXAMINATIONS IGCSE IN SCIENCE (DOUBLE AWARD) (4437) SPECIMEN PAPER 4H HIGHER TIER

Symbols used in the Mark Scheme indicates separate mark points

1.		breakdown; large / insoluble (molecules) to small / soluble (molecules); fatty acids / glycerol; B; A;	2 1 2
	(0)	2,11,	(Total 5 marks)
2.		anther; stigma; insect; through style to touch ovule;	1 1 1 1 (Total 4 marks)
3.		testis / ovary / gonad / eq; liver; lung; kidney; uterus / womb;	5 (Total 5 marks)
4.	Descr	iption could include reference to: bronchitis; ciliated cells stop working; bacteria; infection; emphysema; reduced surface area / fewer alveoli / eq; white blood cells; protease; less gas exchange; cancer; mutation / eq;	
		blocked air tubes / eq;	max 5 (Total 5 marks)

5.	(a)(i) (ii) (iii)	contains different DNA / genes;	1 ne DNA / 1 1
	(b) (c)	uses surrogate mother; / does not need sperm; / equal can be used to produce useful chemicals / eq; produce many / that are the same / animals with definition of the control of the contr	2
		characteristics / eq;	2
			(Total 7 marks)
6.	B; A;	C; B;	4
			(Total 4 marks)
7.	(a)(i)	2880 kJ;	1
	(ii)	respiration / heat / movement / urine / faeces / eq;	1
	(b)	4%;	1
	(c)	eaten by other organisms / decomposed / broken do other organisms / eq;	own by 1
			(Total 4 marks)
8.	(a)	both J and K half shaded;	1
0.	(a) (b)	do not have cystic fibrosis / abnormal mucus / dise	
	· /	have the cystic / recessive allele;	
	(-)	can be passed on / eq;	max 2
	(c) (d)	3; female with cystic fibrosis;	1 1
	(e)	1 in 4 / $\frac{1}{4}$ / 0.25 / 25% / 1:3; (reject 1:4)	1
	(f)	1 in 8 / 1/8 / 0.125 / 12.5% / 1:7; (reject 1:8)	1
			(Total 7 marks)
9.	(a)	A – sensory;	1
	(b)	reflex / reflex arc;	1
	(c)	less time (to respond) / less distance / does not nee	· .
	(d)	to brain / no need to think / less damage / eq; D;	1
	()	C / motor;	
		A / sensory;	3 (TE 4.16 L.)
			(Total 6 marks)
10.	(a)	X – ciliary muscle / body;	
	(1.)(')	Y – retina;	2
	(b)(i) (ii)		1 / ea: 1
	(n) (c)	diffusion;	1 64,
		from air / from aqueous humour;	2
	(d)	lactic acid;	1
	(e)	mitosis; converted to glucose;	1
	(f)	for respiration;	2
		•	Total 10 marks)

11.	(a) (b)	ladybirds eat insects / potato plants produce insecticide; not all killed / 50% survive / eq;	1 1
	(c)	fields that contain normal potato plants;	1
	(d)	resistant insects will increase in number /	1
	(u)	ladybird numbers will fall;	1
	(e)	potato DNA cut;	1
	(0)	specific sites / eq;	
		restriction enzyme;	
		gene for (natural) insecticide;	
		inserted / put in / eq;	
		ligase;	
			x 5
		<u>.</u>	9 marks)
		(10111)	<i>,</i>
12.	(a)(i)	scale – more than half of each axis used;	
	(")(-)	points – all plotted accurately;;	
		line – neatly drawn through all points / line of best fit;	4
	(ii)		1
	(b)	amino acids / protein;	1
	(c)	more / increased algae / (water) plants grow (at surface) /	_
	(•)	light blocked / eq;	•4,
		plants lower cannot photosynthesise / no photosynthesis;	
		die / algae die / eq;	
		bacteria / decomposers / fungi rot them down / eq;	
		use oxygen / less oxygen (must be linked to bacteria or	
		decay) / eq;	
		fish / animals die / suffocate / cannot breathe / respire / ec	1:
		food chain consequences / eq;	1)
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	x 5
		•	1 marks)
		`	,
13.	(a)	dancing generates heat / eq;	
	. ,	heat transferred out of body / eq;	
		cools / prevents overheating / eq;	
		avoids enzyme denaturation / eq; ma	x 3
	(b)(i)	pituitary;	1
	(ii)		1
		• •	5 marks)
		`	,
14.	(a)	transpiration;	1
	(b)	potometer;	1
	(c)	increased kinetic energy / molecules diffuse /	
		move faster / eq;	
		stomata open;	2
		(Total	4 marks)

15. (a) water entered;
by osmosis;
from high water concentration to low water
concentration / eq;

3

(b)

Mass of water absorbed in g	Percentage increase in mass	Tick
More	Lower	√ ;
Less	Lower	
Less	Higher	
More	Higher	

(Total 4 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 90 MARKS

London Examinations

IGCSE

IGCSE in Science (Double Award) (4437)

Mark Scheme for Specimen Paper

Paper 5H (Higher Tier)

MARK SCHEME FOR LONDON EXAMINATIONS IGCSE IN SCIENCE (DOUBLE AWARD) (4437) SPECIMEN PAPER 5H HIGHER TIER

1.	(a) (b)(i)	but is not used up	1 1 1
	(11) (c)	Greater surface area / more room for reacting more Phosphorus	l l
	(d)(i)	Any potassium salt 2	1
	(d)(i) (ii)	80	1
			(Total 8 marks)
2.	(a)	diffusion	1
	(b)	diffuse more quickly	1
	(c)	particles have more energy	1
		so move faster	1
	(d)	movement in short straight lines only	1
		random directions	(Total 6 marks)
			(Total 6 marks)
3.	(a)	correct covalent bonding shown	1
	(b)(i)	methane + oxygen \rightarrow carbon dioxide + water	1
	(ii)	poor supply of air / oxygen	1
	(iii)	carbon monoxide is poisonous	1
			(Total 4 marks)
4.	(a)(i)	Particle A – electron	
••	(**)(-)	Particle B – neutron	
		Particle C – proton	3
	(ii)	7	1
	(iii)	one electron in outer shell	1
	(b)(i)	C	1
	(ii)	A	1
	(c)(i)	protons – 17	1
		neutrons – 18	1
		electrons – 18	1
	(ii)		1
	(iii)	2.8.8	1
			(Total 12 marks)

5. (a) An explanation to include: • the more carbon atoms, the higher the boiling point • more energy needed to separate larger molecules 2 (b)(i) A description to include two from: • high temperature • catalyst • absence of air 2 (ii) A description to include: • bromine (water) • is decolourised 2 (c)(i) [Allow one mark for C = C] 2 (ii) $C_{10}H_{22} \rightarrow 2C_3H_6 + C_4H_{10}$ 2 [Allow one mark for $C_{10}H_{22} \rightarrow C_3H_6 + C_7H_{16}$] (d)(i) double bond 1 (ii) H CH₃ 2 (iii) poly(propene) stronger (Total 14 marks) (a)(i) copper (chloride); 6. 1 1 (ii) transition metal (compound); (b)(i) Name – aluminium (chloride); Equation $-3Mg(s) + 2AlCl_3(aq) \rightarrow 3MgCl_2(aq) + 2Al(s)$ correct formulae; balancing; correct state symbols; [If Ca chloride: formulae and balancing; state symbols;] 4 (ii) loses electron(s); (iii) • calcium is higher in reactivity series/more reactive than magnesium

• cannot be displaced (from its salts by magnesium);

(Total 9 marks)

7.		difficult to see the exact end point	1
	(ii) (iii)	methyl orange start = yellow, end = pink/peach/orange	1 2
	(b)	$2\text{NaOH}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$	_
		species	1
		balanced state symbols	1 1
	(c)(i)	a gelatinous blue precipitate	1
	(ii)	$Cu^{2+}(aq) + 2OH^{-}(aq) \rightarrow Cu(OH)_2(s)$	1
		reactant ions product	1 1
		1) marks)
8.		No current flowing in diagram A	1
	(ii)		1
	(b) (c)	electrolysis bromine	1 1
	(0)	2e ⁻	1
		(Total :	5 marks)
9.	(a)	A calculation to include:	
		either	
		1. $2 \times 31 \rightarrow 2 \times 137.5$;	
		2. $0.93 \text{ g} \rightarrow \frac{2 \times 137.5}{2 \times 31} \times 0.93;$	
		3. 4.125 (g)	
		or	
		1. $\frac{0.93}{31} = 0.03$;	
		2. $PCl_3 = 137.5$	
		3. $137.5 \times 0.03 = 4.125$ (g);	3
	(b)(i)	less:	
	(-)()	right to left reaction is endothermic/takes in heat energy	2
	(ii)		2
	(c)	fewer molecules on right hand side A calculation to include:	2
	(-)	1. $Cl = 4.62 - 0.36 = 4.26 g$;	
		2. $\frac{0.36}{12} = 0.03$ $\frac{4.26}{35.5} = 0.12;$	
		3. 1:4; 4. CCL doduced:	4
		4. CCl ₄ deduced ; [CCl ₄ formula without any working out shown scores no i	•
			l marks)

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10.	(a)(i)	35, 44	1
	() ()	35, 46	1
	(ii)	around 50% each	1
	(b)(i)	$2Br^- + Cl_2 \rightarrow Br_2 + 2Cl^-$	
		all symbols correct	1
		equation balanced	1
	(ii)	iodine is less reactive than bromine so it would not displace	ee
		bromide ions	1
	(c)(i)	sodium iodide/potassium iodide/any soluble metal iodide	1
	(ii)	(colourless) solution would go red-brown	1
	(iii)	each bromine atom gains an electron	1
	(iv)	2	1
		$2e^{-}$	1
		(Total 1	l marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 90 MARKS

London Examinations

IGCSE

IGCSE in Science (Double Award) (4437)

Mark Scheme for Specimen Paper

Paper 6H (Higher Tier)

MARK SCHEME FOR LONDON EXAMINATIONS IGCSE IN SCIENCE (DOUBLE AWARD) (4437) SPECIMEN PAPER 6H HIGHER TIER

1.	(a) (b)	(electromagnet) induction – not mutual, magnetic greater / larger / increases	1 1
		reference to number of field lines cut	1
		reference to weight of cutting	1
		dependent on previous mark	
		(greater motion between field and cable scores 1 ou	
		•	(Total 4 marks)
2.	(a)	moving gas particles	1
		hitting container walls	1
	(b)	increases	1
		increases	1
		stays the same	1
		stays the same	1
		increases linearly / steady rate	1
		correctly indicated – intercept with horizontal axis	1
	(iii)		1
		•	(Total 9 marks)
3.	(a)(i)	65%	1
	(ii)	door – draught excluder / curtains	1
		floor – carpets / wooden floors	1
		(damp proofing scores 1 out of 2)	
	(b)(i)	108	1
	(ii)	224×60 (or 224×1 i.e. energy \times time)	1
		× 60	1
		=806400 (J)	1
		•	(Total 7 marks)
4.	(a)	(gravitational) potential to kinetic	1
		kinetic to electrical	1
	(b)	1440 / 2000	1
		=72% or 0.72	1
		(70 or 0.7% scores 1 out of 2)	
	(c)	friction in the (generator / wheel) / heat due to frict water missing the blades OR	ion 1
		resistance in the generator wires OR	
		converted / changed to heat energy (ignore sound)	
		heat lost surroundings (0)	
		air resistance (0)	
		water stays on wheels (0)	
			(Total 5 marks)

5.	(a)	similarity – number of protons / proton number / atomic number difference – number of neutrons / atomic mass (number)	1 1
		nucleon number	
		number of neutrons and protons are the same	1
		X marked at (7,8)	1
	(111)	unstable	1
		(Total 5	marks)
6.	(a)	0.39(s)	1
	(b)	use area below graph	1
	(-)	$\frac{1}{2} \times 3.8 \times 0.39$	1
		= 0.74(m)	1
	(c)(i)	use $a = (v - u)/t$	1
	(*)(1)	correct substitution	1
		= 9.7	1
		m/s^2	1
	(ii)		1
	(11)	negative gradient / backwards slope / slowing down	1
		/ retardation / deceleration	
	(d)	use $F = ma$	1
	()	$65 \times 9.7 \text{ ecf}$	1
		= 630 N	1
	(e)	downward pull of Earth / gravitational pull / weight	1
	()	(Total 14	marks)
		`	,
7.	(a)	gpe (or pe)	1
	(b)	use of mgh	1
		$6.0 \times 1.5 \times 10$	1
		=90 J	1
	(c)	kinetic	1
		(Total 5	marks)
8.	(a)(i)	use $pV = \text{constant}$	1
	()	$100000\times18 = p\times6$	1
		$p = 300\ 000\ Pa$	1
	(ii)	constant mass / no gas escapes	1
	()	constant temperature	1
	(b)	no change	1
	()	=	marks)

9.	(a) (b) (c)	(nuclear) fission1kinetic / heat / thermal1neutrons released1cause further fissions1
	(d)	more neutrons released rate of fission increases MAX THREE 3 component: control rod OR moderator 1 function: control rod: stop the neutrons moderator: slow down the neutrons 1
		(Total 7 marks)
10.	(a)(i) (ii)	
	(b)	to left and right alternately at the same frequency as the
		a.c. 1 (Total 4 marks)
11.	. ,	$\pm 2.6 \text{ V}$ 1 accept 0.023 s, 0.024 s or 0.025 s 1 $f = 1/T = 1/0.023 \text{ or } 1/00.024 \text{ or } 1/0.025$ 1 $= 43.5 \text{ or } 41.7 \text{ or } 40 \text{ Hz}$ 1
	(b)	conduct in one direction / create dc 1 prevent discharge of battery 1
		(Total 7 marks)
12.	(a) (b)	slowed / stopped by air particles so they reach gold foil prevent alpha going behind / through sides absorbs stray alphas
	(c)	direct alpha (particles) at (thin gold) foil kinetic to light ANY TWO
	(d)(i)	some large angle deflections 1 some particles undeviated 1
	(ii)	nuclear model of atom 1
		(Total 9 marks)

13.	(a)(i)	electron / negative particle	1
		ONE OF high speed / emitted from nucleus	1
	(ii)	14	1
		7	1
	(b)(i)	5100–5600 years	1
	(ii)	$\frac{1}{4}/25\%$	1
	(iii)	starts at 200 Bq	1
		less steep than first curve	1
		-	(Total 8 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 90 MARKS

London Examinations

IGCSE

IGCSE Science (Double Award) (4437)

Mark Schemes for Specimen Papers

Paper 7 (Common to both tiers)

MARK SCHEME FOR LONDON EXAMINATIONS IGCSE IN SCIENCE (DOUBLE AWARD) (4437) SPECIMEN PAPER 7 (COMMON TO BOTH TIERS)

Symbols used in the Mark Scheme

- indicates separate mark points
- / indicates alternatives
- eq allow for correct equivalent
- (a) beaker correct;
 flask correct;
 Section 1. Section 2. Section 2. Section 2. Section 2. Section 3. Se

(Total 6 marks)

2. (a)

Step		Why carried out
1	Place plant in dark for 24 hours	Removes all starch present / destarches plant;
2	Place plant in bright sunshine for 12 hours;	Photosynthesis can occur
3	Remove leaf from plant	Allows starch test to be performed;
4	Immerse leaf in boiling water for 1 minute;	Kill leaf
5	Heat leaf in boiling ethanol;	Removes chlorophyll / green colour;
6	Add iodine solution;	Shows presence of starch

(b) don't heat directly / use water bath at 70 °C; 1

(Total 8 marks)

3. (a) show on diagram / described one plant inside box with hole; lamp on same side as hole; reference to time using clock; named control variable test; 4 max (b) box with no hole / plant in 'normal' light; 1

(Total 5 marks)

4.	(a)	counting squares and summing part squares;	2
		leaf area = $48-52 \text{ cm}^2$;	2
	(b)	length = 10 (if leaf stalk ignored)	
		12 (if leaf stalk etc included);	1
		width = 7 ;	1
		estimate = $7 \times 10 \times \frac{2}{3} = 6.67 \text{ cm}^2 / 7 \times 12 \times \frac{2}{3} = 56 \text{ cm}^2$;	1
	(c)(i)	points \times 2;;	
		correct leaf areas;	3
	(ii)	mode = 41 to 50;	1
	(d)(i)		

Leaf area in cm ²	Tally	Total number of leaves
11 to 20	////	4
21 to 30	/////	5
31 to 40	\\\	3
41 to 50	////	4
51 to 60	\	1
61 to 70	\\	2
71 to 80	\	1

all tallies correct = 3 marks (minus 1 for each error);;; all leaf numbers match tallies = 2 marks (minus 1 for each error, but allow transfer error from incorrect tally count);;

count);; 5

(ii) yes, more smaller leaves in full sunlight; ref to lower mode / mean / or range; or not possible to conclude; samples too small / not enough leaves measured; 2 max

(Total 16 marks)

5. 33.3: 1 (a) (b)(i) temperature / light intensity; (ii) water bath / keep beaker set distance from lamp; (c)(i) as concentration of carbon dioxide increases so does rate of photosynthesis; 1 (ii) carbon dioxide required for photosynthesis; 1 (iii) the results confirm her prediction; the first minute's reading for 2 g of hydrogencarbonate / eq (d) is higher than others; (e)(i) use measuring cylinder / graduated tube to collect volume of gas evolved; allows quantitative estimate of rate of photosynthesis; (ii) e.g. continue to increase the amount of hydrogencarbonate / eq available; to see if it is a limiting factor / eq;

(Total 11 marks)

6. range of exercise levels;
people same size / sex / age;
several people used;
(how breathing measured) breaths per minute;
other variable(s) controlled e.g. temperature;

(Total 4 max marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 50 MARKS

London Examinations

IGCSE

IGCSE in Science (Double Award) (4437)

Mark Scheme for Specimen Paper

Paper 8 (Common to both tiers)

MARK SCHEME FOR LONDON EXAMINATIONS IGCSE IN SCIENCE (DOUBLE AWARD) (4437) SPECIMEN PAPER 8 (COMMON TO BOTH TIERS)

1.		A – Conical flaskB – Pipette	1 1
		C – Measuring cylinder	1
	(iv)	D – (Filter) funnel	1
	(b)(i)	Measuring cylinder	1
	(ii)	Pipette	1
	(iii)	(Filter) funnel	1
		(Total 7	marks)
2.	(a)	Lines joined to correct boxes. Deduct one mark for an error	2
		(hydrogen – "pops", acid turns UI red, carbon dioxide turn lime water cloudy)	S
	(b)(i)	to clean the wire	1
	(ii)	sodium	1
	(iii)	sodium sulphate	1
		(Total 5	marks)
3.	(a)(i)	Hydrogen	1
	(ii)	$75 \text{ cm}^3 (+/-1 \text{ cm}^3)$	1
	(b)(i)	graph 1	1
	(ii)	Any two from:	
		Use same mass / length of magnesium ribbon	
		Use same acid	
		Use same volume of acid	
		Use same concentration of acid	
		Use same temperature for all three tests.	2
	(c)(i)	Columns for time and volume shown in two tables	1
		Correct units shown for both time and volume	1
	(ii)	1 mark for each graph (points plotted correctly, smooth	
		curves)	2
		Both go to same max volume / Both are curves	1
	(iv)		
		quick and then slows down as reagents are used up	1
		Curve is steeper but horizontal at 60 cm ³	1
	\ /	Anomalous result is circled	1
	(V11)	Checked by repeating them	1
		(Total 14	marks)

	(a)(i)	Correct diagram = 2 marks	2
	(ii)	Deduct 1 for any piece wrongly placed (min = 0) 3-2-4-1	2
	` /	Take water temperature at the start of each test	1
		Any two from:	
		Wear safety spectacles	
		Take care not to break thermometer	
		Care with flammable liquid	2
	(v)	Care with hot water Any two from:	2
	(٧)	Use same volume of water each time	
		Use same start temperature	
		Make sure beaker is same distance above crucible each tin	ne
		Use same mass of alcohol each time	
		Stir equally each time	•
	(i)	Use same position in lab (i.e. to avoid draughts)	2
	(V1) (b)(i)	Lack of heat shielding More carbon atoms in the molecule = more heat released (1
	(0)(1)	Energy released is not directly proportional to number of	.1)
		carbon atoms (1)	2
	(ii)		
		but less steep)	1
		(Total 12	2 marks)
5.	(a)(i)	C	1
٥.	(ii)	Use a pipette filler / don't blow out / eye level when	1
	()	* *	
		reading	1
	(b)	34.4	1
	(c)(i)	34.4 19.8, 19.6	1 2
	` /	34.4 19.8, 19.6 19.7 (cm ³)	1 2 1
	(c)(i)	34.4 19.8, 19.6 19.7 (cm ³)	1 2
6.	(c)(i)	34.4 19.8, 19.6 19.7 (cm ³)	1 2 1
6.	(c)(i)	34.4 19.8, 19.6 19.7 (cm ³) (Total of	1 2 1
6.	(c)(i)	34.4 19.8, 19.6 19.7 (cm³) (Total of the container Pipette / Measuring cylinder	1 2 1 6 marks)
6.	(c)(i)	34.4 19.8, 19.6 19.7 (cm³) (Total of the container Pipette / Measuring cylinder Burette	1 2 1 6 marks)
6.	(c)(i)	34.4 19.8, 19.6 19.7 (cm³) (Total of the suitable container Pipette / Measuring cylinder Burette Method – Any three points from the following:	1 2 1 6 marks)
6.	(c)(i)	34.4 19.8, 19.6 19.7 (cm³) (Total of the suitable container Pipette / Measuring cylinder Burette Method – Any three points from the following: Use pipette / cylinder to place a known volume of acid	1 2 1 6 marks)
6.	(c)(i)	34.4 19.8, 19.6 19.7 (cm³) (Total of the suitable container Pipette / Measuring cylinder Burette Method – Any three points from the following:	1 2 1 6 marks)
6.	(c)(i)	34.4 19.8, 19.6 19.7 (cm³) (Total of the container of th	1 2 1 6 marks)
6.	(c)(i)	34.4 19.8, 19.6 19.7 (cm³) (Total of the suitable container) Pipette / Measuring cylinder Burette Method – Any three points from the following: Use pipette / cylinder to place a known volume of acid (e.g. 0.1 M HCl) in flask / or similar Fill burette with first indigestion liquid Add suitable indicator (e.g. universal / screened methyl or Titrate into acid until end point / neutralization	1 2 1 6 marks)
6.	(c)(i)	34.4 19.8, 19.6 19.7 (cm³) (Total of the suitable container) Apparatus used: Conical flask / or other suitable container Pipette / Measuring cylinder Burette Method – Any three points from the following: Use pipette / cylinder to place a known volume of acid (e.g. 0.1 M HCl) in flask / or similar Fill burette with first indigestion liquid Add suitable indicator (e.g. universal / screened methyl or Titrate into acid until end point / neutralization Record volume of acid used	1 2 1 6 marks) 1 1 1
6.	(c)(i)	34.4 19.8, 19.6 19.7 (cm³) (Total of the suitable container) Pipette / Measuring cylinder Burette Method – Any three points from the following: Use pipette / cylinder to place a known volume of acid (e.g. 0.1 M HCl) in flask / or similar Fill burette with first indigestion liquid Add suitable indicator (e.g. universal / screened methyl or Titrate into acid until end point / neutralization Record volume of acid used Rinse out flask / similar container, and repeat with liquid 2	1 2 1 6 marks) 1 1 1
6.	(c)(i)	34.4 19.8, 19.6 19.7 (cm³) (Total of the suitable container) Apparatus used: Conical flask / or other suitable container Pipette / Measuring cylinder Burette Method – Any three points from the following: Use pipette / cylinder to place a known volume of acid (e.g. 0.1 M HCl) in flask / or similar Fill burette with first indigestion liquid Add suitable indicator (e.g. universal / screened methyl or Titrate into acid until end point / neutralization Record volume of acid used	1 2 1 6 marks) 1 1 1

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 50 MARKS

London Examinations

IGCSE

IGCSE in Science (Double Award) (4437)

Mark Scheme for Specimen Paper

Paper 9 (Common to both tiers)

MARK SCHEME FOR LONDON EXAMINATIONS IGCSE IN SCIENCE (DOUBLE AWARD) (4437) SPECIMEN PAPER 9 (COMMON TO BOTH TIERS)

1.	(ii)	30 cm 48 cm 18 cm safety concerning pin e.g. cover when not in use large mass falling goggles in case spring breaks spring secured at the top ANY TWO	1F 1F 1C 2C	O O A DD
	(b)(i)	show w on diagram	1F	O
		h = 2.1 cm	1F	O
		amplitude \times 2 (twice the amplitude)	1C	A
		(Tot	al 8 ma	rks)
2.	(a)(i)	straight line	1F	D
		line through A and B	1F	D
		AB continued to meet XY	1F	D
		C correctly labelled	1F	D
	(ii)	straight line drawn from C to D	1F	D
	(iii)	$ACY = 37 \pm 1^{\circ}$	1C	O
		$DCX = 49 \pm 1^{\circ}$	1C	O
	(b)(i)	axes labelled	1C	A
		plotting	2C	AA
	(ii)	smooth curve	1A	D
	(iii)	Point plotted and labelled P	1C	A
	(iv)	No because	1F	E
		point is not / near curve	1F	E
		(OR No because point is not near curve)		
		(Tota	l 14 ma	ırks)

attach string to object 3. (a) water in measuring cylinder sufficient to cover object record volume 1 lower object into cylinder using thread record final volume 2 volume of object A = volume 2 - volume 1object on balance mass from scale **ANY FOUR** 4C 4D (b)(i) formula 1C Α correct 3.3 / 3.26 / 3.261 1C Α to 2 or 3 s.f. 1C A (ii) mass to 2 s.f. volume to 2 s.f. 1**A** Е density to 2 or 3 s.f. 1C Е (c)(i) A and C same densities B and D same densities 1C A A and C same materials B and D same materials 1C A (ii) student wrong – different from each other 1C E density = $8.6 \div 2.1$ 1C (d) Α =4.11C A similar value to A (4) 1**A** Е (Total 15 marks) 4. (a) place mass / weight in pan
current in coil / turn on current
vary current (using variable resistance)
note or add masses until balance is restored and note current
value when balance is restored
change mass
repeat for more masses MAX 4 MARKS 4A
(b)(i) table – mass / current values inserted 1C

with units

mass in g	current in A
2	0.3
4	0.7
6	1.1
8	1.5
10	1.9

A and g (or kg)

4P

O

O

1C

(ii)	Axes labelled (with units)	1C	A
	Sketch straight line graph – current against mass	1C	P
(c)	place unknown mass / weight on pan	1F	P
	note current	1A	P
	read mass off from graph	1 A	P

(d) State move coil upwards 1A E Explain more attraction 1A E

State move pan towards centre or pivot towards pan

Explain smaller clockwise moment State use (soft) iron core (in coil)

Explain increase magnetic field (of electromagnet)

State use stronger magnet

Explain stronger force State use heavier magnet

Explain need larger mass on pan to balance

ANY PAIR FOR 2 MARKS

(Total 13 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER: 50 MARKS

Allocation of marks targeted at grades A, C and F on Paper 3

Question	F	С	A	Total
1	4	4		8
2	7	6	1	14
3		13	2	15
4	1	4	8	13
Total	12	27	11	50

Allocation of marks for experimental and investigational skills on Paper 3

Question	P	D	О	A	Е	Total
1		2	4	2		8
2		6	2	4	2	14
3		4	0	7	4	15
4	8	0	2	1	2	13
Total	8	12	8	14	8	50

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