

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 0625 PHYSICS

0625/23

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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## NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME

- B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.
- M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.
- C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it, e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.
- A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.
- c.a.o. means "correct answer only".
- e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."
- e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".
- brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets, e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.
- <u>underlining</u> indicates that this <u>must</u> be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.
- OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.
- Spelling Be generous about spelling and use of English. If an answer can be understood to mean what we want, give credit.
- Significant figures

Answers are acceptable to any number of significant figures > 2, except if specified otherwise, or if only 1 sig. fig. is appropriate.

- Units Incorrect units are not penalised, except where specified. More commonly, marks are allocated for specific units.
- Fractions These are only acceptable where specified.
- Extras Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct response or are forbidden by mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0
- Ignore Indicates that something which is not correct is disregarded and does not cause a right plus wrong penalty.
- Not/NOT Indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate i.e. right plus wrong penalty applies.

	Page 3			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabu						ous	Paper	aper			
				IGCSE – May/June 2012 0625						5		23			
1	(a)	(i)	BC	OR	40 -	- 70	OR	2	2nd section						B1
		(ii)	AB	OR	0 –	40	OR	15	st section						B1
	(h)	(1)	araa	undo	r ara	nh O	Dana	d	l x timo coc	n or used					C1
	(u)			10 C			r spe	eu	I × time see	in or used					C1
				30 e.		00									C1
			240	(m)											A1
		(ii)	7 × ′	10 C	DR a	avera	aae so	bee	ed × time						
		• •					• •		of rectangle						C1
			70 (r	n)		•			-						A1
				r.	Ξ.			•	<i>,</i> , , ,						54
	(C)	line	dowi	n from	i D to	axis	at 11	0s	(need not	be straight)					B1
															[Total: 9]
2	(a)	76 (	cm H	u)											B1
-	(4)	10 (	011111	9/											51
	(b)	60 –	- 50												C1
	()			e's <b>(a</b> )	) + or	<sup>.</sup> – 10	e.c.f.								C1
		candidate's <b>(a)</b> + or – 10 e.c.f. 86 (cmHg) c.a.o.									A1				
	(c)	L.H.													B1
		R.H	. goe	s dow	/n										B1
															[Total: 6]
3	(a)	diad	ional	. top L	_ to b	ottom	n R. d	rav	wn (accept	any part of th	his di	agonal)			B1
•	()			, top -			,					eigenei)			
	(b)	with	in rai	nge 23	3 – 2	7 (°)									B1
	( )			0											
	(c)	can	didat	e's <b>(b</b> )	)										B1
	(d)	large	er an	gle be	efore	toppl	ing								B1
															[Total: 4]
4	(a)			itation											B1
									eight/distar		dietar	nce of cliff	F		C1 A1
		force/mass/weight <u>of (basket) of rocks</u> AND height/distance <u>of cliff</u>													
	(h)	chei	mical	/chem	nical I	PF	NOT	jus	st PF						B1
	(0)	GIGI	mea			. –		jua							
	(c)	time	•												M1
	(9)			basket	t up c	liff									A1
															[Total: 6]

	Page	e 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper		
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5	<b>(a)</b> c	lear cro	B1				
		vave ap equal sp	M1				
	а	implitud vaves a	A1				
	(c) (	i) cons sam		B1 B1			
	(i	i) cono sam	g)	M1 A1 <b>[Total: 7]</b>			
6	<b>(a)</b> 0	) and 1	100		B1		
	(b) (	i) expa	ands		B1		
	(i	i) mov stop		B1 B1			
	(c) a	) arrow pointing to somewhere between RH end of bulb & –10 mark					
7	<b>(a)</b> a	iny large	e surface, stated or example e.g. wall/cliff/mountain		B1		
	(b) (	i) whe	n hears bang/sees flash		B1		
	(i	i) whe	n hears echo		B1		
	(c) (	spee	of 2.25 (s) ed = distance/time in any form OR 2×distance/time		C1 C1		
		allov	/2.25 OR 360/2.25 w e.c.f. from time, if working shown (m/s) c.a.o.		C1 A1		
	(i	i) dista reac stret		B1			
		wind					

	Ра	ge 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – May/June 2012	0625	23
8	(a)		es/atoms/particles oscillating/vibrating ibrations/amplitude/spacing when heated		B1 B1
	(b)	e.g.	ropriate situation + problem telegraph wires + contract in cold weather cription of solution e.g. allowed to sag between pole	s	M1 A1
			ropriate example e.g. fitting metal tyres cription of procedure e.g. heat tyres before fitting		M1 A1 [Total: 6]
9	(a)	moves/d momenta	leflects ary (or equivalent) OR goes back to zero/centre		M1 A1
	(b)	moves/d	eflects in other direction		B1
	(c)	e.m.f./ele induced (allow B´		B1 B1 [Total: 5]	
10	(a)		negative slope throughout intercept on <i>I</i> axis		B1 B1
	(b)	R = V/I 2/5 0.4 (A)	in any form		C1 C1 A1
	(c)	(i) 20 (	Ω)		B1
		<b>(ii)</b> 0.1 (	(A)		B1
	(d)		current halved, so resistance doubled 5.0 (Ω)		C1 A1
	(e)	heating a	and magnetism ticked  –1 e.e.o.o.		B2 <b>[Total: 11]</b>

	Page 6			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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11	(a)		gram: rce, s	solid absorber, detector shown in line		B1
		dista take inse	hod: ance e read ert sh e read		B1 B1 B1 B1	
		ider if no OR				
		(NC		B1		
	(b)	in ra	B1 <b>[Total: 7]</b>			
12	(a)	(i)	nucl		B1	
		(ii)	elec	tron(s)		B1
	(b)	(i)	B1			
		(ii)	2		B1	
		(iii)	4 at 2 at	top bottom		B1 B1 <b>[Total: 6]</b>