UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/31

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS & OTHER MATTERS

Points applicable to all answers

B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be

scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.

M marks are method marks upon which further marks depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to

score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent marks can be scored.

C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they

refer are not written down by the candidate, **provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it.** e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which

shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.

A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of

the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.

e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".

brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to

clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in

brackets.

e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.

<u>underlining</u> indicates that this <u>must</u> be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.

OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.

Spelling Be generous about spelling and use of English. If an answer can be understood to

mean what we want, give credit.

Extras Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct

response or are forbidden by mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0

Ignore Indicates that something which is not correct is disregarded and does not cause a right

plus wrong penalty.

Not/NOT Indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another

otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate i.e. right plus wrong penalty

applies.

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Points applicable to numerically worked answers only

Final answers

If the final answer to a numerically worked question is correct, with the correct unit and an acceptable number of significant figures, all the marks for that question are awarded. The points which could have gained C marks need not be examined, even if wrong.

Ecf

means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by ecf. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind any earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated ecf.

Significant figures

Answers are acceptable to any number of significant figures ≥ 2, except if specified otherwise, or if only 1 sig. fig. is appropriate.

Units

Deduct one mark for each incorrect or missing unit from an answer that would otherwise gain all the marks available for that answer: maximum 1 per question. No deduction is incurred if the unit is missing from the final answer but is shown correctly in the working.

Arithmetic errors

Deduct one mark if the **only** error in arriving at a final answer is an arithmetic one.

errors

Fractions

These are only acceptable where specified.

Extras

Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct response or are forbidden by the mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0

	Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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1	NOT a c two side one side diagona	ogram or triangle may have any orientation) copy of Fig. 1.1 es at right angles, by eye e longer than the other I or completion of triangle drawn and labelled "resul numerical values. Condone arrows in wrong direction		B1 B1
	(b) 98 N – 1 (accept	102 N value found by calculation)		B1
	(c) (vertical	ly) up/opposite to W NOT North		B1
	(d) his (b) (ignore n	OR correct value calculated nass		B1
				[Total: 6]
2	(a) constan	t velocity must be in a straight line/direction of motic	on is changing	B1
	. , . ,	o force, then constant velocity in straight line OR for hange direction	ce is needed	В1
		ly moving in circle is changing direction/velocity/accorce is needed	elerating	B1
	(ii) tow	ards centre (of circle)/at right angles to motion/inwa	rds	B1
	(iii) frict	ion between tyres and road/reaction from banking o	f track	B1
				[Total: 5]
3		e) F/A in any form OR 1000/0.01 000 Pa accept N/m²		C1 A1
	0.08 800	tiplication of either force or area by 4 8 × his (i) OR 0.02 × his (i) 00 N e.c.f. from (i) 00 N gets C0, C1, A1)		C1 C1 A1
	(b) his (ii) – 600 kg	- 2000 correctly evaluated e.c.f.		C1 A1
				[Total: 7]

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4	(a)	heat/energy to raise/change temperature of 1 kg/1g/unit mass through 1°C/1K (mention of change of state scores zero)			M1 A1
	(b)	(b) Q = mcθ (for θ accept t, T, Δθ, Δt, or ΔT) 23800 = 0.93 × c × (41.3 – 13.1) 907.5 or 907 or 908 or 910 J/(kg °C) or J/(kg K) at least 2 sig. figs (for unit in (b) and (c)(i) condone no brackets and extra solidus)			B1 C1 A1
	(c)	(i) 12	212.9 or 1200 or 1210 or 1213 or 1214 J/(kg °C) or J/	(kg K)	В1
(averaç		` (a	nore energy lost (to surroundings) average) temperature is higher/initial temperature high me allowed/temperature rise is lower/time of heating m	_	B1
			ate of heating may be lower		В1
	(d)	start & get he	te block/provide lid/cover with shiny foil finish same amount below & above room temperature eater up to temperature before inserting in gap between heater & block) e) any 2)	B1 + B1
					[Total: 10]
5	(a)	Ò.	speed =) distance/time in any form, words, letters, nun .15 m/s or 15 cm/s f answer only, 1 mark for either if no units)	nbers	C1 A1
			PE =) mgh OR mgh OR Wh symbols, words or num	bers	C1 A1
	(is (ii)/40 OR his (ii)/4 5 W OR 2.45 W e.c.f. from (ii)		C1 A1
	(b)	(input)	greater/output less NOT a numerical factor		В1
					[Total: 7]
6	(a)	incident ray in (more) dense medium) angle of incidence greater than critical angle/ 42°) any 3 no light refracted) reflected with $i=r$)) any 3)	B1 × 3
(b) reflection at Q only, no further reflections			>	B2	
		(allow B1 only, if there is one further reflection at <u>lower</u> surface) (give B0 for more than one further reflection)			[Total: 5]

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_					er/November 2010	0625	31
7	(a)		sour				B1
		(ii)	•	icle OR mechanical C matter wave	OR compression OR lor	ngitudinal	B1
	((iii)	ultra	ı violet/uv			B1
	(b)	v =	fλ O	$R \lambda = v/f$			B1
		3.0 1.2		8/2.5 × 10 ⁸ OR 3.0 x 10 ⁸	= 2.5 × 10° //		C1 A1
							[Total: 6]
8	(a)	cap	acito	r/capacitance/condenser			B1
	(b)	(i)	5 Ω				B1
		(ii)		nd 20 both used OR 25			C1
			1/R	$= 1/R_1 + 1/R_2$ OR (R	$=) \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \text{ seen or used}$		C1
			4 Ω				A1
	(c)		HER		OR		
				r reading falls (to zero)	no current/reading		M1
		as (capac	citor charges	P already charged/does r	not conduct d.c.	A1
	(d)	For	mula	for calculation of $I(I = V)$	$P(R) OR P(P = V^2/R)$		C1
		400		nergy = power × time in a	any torm		C1 A1
							[Total: 10]
9	(a)	(i)	nega	ative at LH end and posit	ive at RH end		B1
		(ii)			ectrons/-ve charges/-ve ion nore reference to + charge		B1
			elec	trons move to end X/towa		•	B1 B1
	((iii)			s behind an equal unbaland ge/B is neutral/idea that B h	-	
				ed or lost any charges	go, 2 10 110 ati ai, 140 a ti 141 2 1		B1
	(b)	(i)	noth	ning OR nothing implied			B1
		(ii)		charge cancelled/neutral			B1 B1
			Jy G		o noming up nom carm		[Total: 8]
							[

	Page 7			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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10				ackground radiation different at different times NOT places		M1 A1
	(b)	Α		ing OR background ling doesn't change (when source removed)		M1 A1
		В	gam	ma OR γ ma undeflected (by magnetic field) narged/neutral OR electromagnetic radiation		M1 A1 A1
		С	defle	OR β ection is big/more deflection than alpha mass/much smaller than alpha		B1 B1 B1
			OR			
			nega	OR β ative ects according to left-hand rule		B1 B1 B1
						[Total: 10]
11	battery a.c. supply			horizontal line across at least 4 squares above or below horizontal centre line		M1 A1
			oply	alternating trace, any shape one or more cycles 4 squares wide above and below centre line, need not be symr		M1 A1
	a.c. supply + diode			only humps or only troughs seen, minimum 2 h	umps or troughs	M1
			•	horizontal lines, approximately same width as h	numps or troughs,	
				separating humps or troughs		A1
						[Total: 6]