## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0625 PHYSICS

0625/31

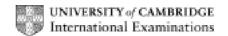
Paper 31 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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## NOTES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS AND OTHER MATTERS

B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.

M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.

C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it. e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.

A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.

c.a.o. means "correct answer only".

e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."

e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".

brackets ( ) around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets.

e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.

underlining indicates that this must be seen in the answer offered, or something very similar.

OR/or indicates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfactory for scoring the marks.

Spelling Be generous about spelling and use of English. If an answer can be understood to mean what we want, give credit.

Significant Answers are acceptable to any number of significant figures ≥ 2, except if specified otherwise, or if only 1 sig.fig. is appropriate.

Units It is expected that all final answers will have correct units. Deduct one unit penalty for each incorrect or missing unit, maximum 1 per question. No unit penalty if unit is missing from final answer but is shown correctly in the working. No unit penalty for incorrect answer.

Fractions These are only acceptable where specified.

Extras Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct response or are forbidden by mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0

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Ignore

Indicates that something which is not correct is disregarded and does not cause a right plus wrong penalty.

Not/NOT

Indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate i.e. right plus wrong penalty applies.

Work which has been crossed out, but not replaced, should be marked as if it had not been crossed out.

|   | <u> </u> | 3 · ·                               | LOCOT O 1 L M L COCO  | Oynabas          | 1 apci               | <u>'</u> |
|---|----------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------|----------------------|----------|
|   |          |                                     | IGCSE – October/November 2009   | 0625             | 31                   |          |
| 1 | (a)      | microme                             | ter OR screw gauge OR vernier scale NOT v   | ernier callipers | B1                   |          |
|   | (b)      | 2.73 mm                             |   |                  | B1                   |          |
|   | (c)      | not too ti<br>take read<br>use seve | et zero ) et zero ) etrument on to paper ) ght/use ratchet ) any 3 ding of both scales ) eral sheets ) ading by no. of sheets ) |                  | B1 × 3               | [5]      |
|   |          |                                     |   |                  |                      |          |
| 2 | (a)      | immerse                             | ng cylinder with liquid<br>statue<br>rom difference of readings from measuring cylind   | der              | B1<br>B1<br>B1       |          |
|   |          | displacei<br>immerse                | ment can/equivalent/beaker, <u>filled to overflowing</u> statue volume displaced <u>with measuring cylinder</u>                 | with liquid      | (B1)<br>(B1)<br>(B1) |          |
|   | (b)      |                                     | V OR 600/65 m <sup>3</sup> (minimum 2 s.f.) N.B. unit penalty applies   |                  | B1<br>B1             |          |
|   |          | (For gold                           | (M =) V × D OR 65 × 19<br>(minimum 2 s.f.) N.B. unit penalty applies  |                  | (B1)<br>(B1)         |          |
|   |          | (For gold 31.6 cm <sup>3</sup>      | (Minimum 2 s.f.) N.B. unit penalty applies  |                  | (B1)<br>(B1)         |          |
|   |          |                                     | ed if justified by previous work in <b>(a)</b> or <b>(b)</b> .  n wrong values above  |                  | B1                   | [6]      |
| 3 | (a)      | 5 points                            | correctly plotted $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square $-1$ e.e.o.o. (igr   | nore 0,0)        | B2                   |          |
|   | (b)      | 3 N one,                            | however identified OR 3 <sup>rd</sup> value OR 4 <sup>th</sup> value  |                  | B1                   |          |
|   | (c)      | good stra                           | aight line through origin and candidate's remainir  | ng points        | B1                   |          |
|   | (d)      |                                     | ine / constant gradient<br>ey Hooke's Law   |                  | M1<br>A1             |          |
|   |          |                                     | ase: obeys Hooke's law because force ∝ extens   | ion or wtte      | B1                   |          |

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

Syllabus

Paper

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|   | Page 5                           | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version   | Syllabus            | Paper          |     |
|---|----------------------------------|--|---------------------|----------------|-----|
|   |                                  | IGCSE – October/November 2009  | 0625                | 31             |     |
|   |                                  | ecomes non-linear / curves / bends<br>eference to direction of curve or bend.  |                     | B1             |     |
|   | OR perr                          | e exceeded / reached proportional / elastic limit<br>manently deformed or equiv OR staightened<br>have broken OR no longer elastic or wtte |                     | В1             | [8] |
| 4 | (a) in directi                   | on of the force Do not accept forward on is own.   |                     | B1             |     |
|   | ` '                              | direction / causes acceleration / stops straight line moving circle / keeps path circular / pulls object into circle                       | tion / keeps object | t<br>B1        |     |
|   | ` ' ` '                          | 600 N<br>same as his 1. accept 600 N if no value given in <b>(c) (i</b> )  | 1.                  | B1<br>B1       |     |
|   | <b>(ii)</b> ma<br>150            | OR 60 × 2.5<br>N   |                     | C1<br>A1       |     |
|   | (iii) 750                        | N e.c.f. from (c) (i) 2 and/or (c) (ii)  |                     | B1             |     |
|   | (iv) sam                         | ne as his (c) (i) 2 accept 600 N if no value given in (c)  | (i) 2.              | B1             |     |
|   |                                  |  |                     |                | [8] |
| 5 | (a) (P.E.) =<br>12 × 10<br>360 J | mgh × 3 Accept g = 9.8 or 9.81 g = 9.8 gives 352.8 J (minimum 2 s.f.) g = 9.81 gives 353.16 J (minimum 2 s.f.)                             |                     | C1<br>C1<br>A1 |     |
|   | <b>(b)</b> (P =) E/t 360/60 6 W  | 352.8 J gives 5.88 W 353.16 J gives 5.886 W (minir   | num 2 s.f.)         | C1<br>C1<br>A1 |     |
|   |                                  |  |                     |                | [6] |
| 6 | (a) (i) incre                    | eases  |                     | B1             |     |
|   | 1.05                             | = const in any form<br>$5 (\times 10^5) \times 860 (\times 10^{-6}) = p \times 645 (\times 10^{-6})$<br>$\times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$           |                     | C1<br>C1<br>A1 |     |

|   | Page 6      |  | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version   | Syllabus           | Papei  | ٢    |
|---|-------------|--|--|--------------------|--|------|
|   |             |  | IGCSE – October/November 2009  | 0625               | 31   |      |
|   | (i          |  | pA in any form accept weight for F<br>HER increase in pressure = $0.35 \times 10^5$ (Pa $0.35 \times 10^5 \times 5.0 \times 10^{-3}$ 175 N (minimum 2 s.f.) c.a.o.<br>$1.05 \times 10^5 \times 5.0 \times 10^{-3}$ or 525 N or $1.4 \times 10^5 \times 5.0$ 700 – 525 N e.c.f. from (a) (ii) 175 N (minimum 2 s.f.) c.a.o. |                    | C1<br>C1<br>C1<br>A1<br>N (C1)<br>(C1)<br>(A1) |      |
|   | (b)         | (i) incre  | eases  |                    | B1   |      |
|   | (           | (ii) no c  | change   |                    | B1   |      |
|   | (i          | ii) extr   | a weight (on tray/piston)  |                    | B1   |      |
|   | (i          | v) incre   | eases  |                    | B1   |      |
|   |             |  |  |                    |  | [12] |
| 7 | (b)         | OR <u>digit</u>  | constantan<br>constantan<br>an copper<br>meter OR <u>milli</u> voltmeter OR <u>milli</u> ammeter OR <u>digi</u><br>al voltmeter  | <u>tal</u> ammeter | B1   |      |
|   | ;<br>;<br>; | small the<br>remote r<br>large rar<br>data loge<br>takes ter | ea ) sure high / low temperatures ) ermal capacity (idea of) ) any 1 eading )  |                    | B1   | [3]  |
| 8 | (a)         | 2 cm (by   | eye) vertical object somewhere between $F_2$ and lens (condone no O, if clear  | ar)                | В1   |      |
|   |             | correct r  | standard rays correctly drawn (no extrapolation needed ays extrapolated <u>back</u> to intersect   |                    | B1<br>B1                                       |      |
|   | ,           | virtual im   | nage drawn at candidate's intersection of extrapolated ra<br>(condone no I, if clear)  | ays                | B1   |      |
|   |             |  |  |                    |  | [4]  |

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|----|------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------|----------------|
|    |            |                                  | IGCSE – October/November 2009  | 0625             | 31             |
| 9  |            |                                  | of) heat/energy to raise temp by 1 °C/1degC/1K/unit to<br>R 1 g OR unit mass (Mention of change of state ge  |                  | M1<br>A1       |
|    | lon<br>exp | ng time<br>pensiv                | e to heat up/cook ) e to cool down ) any 1 ve to heat ) lot of energy to heat up )   |                  | B1             |
|    | (c) (i)    |                                  | degC OR 1.8 °C OR 1.8 K<br>D 77.1 degC OR 77.1 °C OR 77.1K   |                  | B1             |
|    | (ii)       | 0.2                              | e) mcT in any form, seen anywhere<br>× 4200 × 1.8 e.c.f. from <b>(c) (i)</b><br>2 J (minimum 2 s.f.) c.a.o.  |                  | B1<br>C1<br>A1 |
|    | (iii)      |                                  | $2 = 0.05 \times c \times 77.1$ in any form e.c.f. from (c) (i) and/J/kg K (N.B. must be to 3 sf; A0 for wrong s.f.) e.c.f.  | or (c) (ii)      | C1<br>A1       |
|    | (iv)       | boilin<br>at 10<br>ener<br>therr | t lost during transfer ing water not at 100 °C / reason for not boiling 00 °C e.g. water not pure/ not standard pressure rgy lost to cup etc. / surroundings mometer not accurate / sensitive enough perature / mass(es) not accurately measured ) | any 1            | В1             |
|    |            |                                  |  |                  | [10]           |
| 10 | (a) (i)    | <u>step</u>                      | o-up transformer   |                  | B1             |
|    | (ii)       |                                  | heat/energy/power loss (from lines) / thinner wires (po<br>lower current NOT more efficient  | ssible)          | B1             |
|    | ` '        | = V × I<br>5 A                   | I in any form, figures or symbols / (P =) VI   |                  | C1<br>A1       |
|    |            |                                  | in any form, figures or symbols / (P =) I <sup>2</sup> R<br>e.c.f. from <b>(b)</b>   |                  | C1<br>A1       |
|    |            |                                  | in any form, figures or symbols OR (V =) IR OR R in any form, figures or symbols OR (P =) $V^2$ / R OR   | $V = (PR)^{1/2}$ | C1             |
|    | 7.5        | 5 V e.                           | c.f. from <b>(b)</b> or <b>(c)</b>   |                  | A1             |

|    | Page           | 8          |  | Ma      | rk Scher            | ne: Teac   | hers' ver   | sion                      | Sy             | llabus        | Paper    |
|----|----------------|------------|--|---------|---------------------|------------|-------------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------|
|    |                |            |  | IG      | CSE – Oc            | ctober/No  | ovember 2   | 2009                      | C              | 625           | 31       |
|    |                | ,985 V     | 000 – 7.5 – 7.5 OR 22,000 – 7.5 ecf<br>985 V e.c.f. (minimum 4 s.f.in this case) |         |                     |            |             |                           |                |               | C1<br>A1 |
|    | 55             |            |  |         |                     |            |             |                           |                | (C1)<br>(A1)  |          |
|    |                |            |  |         |                     |            |             |                           |                |               | [10]     |
| 11 | (a) A<br>B     | NOT<br>AND | or in  | verter  |                     |            |             |                           |                |               | B1<br>B1 |
|    | <b>(b)</b> (ac | cept 1     | or Ol  | N for H | HGH, and            | d 0 or OF  | F or NOT    | HIGH for l                | _OW throu      | ighout)       |          |
|    | (i)            | A – F      | lIGH   | and     | B – LOW             | V (both)   | no e.c.f.   |                           |                |               | B1       |
|    | (ii)           | A – F      | IIGH   | and     | B – HIGI            | H (both)   | no e.c.f.   |                           |                |               | B1       |
|    | (iii)          | A – L      | .OW  | and     | B – LOV             | V (both)   | no e.c.f.   |                           |                |               | B1       |
|    | (c) (i)        |            |  |         | e enough<br>te lamp | power / c  | current for | lamp, or e                | equiv.         |               | B1       |
|    | (ii)           | the s      | econo  | d one   | dark and            | d warm / I | HIGH, HIG   | SH e.c.f. fi              | rom <b>(b)</b> |               | B1       |
|    | (iii)          | too h      | igh a  | value   |                     |            | •           | ce (e.g. re<br>l warm" no |                | kiln) reaches | B1       |

[8]