MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/02

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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Page 2		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version IGCSE – October/November 2009	Syllabus 0625	Paper 02
				02
	NOTE	ES ABOUT MARK SCHEME SYMBOLS AND OTHER	MATTERS	
3 marks		independent marks, which do not depend on any oth red, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in		
M marks	are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M m to be scored, the point to which it refers must be seen in a candidate's answer. I candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can scored.			
C marks	refe evid cano	compensatory method marks which can be scored er r are not written down by the candidate, provide lence that they must have known it. e.g. if an equat didate does not write down the actual equation bur ws he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.	d subsequent tion carries a C	working give mark and th
A marks		accuracy or answer marks which either depend on ar ways which allow a C mark to be scored.	n M mark, or wh	ich are one o
c.a.o.	mea	ans "correct answer only".		
ə.c.f.	mist may bear	ans "error carried forward". This indicates that if a c take and has carried his incorrect value forward to sub by be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his su ring in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a ca on once for a particular mistake, but only applies to mar	sequent stages ubsequent work ndidate being p	of working, h ing is correc enalised mor
e.e.o.o.	mea	ans "each error or omission".		
brackets()	clari	und words or units in the mark scheme are intender ify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend o ckets e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10,	n seeing the wo	rds or units i
underlining	indio	cates that this <u>must</u> be seen in the answer offered, or s	something very s	imilar.
OR/or	indio	cates alternative answers, any one of which is satisfac	tory for scoring t	he marks.
Spelling		generous about spelling and use of English. If an a an what we want, give credit.	answer can be	understood t
Significant figures		wers are acceptable to any number of significant figure cified otherwise, or if only 1 sig. fig. is appropriate.	es \ge 2, except if	
eac		expected that all final answers will have correct units h incorrect or missing unit, maximum 1 per questic sing from final answer but is shown correctly in the wo	on. No unit per	• •
Fractions	The	se are only acceptable where specified.		
Extras	lanc	pre extras in answers if they are irrelevant. if they o	ontradict an oth	erwise corre

- Extras Ignore extras in answers if they are irrelevant; if they contradict an otherwise correct response or are forbidden by mark scheme, use right + wrong = 0
- Ignore Indicates that something which is not correct is disregarded and does not cause a right plus wrong penalty.
- Not/NOT Indicates that an incorrect answer is not to be disregarded, but cancels another otherwise correct alternative offered by the candidate i.e. right plus wrong penalty applies.

Work which has been crossed out, but not replaced, should be marked as if it had not been crossed out.

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	Page 3		Syllabus	Paper 02			
		IGCSE – October/November 2009	0625				
1	(a) (i)	20 (cm ³))					
	(ii)	25 (cm ³)±0.5) both		B1	[1]		
	(b) 5 (d	cm ³) e.c.f.		B1	[1]		
		00 e.c.f. 25 (cm³) e.c.f.		C1 A1	[2]		
2	(a) kin	etic or K.E. or motion		B1	[1]		
	(b) stra	ain or elastic		B1	[1]		
	(c) gra	vitational or P.E. or G.P.E. or potential		B1	[1]		
	(d) we	ght /mass (of athlete) AND height/distance (of bar)		B1	[1]		
				[Tot	al: 4]		
3	(a) (i)	 increasing steady or uniform constant 		M1 A1 B1	[3]		
	(ii)	horizontal straight line between A & B		B1	[1]		
	(b) (i)	line on axis between B & C		B1	[1]		
	(ii)	horizontal straight line between C & D lower than that for AB		M1 A1	[2]		
	(c) zer	o distance or equiv.		B1	[1]		
				[Total: 8]			
4	(a) (i)	moves to the left accelerates to the left		C1 A1	[2]		
	(ii)	arrow to the right 9 N		B1 B1	[2]		
	(iii)	blob on diagram clearly indicated as the C of M		B1	[1]		

	Page 4			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper		
				IGCSE – October/November 2009	0625	02		
	(b)	(i)	rises	3		B1	[1]	
		(ii)	less	stable		B1	[1]	
						[To	tal: 7]	
5	(a)	(i)	2. so	ooling OR energy/heat lost seen anywhere in (i) olidifying or temperature constant ooling		B1 B1 B1	[3]	
		(ii)		and last both ticked lle ticked		B1 B1	[2]	
	((iii)	solid	accept ice/frozen		B1	[1]	
	(b)			r <u>ve</u> of some sort nirror image of Fig. 6.1		C1 A1	[2]	
						[To	tal: 8]	
6	(a)		ne ater a ater a			B1 B1 B1	[3]	
	(b)	box	1 ticl	ked))use √ + × =0 for extras		B1		
		box	3 ticl			B1	[2]	
						[To	tal: 5]	
7	(a)	q				B1	[1]	
	(b)	Fm	arkeo	d close to point of image/object		B1	[1]	
	(c)	[mark in pairs, use ✓ + × =0] inverted real			B1 B1	[2]		
	(d)	san	ne			B1	[1]	
	(e)	(i)	noth	ing		C1	[1]	
		(ii)	imag	ge blurs		A1	[1]	
						[Total: 7		

Page 5			Syllabus	Paper	
		IGCSE – October/November 2009	0625	02	
8	(a) one sound direct one sound after reflection/echo				[2]
	(b) firs sec	t cond one suffers absorption,dispersion		M1 A1	[2]
	(c) (i)	s = vt in any form (seen somewhere in (c)) time to hear 1st sound = 990/330 or 3 (s)		B1 B1	[2]
	(ii)	time to hear 2^{nd} sound = $(3 \times 330)/330$ or 9 (s)		B1	[1]
	(iii)	interval = 6 (s) e.c.f.		B1	[1]
				[To	tal: 8]
9	(a) L.H	I. circuit – series AND R.H. circuit – parallel		B1	[1]
	(b) (i)	280 + 200 480 (Ω)		C1 A1	[2]
	(ii)	I = V/R in any form 12/his (i) seen or 12/480 need not be seen 0.025 or 25 or 1/40 c.a.o. A or mA as appropriate		C1 C1 A1 B1	[4]
	(iii)	his (ii) × 200 or proportion or potential divider calculat 5 (V) e.c.f.	lion	C1 A1	[2]
	(iv)	connect voltmeter)		M1	
)(could be shown on diag) between A and B)		A1	[2]
				[Tota	al: 11]
10	(a) (i)	core correctly labelled		B1	[1]
	(ii)	iron		B1	[1]
	(iii)	idea of magnetic linkage		B1	[1]
	(b) V ₁ /		C1		
		rect substitution D (V)		C1 A1	[3]
					tal: 6]

	Page 6		eme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Pape	r		
	IGCSE -		October/November 2009	0625	02			
11	no exposed v	wires)					
	no worn insu	lation)					
	no loose wire	es/connections)					
	no short circ	uits))) any 3					
	plug correctly	y wired)					
	any idea abo	out continuity check)					
	no sharp ber	nds in cable)		B1 x 3	[3]		
					[Tot	al: 3]		
12		correctly plotted (– ble curve through h			B2 B1	[3]		
	(b) (i) between 30 and 35 or his correct value \pm 5				B1	[1]		
	(ii) 2 (m	ninutes) or his co	rrect value ± 0.02		B1	[1]		
	(c) 2 (minut	es) or his (b) (ii)			B1	[1]		
	(d) (i) half	-life too short			B1	[1]		
	(ii) mar	k any correct 2, ign	ore the rest					
	long) half life						
	gam	nma-emitter)						
	goo	d penetration)	any 2					
	simi	lar particle size)						
	simi	lar density)			B1+B1	[2]		
		[Total:						