

Centre Number	Candidate Number	Name
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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

PHYSICS

0625/05

Paper 5 Practical Test

October/November 2004

ANSWER BOOKLET

1 hour 15 minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen in the spaces provided on this Answer Booklet.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

All of your answers should be written in this Answer Booklet: scrap paper must **not** be used.

Answer **all** questions.

Graph paper is provided in this Answer Booklet. Additional sheets of graph paper should be used only if it is necessary to do so.

At the end of the examination, fasten any additional answer paper used securely to this Answer Booklet.

If you have been given a label, look at the details. If any details are incorrect or missing, please fill in your correct details in the space given at the top of this page.

Stick your personal label here, if provided.

For Examiner's Use	
1	
2	
3	
4	
Total	

This document consists of **7** printed pages and **1** blank page.



1 (a) – (d)

$x/$	$\theta/$

[4]

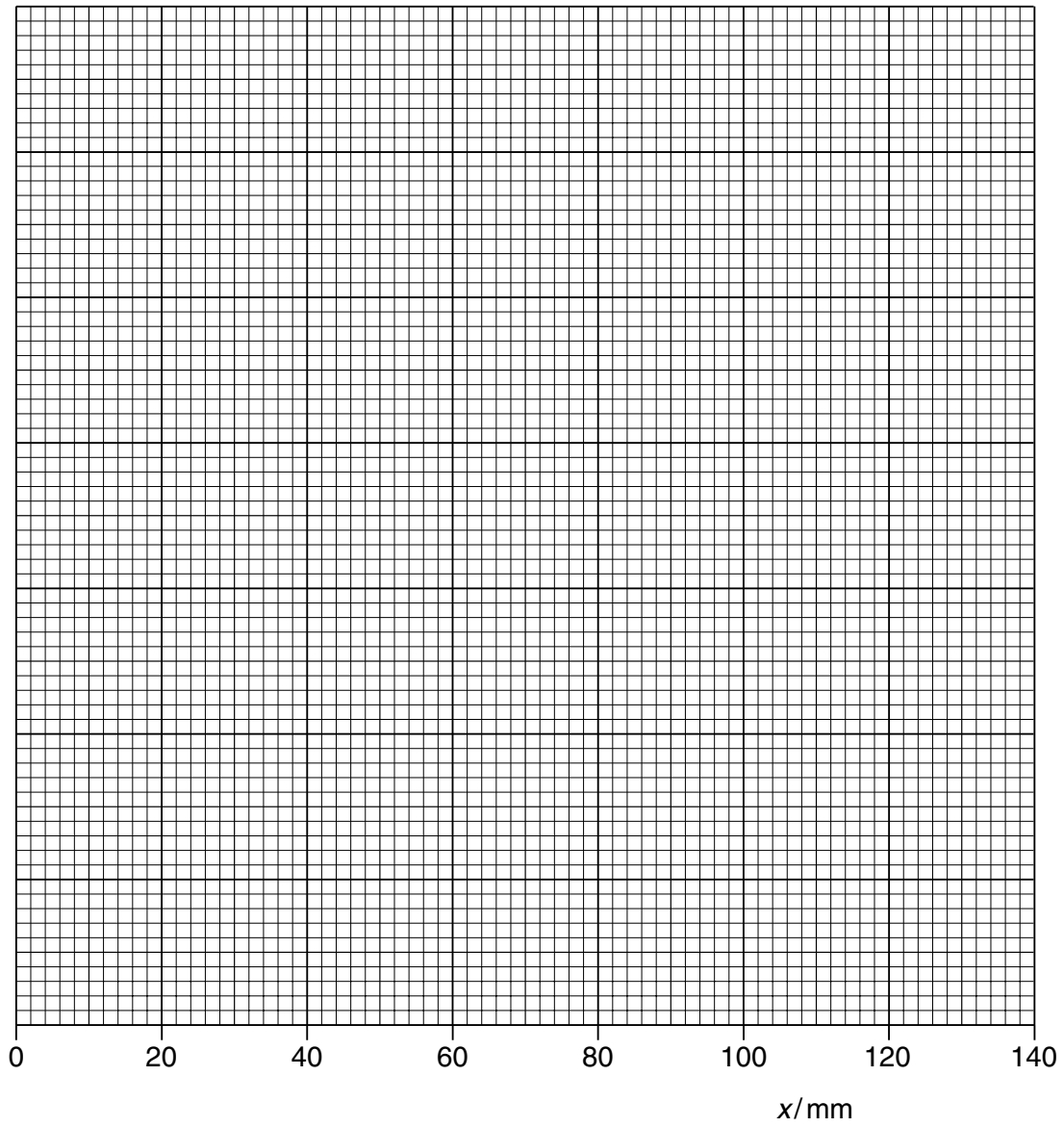
(f) estimate of room temperature

explanation of how you obtained your estimate

.....

..... [2]

(e)



[4]

2 (a) $d = \dots\dots\dots$ [1]

(b) diagram to show how you used the two pieces of wood and the rule to obtain an accurate measurement of the diameter d of the pendulum bob

[1]

(d) – (h)

x/cm	l/cm	t/s	T/s	$\frac{T^2}{l} / \frac{\text{s}^2}{\text{cm}}$
60.0				
40.0				
20.0				

[7]

(i) statement

reason

..... [1]

3 (b) – (h)

<i>x/</i>	<i>V/</i>	<i>I/</i>	<i>R/</i>

[7]

(i) conclusion

Within the limits of experimental error,

.....

justification of your conclusion

.....

..... [2]

(j) $R =$

reason

..... [1]

Tie your sheet of paper in here

4 (i) $r = \dots\dots\dots$

(k) $x = \dots\dots\dots$

(l) $y = \dots\dots\dots$

[5]

Remember to tie your sheet of paper into this Answer Booklet.

[5]

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