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CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

0652/32

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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				IGCS	E – Oct	ober/No	ovemb	er 2013	3	0	652		32		
1	(a)	(i)			, 3 – all , 96 – al									[1] [1]	[2]
		(ii)	if line	e goes	s thro (0	,0);					(0,0), bu	ut allow 2, 20, 48	etc.);	[1] [1]	[2]
	(b)		Use 210	of gra	dient (1 or 2.1 r	76 –10) n / s² (ad	points e / (0.80 - ccept 20 scored	– 0) or 6 and	use of ignore s	<i>a = (v -</i> sig. figs)	-u)/t;	nd 210)		[1] [1] [1]	[3]
			•			,						,		[Tota	al 7]
2	(a)	,	Na [⁺] correc	•	bols 1, 3	s correc	t charge	es 1) ;						[2]	
	(b)	Fe ₂	O ₃ ; ((ассер	t Fe ³⁺ ₂ C) ²⁺ ₃)								[1]	
	` '		•			•								[Tota	al 3]
														-	_
3	(a)	boil	ing po	oint in	creases	(down	the grou	ıp/with	atomic	numbe	er);			[1]	
	(b)	acc	ept a	any nur	mber be	tween -	-170 and	d –240	(actual	ly –189)			[1]	
	(c)	recon	ogniti nmen	ion onl nt that a	average	n and/o density	r neon a of He balloon is	alloon	less th	an dens	r ; sity of air	OR		[1] [1] [Tota	[2] al 4]
4	(a)				metal, (ifferent		up 1 nor	r Hg) ;						[1] [1]	[2]
	(b)	(not e,m	t acce	ept flic oltage	ks up th produce	en dow ed (acce	clear the n); ept curre ent temp	ent);		ges				[1] [1] [+1]	[3]
	(c)	mea mea	asure asure	es high es tem	temper	ature (i	oint ;	of to lov	-		range);				
							neter/ca tempera			•				IY 2 [+1]	[3]
														[Tota	al 8]

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5	(a) (i	i)		nond strong/covalent bonds or bonds in all direction white has layers which slide/weak bonds between lag		[1] [1]	[2]
	(ii	i)		nond has no free electrons and/or graphite has free		[1]	
			_	raphite electrons are between layers and/or in diamely lived in (strong) bonding;	ond all electrons	[1]	[2]
	(ii	i)		gnition of covalent/strong bonds (so similar mp); e amount of energy needed to separate atoms joined	d by covalent bon	[1] ds; [+1]	[2]
			•	not allow either mark if the candidate states that gra er melting point/has much weaker bonds than diamo	•		
				has weak forces <u>between molecules</u> ; rgy is needed to separate the molecules;		[1] [1]	[2]
	(c) (i	i)		$O_2 + 6H_2O \rightarrow C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2$ mark for formulae; one mark for balance;		[2]	
	(i	i)		rgy carried by e.m. radiation ; orbed by the plant ;		[1] [1]	[2]
						[Total	12]
6	(a) (i	i)	Only	a fraction of incident wave is reflected/wave sprea	ds out etc. ;	[1]	
	(ii	i)	4 ½	squares $\times 0.05 \times 10^{-3} = 2.25 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s } (0.000225 \text{ s});$		[1]	
	(iii	i)	= 34	ance = $\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 10^8 \times 2.25 \times 10^{-4}$; 000 m (accept 33750 m); f $\frac{1}{2}$ missed leading to 68 000 m);		[1] [1]	[2]
	(b) (i	i)	<u>Use</u> f = 4	$\frac{\text{of } c = f\lambda}{0.0 \times 10^{10} \text{ Hz}} (\rightarrow f = 3 \times 10^{8} / 7.5 \times 10^{-3});$		[1] [1]	[2]
	(i	i)		oile phone communication/cooking/uhf radio commu e: Penalise power of ten error once only in the whole		[1]	[1]
						[Tota	al 7]
7	(a) (i	i)		points, including (0,0) plotted to within one small square mark if one point only is missing.incorrect)	are ;	[2]	
	(i	i)	smo	oth curve within one small square of each point ;		[1]	
				through) lime water ; udy/milky ;		[1] [1]	[2]

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	(c)	(i)	all of	f the hydrochloric acid had reacted ;		[1]	
		(ii)	num	1 CaCO ₃ = 100 ; ber of moles = 40 / 24 × 10 ³ ; ore power of ten for this mark, but not carry forward)		[1] [1]	
			= 0.1	17 g;		[1]	[3]
	(d)			is steeper than original and starts from (0,0) (to the ls at 40 cm ³ (same as original line);	left of original line	e); [1] [1]	[2]
						[Total	111]
8	(a)	(i)	Tran (acc	nsformer 1 step up/increases the voltage (for transmisformer 2 step down/decreases the voltage (for holept in correct reference to decrease/increase of cure 1c mark if both 'step up transformer and 'step down	mes) ; rent)	[1] [1]	[2]
		(ii)		s energy loss (in power lines); rence to lower current for same power;		[1] [1]	[2]
	(b)	(i)	lattic in a	d conductor; te of positive ions (not accept if +ve ions move); sea of electrons; trons free to move;		[1] [1] [1] [1]	[4]
		(ii)		erence to malleability of copper or increase strength o for reference to alloying);	of cable ;	[1]	[1]
						[Tota	al 9]
9	(a)	eled diag	ctrons gram	showing four shared electrons between two cs around the carbons; showing two hydrogen atoms for each carbon atoms with the carbon atom;		[1]	[2]
	(b)	(i)	crac	king (accept thermal decomposition);		[1]	
		(ii)	_	temperature (not accept heat); lyst;		[1] [1]	[2]
	(c)	(i)		$1 C_2H_4 = 28$ and RFM $C_2H_5OH = 46$; s of ethanol = 46 / 28 (= 1.6 kg);		[1] [1]	[2]
		(ii)	yeas adde (not	nentation; st; ed to sugar (allow source of sugar e.g. grapes); allow 2 nd and 3 rd marks if the yeast is killed by high mark if in the presence of oxygen)	temperature, lose	[1] [1] [1] e	[3]
						[Total	10]

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10 (a) (i) The joining together of two nuclei;

[1]

extra detail (e.g. the release of energy, small (light) nuclei, high energy collision);

[**+**1] **[2**]

(ii) radio waves

microwaves

thermal (Heat), IR

U.V.

X-ray

γ-rays

visible radiation/light neutrinos/neutrons;

ANY 2 [2]

(b) (i) $((3.3434 \times 2) - 6.6810) \times 10^{-27} = 0.0058 \times 10^{-27} \text{kg} = 5.8 \times 10^{-30} \text{kg}$; [1]

(ii) $E = mc^2 = (5.8 \times 10^{-30} \times (3 \times 10^8)^2)$ (Formula on its own gains the mark); [1] = 5.2×10^{-13} J; [1] [2]

(iii) number of reactions / s = power / energy of each reaction = $4 \times 10^{26} / 5.22 \times 10^{-13}$; [1] = 7.67 × 10³⁸ (s⁻¹); [1] [2]

Note: Penalise power of ten error once only in the whole question.

[Total 9]