## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0581 MATHEMATICS

0581/43

Paper 43 (Extended), maximum raw mark 130

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## **Abbreviations**

cao correct answer only cso correct solution only

dep dependent

ft follow through after error isw ignore subsequent working

oe or equivalent SC Special Case

www without wrong working

Qu.	Answers	Mark	Part Marks
1 (a) (i)	2:3	1	
(ii)	$30 \div 2 \times 3$ o.e.	E1	Allow 2 : 3 (oe) = 30 : 45
(iii)	60	2	<b>M1</b> for $3 \div 5 \times 100$ oe
(b)	31.83	3	SC2 for 31.827 as final answer or not spoiled. or M1 for × 1.03 twice oe
(c)	1.5	2	M1 for $\frac{30 \times r \times 5}{100} = 2.25$ oe or for $2.25 \div 5$ then $\div 30 \times 100$
2 (a)	5.83 (5.830 to 5.831)	2	M1 for $3^2 + 5^2$ Any other method must be complete
(b)	113. 6 (114 or 113.5 to 113.6) www 4	4	M2 for $(\cos C) = \frac{5^2 + 8^2 - 11^2}{2 \times 5 \times 8}$ or M1 for correct implicit expression A2 (A1 for -0.4 or $-\frac{2}{5}$ )
(c)	25.8 (25.77 to 25.85) cao www 3	3	M1 for $0.5 \times 5 \times 8 \times \sin$ (their angle <i>C</i> ) o.e must be full method e.g. Hero's formula. M1 for $0.5 \times 3 \times 5$ oe

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3			Throughout this question isw any cancelling or changing to other forms, after correct answer seen. Do not accept ratio or worded forms.
(a)	0.4, 0.1 oe	1	
(b) (i)	1	1	
(ii)	0.7 oe ft	1 <b>ft</b>	ft their first three probabilities
(c) (i)	0.04 oe	1	
(ii)	0.03 oe ft	2ft	M1 for their $0.1 \times 0.3$
(iii)	0.12 oe ft	3ft	ft their 0.1, their 0.4 and their (c)(i)  M2 for their 0.4 × their 0.1 + their 0.1 × their  0.4 + 0.2 × 0.2 (or their (c)(i))  or M1 for any two of these products added or two of each
(d)	0.147 oe ft	2ft	ft their (b)(ii). M1 for their 0.7 × their 0.7 × (1 – their 0.7)
4 (a)	Triangle drawn, vertices (6, 10), (10, 10), (10, 8)	2	<b>SC1</b> reflects correctly in $x = 6$
(b)	Triangle drawn, vertices (2, 8), (6, 8), (6, 10)	2	<b>SC1</b> for translation $\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$
(c)	Translation	2	B1 All part marks spoiled if extra transformation
	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$ o.e.		<b>B1</b> Indep. Allow other clear forms or words
(d) (i)	Enlargement	3	<b>B1 All part marks</b> spoiled if extra transformation
	(centre) (4, 6) (factor) 0.5		B1 Indep. B1 Indep.
(ii)	$\frac{1}{4}$ or 0.25 oe	1	
(e) (i)	Stretch  y-axis o.e invariant (factor) 0.5	3	B1 All part marks spoiled if extra transformation B1 Indep B1 Indep
(ii)	$ \begin{pmatrix} 0.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} ft $	2ft	ft their factor in (e)(i) only if stretch SC1 (also ft) for left-hand column

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			<u> </u>
5 (a) (i)	Similar	1	Accept enlargement
(ii)	2.7	2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{PQ}{3.6} = \frac{3}{4}$ oe
(iii)	3.15	2	M1 for $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2$ or $\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^2$ o.e seen
			If $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$ used or base and height used then
			must be full method for <b>M1</b>
(b) (i)	29	1	
(ii)	61 ft	1 <b>ft</b>	<b>ft</b> 90 – their <b>(i)</b> if <b>(i)</b> is acute
(iii)	61 ft	1 <b>ft</b>	l '' ''
, ,			ft their (ii) if their (ii) is acute, but can recover
(iv)	119 ft	1 <b>ft</b>	<b>ft</b> 180 – their ( <b>iii</b> )
(c) (i)	20	1	
(ii)	110	3	M1 for adding 6 angles going up 4 each time
			and M1 (indep) for 720 seen and not spoiled $(6A + 60 = 720 \text{ o.e. scores M2})$
6 (a)	-2.5, -2, 2, 2.5	2	<b>B1</b> for 3 correct
(b)	4 points correct ft Correct shape curve through at least 9 points over full domain Two branches either side of <i>y</i> -axis and not touching it	P1ft C1ft B1	ft only if correct shape and isw any curve outside domain (including crossing <i>y</i> -axis) Independent
(c)	-1, 0, 1	2	<b>B1</b> for two correct, each extra –1
(d)	(x) < -1 and $(x) > 1$ as final answer	2	<b>B1 B1</b> Condone inclusive inequality, allow in words, condone inclusion of $-4$ and $+4$ as limits. $1 < x < -1$ or $-1 > x > 1$ <b>SC1</b> $-1 < x < 1$ scores <b>0</b> . Each extra $-1$ if more than two answers.
(e) (i)	Correct ruled line though $(-2, -3)$ to $(1, 3)$	2	<b>SC1</b> for ruled line gradient 2 or <i>y</i> -intercept 1 from $x = -2$ to 1 or correct line but short or good freehand full line.
(ii)	Some reasonable indication on graph for both points	1	e.g. points of intersection marked, or, lines drawn from point of intersection to <i>x</i> -axis etc
(iii)	$x^{2} + 1 = 2x^{2} + x$ oe then $x^{2} + x - 1 = 0$	3	<b>E2</b> Must be intermediate step before answer – no errors or omissions
	or $\frac{1}{x} = x + 1$ then $1 = x^2 + x$ then $x^2 + x - 1 = 0$		or E1 Either no intermediate step or one error or omission.
	1, –1		B1

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7 (a)	(Mode) = 11	1	B1
7 (a)	(Mode) = 11 (Median) = 12.5	2	M1 for evidence of finding mid-value
	(Mean) = 12.8 (0)	3	e.g. $(126 + 1) \div 2$ oe, (condone $126 \div 2$ ) M1 for correct use of $\Sigma fx$ (allow one slip) M1 (dependent) for $\div 126$
(b) (i)	15, 27, 30,	3	B1 B1 B1
(ii)	9.67 (9.674 to 9.675) cao www 4	4	M1 for mid-values, condone one error or slip
(II)	7.07 (7.074 to 7.073) cao www.4	7	M1 for use of $\Sigma fx$ , with x's anywhere in intervals and their frequencies (allow one slip) M1 (dependent on second M) for $\div$ 126 (or their $\Sigma f$ ) isw any conversion into hours and minutes
8 (a)	40 ÷ 10 and 12 ÷ 6 (or 12 ÷ 3) and	E2	M1 Allow drawing for M1 but must see
	$6 \div 3 \text{ (or } 6 \div 6)$ oe $4 \times 2 \times 2 = 16$ reducing (seen) to 16		reaching 16 for E2 Reaching 16 without any errors or omissions
	2 2 To reducing (seen) to To		SC1 for $\frac{40 \times 12 \times 6}{\text{their } (\mathbf{b})}$ even if = 16
			or $4 \times 2 \times 2 = 16$ or $4 \times 4 \times 1 = 16$ without other working
(b)	180	1	
(c) (i)	23 640 (allow 23 600)	2	<b>M1</b> for their $180 \times 8 \times 16 + 600$
(ii)	23.64 (or 23.6) ft	1 <b>ft</b>	ft their (i) ÷ 1000
(d) (i)	216	2	<b>M1</b> for $(10 \times 6 + 10 \times 3 + 6 \times 3) \times 2$ oe
(ii)	8.64	3	M1 for their (i) $\times$ 16 $\times$ 25 M1(indep) for $\div$ 100 <sup>2</sup> Figs 864 imply M1 only
(e)	75.3 (75.26 to 75.33)	3	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{4}{3}\pi \times 0.5^3$ (0.5235) Implied also by
			3 104.7
			then M1 (dep) for their (b) $-200 \times$ their
			$\frac{4}{3}\pi \times 0.5^3$ must be giving positive answer
(f)	0.842 (0.8419 – 0.8421)	3	<b>M1</b> for $(\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3) = 50 \div 20$
			then M1 for $\frac{50 \div 20}{\frac{4}{3}\pi}$ (0.5966 to 0.5972)
			After 0 scored <b>SC1</b> for $\sqrt[3]{\frac{50}{\frac{4}{3}\pi}}$ (implied by 2.29)

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9 (a)	8w + 2j = 12	5	<b>B1</b> condone consistent use of other variables
9 (a)	$           \begin{vmatrix}             6W + 2j - 12 \\             12w + 18j = 45           \end{vmatrix}     $	3	B1
	Correctly eliminating one variable		M1 allow one numerical slip
	Water 1.05, Juice 1.8(0)		<b>A1 A1</b> If A0, <b>SC1</b> for 1.80, 1.05
	2 4 40		2 4
(b) (i)	$\frac{2}{v} + \frac{4}{v-4} = \frac{40}{60}$ oe	M2	<b>M2</b> If M0, <b>SC1</b> for $\frac{2}{v}$ or $\frac{4}{v-4}$
			у у
	$\frac{2 \times 3(y-4)}{3y(y-4)} + \frac{3 \times 4y}{3y(y-4)} = \frac{2y(y-4)}{3y(y-4)}$	E2	<b>E2</b> Correct conclusion reached without any
	3y(y-4) $3y(y-4)$ $3y(y-4)$		errors or omissions including at least 3
	oe or better		intermediate steps.
	6(y-4) + 12y = 2y(y-4) oe		or E1 if any one slip, error or omission that is
	$6y - 24 + 12y = 2y^2 - 8y$ oe		recovered or correct with only two steps.
	$ \begin{vmatrix} 0 = 2y^2 - 26y + 24 \\ y^2 - 13y + 12 = 0 \end{vmatrix} $		
/**		_	
(ii)	(y-1)(y-12)	2	<b>SC1</b> for $(y + a)(y + b)$ where $ab = 12$ or
			a+b=-13
(iii)	1, 12 ft	1 <b>ft</b>	Only ft SC1 but can recover to correct answer
			with new working or if (ii) not attempted
(iv)	8 ft	1 <b>ft</b>	<b>ft</b> a positive root –4 if positive answer
	$-(-1) + \sqrt{(-1)^2 - 4(1)(-4)}$		
(c)	$\frac{-(-1)\pm\sqrt{(-1)^2-4(1)(-4)}}{2(1)}$	2	<b>B1</b> for $\sqrt{(-1)^2 - 4(1)(-4)}$ or better
	2(1)		If in form $\frac{p+\sqrt{q}}{r}$ or $\frac{p-\sqrt{q}}{r}$
			If in form $\frac{r}{r}$ or $\frac{r}{r}$
			then <b>B1</b> for $-(-1)$ and $2(1)$ or better
			Brackets and full line may be implied later
	-1.56, 2.56	2	<b>B1 B1</b> If B0, <b>SC1</b> for –1.6 or –1.562 to
			-1.561 <b>and</b> 2.6 or 2.561 to 2.562
10 (a)	Dots all correctly placed in Diagram 4	1	
(b)	Column 4 16, 25, 16, 41	7	B2 or B1 for three correct
	Column 5 25, 41, 20, 61	,	B2 or B1 for three correct
	Column $n$ : $n^2$ , $4n$ , $n^2 + (n+1)^2$ oe		<b>B1 B1 B1</b> oe likely to be $(n-1)^2 + n^2 + 4n$ or
			$2n^2 + 2n + 1$
			After any correct answer for column $n$ , apply isw
(c)(i)	79 601 cao	1	
(ii)	800 ft	1 <b>ft</b>	<b>ft</b> their 4 <i>n</i> linear expression only
(d)	12 cao	1	
()		l	