## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 0581 MATHEMATICS

0581/23

Paper 23 (Extended), maximum raw mark 70

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2010	0581	23

Qu.	Answers	Mark	Part Marks		
1	(a) -5	1			
	<b>(b)</b> 11	1			
2	$\frac{53}{11} > 4.80 > \sqrt{23} > 48\%$	2	M1 for decimals seen 4.7958 0.48 (4.80) 4.81()		
3	500	2	<b>M1</b> for $600 \times 0.6 \div 0.72$ seen		
4	70	2	<b>M1</b> for $252 \times 1000 \div 60 \div 60$ oe		
5	18		<b>M1</b> for 21.6 ÷ 1.2 oe		
6	<i>x</i> + 8	2	M1 3 <sup>8</sup> seen		
7		2	B1 for one correct Venn diagram		
8	$\frac{5x-3}{6}$	2	<b>B1</b> for $5x - 3$ seen SC1 $\frac{5}{6}x - \frac{3}{6}$ on answer line		
9	$5(.00) \times 10^5$	2	<b>SC1</b> for $5 \times 10^k$ or 500 000 on answer line		
10	220.5 <b>cao</b>	2	<b>M1</b> for 73.5 seen		
11	16.8	3	M2 tan17 = $\frac{h}{55}$ or tan73 = $\frac{55}{h}$ or M1 tan17 = $\frac{55}{h}$ or tan73 = $\frac{h}{55}$ if angle seen in wrong place at P		
12	$9 - 2x^2$	3	<b>B1</b> for $x^2 - 3x - 3x + 9$ or $2x^2 - 6x - 6x + 18$ <b>B1</b> for $4x^2 - 6x - 6x + 9$ or $-4x^2 + 6x + 6x - 9$		
13	(a) 0	1			
	<b>(b)</b> 2	1			
	(c) plane across centre of shape	1	Three possibilities		
14	6	3	M1 for one correct first step which leads towards simplifying $3y-12+\frac{y}{2}=9$ or $6(y-4)+y=18$ or $y-4+\frac{y}{6}=3$ M1 correctly collecting their terms to $py=q$		

© UCLES 2010 www.XtremePapers.net

Page 3		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version			Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – May/June 2010			0581	23
15	(a) g – h		1			
	(b) $\frac{1}{4}$ g + $\frac{3}{4}$ h		2	<b>M1</b> for $\overrightarrow{OH} + \overrightarrow{HN}$ or $\mathbf{h} + \frac{1}{4}$ (a) $\overrightarrow{OG} + \overrightarrow{GN}$ or $\mathbf{g} - \frac{3}{4}$ (a)		
					4	
16	$\frac{5A}{r}$ - 2 of	$\int \frac{5A-2r}{r}$	3	<ul><li>M1 for correctly multiplying by 5</li><li>M1 for correctly dividing by <i>r</i></li><li>M1 for correct subtraction</li><li>in any order</li></ul>		
17	<b>(a)</b> 10.9		2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{40}{360} \times \pi \times 5.6^2$		
	<b>(b)</b> 15.1		2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{40}{360} \times \pi \times 2 \times 5.6$ (= 3.91)		
18	<b>(a)</b> 64		2	<b>B1</b> for evidence of	f f(-2) = 6	
	<b>(b)</b> 9		2	<b>M1</b> for $3x - 5 = 22$	2 or $\frac{x+5}{3}$ seen	
19	(a) $\frac{3}{4}$ or 0	.75	1			
	<b>(b)</b> 2.6		3	<b>M1</b> for finding the area under the graph or <b>M1</b> for their $39 \div 15$		
20	$x \ge 0$		1	<b>L1</b> <i>x</i> <b>R</b> 0		
	$y \ge \frac{1}{2}x$ $x + y \le 4$	oe	2	L1 y R $\frac{1}{2}x$		
	$x + y \leq 4$	oe	2	L1 $x + y R 4$ where R is any one of $= <> \le \ge$ B2 all inequalities correct or B1 2 correct		
21	(a) 18.7		3	M2 for $\sin R = 50 \times \frac{\sin 140}{100} (= 0.3219)$ or M1 for $\frac{\sin R}{50} = \frac{\sin 140}{100}$ oe		
	<b>(b)</b> 261(.3	)	2 <b>ft</b>	<b>M1</b> 360 - 80 - the	eir (a)	
22	Perpendicu	alar bisector of AC	2	<b>B1</b> accurate line <b>B1</b> two pairs of co	prrect construction	arcs
	Bisector of	f angle A	2	<b>B1</b> accurate line <b>B1</b> two pairs of co	prrect construction	arcs
	to left of p	gion inside triangle <b>and</b> erp bisector of <i>AC</i> <b>and</b> ctor of angle <i>A</i>	1	B1 dep on first B1 being scored for both lines		
23	(a) (-5	7)	2	<b>B1</b> either correct i	n a (1 $\times$ 2) matrix	
	<b>(b)</b> $\frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1\\3 \end{pmatrix}$ oe	2	<b>M1</b> for $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$	seen or $2 \times 3 - \frac{1}{2}$	$-1 \times -2 (=4)$
	(c) $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0\\1 \end{pmatrix}$ or I cao	1			

© UCLES 2010 www.XtremePapers.net