

Examiners' Report Principal Examiner Feedback

June 2022

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In History (4HI1) Paper 1A

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Paper 1 : Depth Studies

The assessment requirement was that candidates answer a set of questions from **two** options from a choice of eight. The most popular options were:

Option 3 : Germany: development of dictatorship, 1918-45

Option 5 : Dictatorship and conflict in the USSR, 1924-53

Option 6 : A world divided: superpower relations, 1943-72

Option 7 : A divided union: civil rights in the USA, 1945-74

and the most popular combination of options was:

Option 3 and 6

Option 3 and 7.

All eight options required candidates to answer three sub-questions on the option topic. Each question had a different focus and tested a range of assessment objectives. Question (a) required candidates to identify the impression given by an author based on a small written extract and tested AO4. Question (b) required candidates to explain two effects and tested AO1 and AO2. Question (ci) and (cii) required candidates explain, analyse and make judgements about key features, events, causes, effects and significance and tested AO1 and AO2.

General comments

Across all eight options the following generic comments in relation to each sub question should be noted:

- In question (a) selecting information to support the impression will limit the answer to marks within level 2, to move in to level 3 the answer requires considering of how the impression has been created by considering author selection of evidence, tone, emphasis or omission.
- In question (b) knowledge of the effect is not in itself sufficient, there is a requirement to explain the effect in terms of outcomes.
- In question (c) knowledge needs to be used to develop an answer that considers the issue raised by the question and a criteria-based judgement is made.

Option 3: Germany: development of dictatorship, 1918-45

This option was attempted by many candidates and on the whole was answered well.

In question (a) many candidates were able to identify that the impression given by the author about the Weimar Constitution. However, there were some candidates who thought the question was about the Weimar Republic. Candidates who scored marks in level 2 (3-4 marks) were able to support their inference of the impression by selecting examples of language used by the author. Those candidates who moved into level 3 (5-6 marks) also considered the author's treatment, emphasis and selection of material in order to create the impression that was inferred.

In question (b) many candidates were able to explain the effects of the Nazi rule on the Churches. Though some answers were very generalised. Many candidates considered the effect on both the Catholic and Protestant churches with some also considering the effect on the Jewish faith. All were credit worthy and what differentiated candidates was the accuracy of the information they used (AO1) and the extent of the explanation in relation to the outcome (AO2). In question (c) (cii) was slightly more popular than (ci). It was noticeable in both questions that many students had in depth of knowledge but when coming to a judgement tended to state that something was more important or significant without applying and explaining criteria. Candidates who did secured marks in level 4.

Example scripts:

Answer TWO questions.
You should spend about 45 minutes on each question.
Indicate your first question choice on this page. You will be asked to indicate your second question choice on page 12.
Indicate which question you are answering by marking a cross in the box 🗵. If you change your mind, put a line through the box 🔀 and then indicate your new question with a cross 🗵.
Chosen question number: Question 1 🖾 Question 2 🖾 Question 3 🗷
Question 4 🖸 Question 5 🗔 Question 6 🖾
Question 7 🖸 Question 8 🖾
(a) The author gives the impression that the
Weimas Constitution the had no hope of succeeding.
the author uses a very negative tone to portraus
this impression. Words such as 'doomed'and
'doubtent' are used giving the reader a sense
of hoplessness and almost shipidity. The author
even calls the Weimar Constitution a reflection
of the problems that expisted in German society.
This was horsh but provides an obvious
point of view. The authoriting how the Weimas
republic wanted to provide German citizens with
every what they wanted. The democracy itsely
was nor well thought out, but gave
people more freedom of speech and theread
Hoer general liberty. The weiner constitution
was however a failure, as the author describes.
It caused a need for coalitions in order to
form negoties, and made for a bad
form negorines, and made for a bad

IN PROPERTY PROPERTY IN THE REAL PROPERTY IN

((a) continued) political institution.

(b) One effect of Nazi rule on the churches was the creation of the Reich church. Two thirds of the German religious population were pronestant. Protestants had some overlap. overlapping views with Nazism and so they did not resist Abgi rule. They knew ig they resisted Hitler would still take over but with more force. Hitler combined all protestant churches under the se Reich church. Thes made sermons preach Abzi beliefs and in some churches priests were nazi uniforms. This inveased Hitless ingluence and control over the German population. Another effect of Nazi rule on churches was the signing of the Concordar. Unlike the pronestant church, Boman Catholics were sound devoted to the Pope. Hitler wanted then to worship him instead of the Pope. He decided to create a Concordat between the Nazi party and the Roman Catholic church. The agreement said that the church would not connect on Nazi politics and the nazis would leave the church alone. Hitler broke the concordat by clasing some Roman catholic youth groups so the children would attend razi ones. The pope the spoke out against

((b) continued) Nazism and Hitler retaliated. He destroyed churches, arrested priests and sent them to comps, cut gunding to the churches and prosecuted those who argued with him with him.

(c)(1) OR[(c)(1)] These were nony gartors that impached the Second world was on the German home gront. Womens role became more promenant, the allied bombing attacks tilled morale, and rationing significantly decreased health and living shandards. The role of women helped the second world was grow the German home growt. With many men injured, dead or at war industry was really suggering. Without workers forms struggled to produce and industries couldn't sunction. When Hitler said allowed any woman between 17 and 65 to apply for work, morale and economy got better. the women now get that they had purpose and were helping the war effort. This more workers, forms could produce more to seed the population and industries could function More efficiently. This had a significant impact on the war. The allied bombing destroyed a lor of morele and industry. At jirst the Allies only bombed military sites, this disrupted how the production of weapons. They then began to band industry sites, limiting good and clother production. They ther began to bomb highly

((c)(i) OR(c)(ii) continued) populated civilian sizes. This tuilled and destroyed morale. treemans planted stones 90 bravery in papers to help Marale was ineffective. Motorways , reads railways wese bombed and mer it was increasingly Transport difficult neart annunition, weaponry and 2000 ho the front. This significantly mpacted war ellor Rationing was introduced and (resman civilians suffered. The new at was lighting priority over avilians when it came to had rations. This neart there was very to deed the population. Ration tickets vere introduced and stealing ration tickets meant you were sent to a concentration camp. (tood, domes and supplies were all rationed. Soon it became hard neunterin sanifation and a basic level O-l 2012/055 whition. are) workers tired neere effecting the Second blow and ill Ol lachors impached the Second but 1 would argue world was that bombing tad allied made a MORE the impact SIGMISICANT 00 role of women rationing 01

The answer for question (a) saw the candidate identify an impression and support it with detail from the extract and achieve a level 2 mark. In question (b) the candidate was able to identify two effects support them with knowledge and show how they led to an outcome and so satisfied the requirements of level 3. In question (c) the candidate accessed level 4 as there was analytical

explanation, accurate and precisely selected information and a judgement. The answer would have benefitted from clearer application of criteria when reaching a judgement.

		Ans	wer TWC) questions.				
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	Indicate your firs			his page. You n choice on p		asked to indic	ate	
	Indicate which question ye					box 🕅, if you c	hange vour	
	mind, put a line throug							
-	Chosen question number:	Question 1	23	Question 2	×	Question 3	M	
-		Question 4	×	Question 5	×	Question 6		
-		Question 7	23	Question 8	×			
	(a)							
	the author	gives 1	ht 'v	mpression	to	the real	der	
	that the wei	mar co	wstit.	HON W	AS 1	lever goin	ey +0	
	work, "It was a	loomed	from	+4+ 5+	ert.8	Hiso, the	author	
	gives the impression that the weimar was poorly							
	organised and badly put together, for example,							
	"mixed-up collection" and "so much congusion" suggests the							
	bad coordination					~		
	misture of p							
	representation, agreements were rare and rows work							
	hard to p	iss. The	autho	r glas	the	impressi	<u>e</u> ^	
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	people that lead to the galine of the coointar,							
	" cernian population was not in any way ready", here,							
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	and the tree			-		<i>v</i>		
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9 in								

(b). One effect of Nae: rule on the Chirch was the or mutual agreement to stay out oj. eachothers buissiness. A treaty was signed butween pe puit the work porty and the catholic church and pope that neither side would intergene with eachother. Hitler wonted this as he saw religion as in Gammy as a the thread as people would do anything to stay loyal to their beligs, this may were becoming our opposition to the Norzi porty- so rather instigating hatred between the two organisations, we proposed a peaceful agreement. This meant that catholic Schools, churches, catheric groups could still most thit saw the are catholic schools as a chally a to the Waz. youth. This agreement meand proceeded coexistence between the two. Another effect on that he wasi party had on religion, in constrast to the peacyfull agroument was the concership of religion. Pope puit XI made a speally that contradicted Nazi beligs as a result, Hither and the More porty began spying on churches end remand any religious symbol from poblic places, Schools and even churches. BAny per clorgyman who went against the regerns of Hitter world be taken by the Gotopo to concerntration camps churches were stripped of valaaties

((b) continued)..... and land owned by the church would be scized. Later on, Hittur banned religion and made showing ones belifies a crime punnishable without trial to a result, the perantage of religious people in Germany gell to Sie, a coording to the war: patty- Hitler replaced religion with Nacion, schools would preach his word and the crusayix would be replaced by Mazi Symbols like the Swastika.

(c)(i) OR (c)(ii). Hitter because chancellor in Garney on Donvery 30th 1933, here where several main reasons for his success; the social climote in Germany at the time, the backstairs intrigue or power strugge and lastly, war propaganda and the elections prior. I aggree with the Statement to a small extent. One main reason was no Nozi propaganda and elections that read up to Hitlers chanceller Ship-Nozi propaganda, ledd by deabells wan Witter 13 million votes in 1833, 37% of the seconds in the the Reichstage this ment that he had huger injurce of over a Reichster and was also Seen as a major pallitical gigve. Nali propaganala was so effective as it appealed to all types of Comans & former, worker, buissineschien, run and worker. Firstly women, for women to be part of the relectorate in the 14705 and 11305 was very progressin for any notion. The Naci propuganda incorreged childbirth by promising medals and doe cash insentives for women, Nall propaganta pushed for an argun race which mon wanted women to stay at nonignot work and men to work and be the preadminner, a very treditional gamity-This message appealed to large messes of armund who user not assossing Noce, but dust nationalist and traditionalit. Nazi propaganda as also made Jews

((c)(i) OR (c)(ii) continued) the scopegoat for commiss problems, in main Kampf, Adoly Hitlers book he wrote during his a potenth prisonsentence as a weath of he beer hell pusch; Witte wrote that he is not against terms but it is easy to unde a divise population of political belies with a scopegout, reis gave people a common enoug- The SA and SS and Gestapo also presented werism of strong end notionist. Hilly's use of radio and recoplaines also disperget the war's proty as progressive and high tech. All og these techniques stimulally real to great support you the war." party which helper Hitler come to power. However, this is not the most important as it doesn't directly Lead to the chancellorship of Hitler. Another reason for Hitler coming to pour was the power Struge between Hitler, von paper and von Suliecher. when Brunnig tried to pass the low bonnig the SA, it was incovered and to von & Shliechur became changestor but doe to his each of support in the reichston, ven shrecht resigned leaving it up to Hindus burg to appoint a new chancellor, von paper and nitrer made an agrement that they would work together to got pour in the reichstag. So, von paper priposed to Hinduburg max Mitted Shabled be chancellar and himself (van Super vice - Chuncellor. At girst, Hindurburg agused but the eletes

((c)(i) OR (c)(ii) continued)... accept. The elites around personalid Hindusburg mine to bussmessmer geneols who believed were army win easily injunced Hitle and CHOULD 2011 ney javourer Buissineses. This MS rich chancellarship Hetter Strugg and 48 important-foutor. halfly, the social and economic climate in Germany at the time was a vital role in Wither size power. After the wall strent creak in 1929, greeman a depression as it ned many B ANTICIA Went into leans that were reparted. This made the german inclined to vote for mon odreemis. fur more liter the communist party of the R Naci party votis than be showling got and With more gave also propaganda about Hitle could make his inem4 These diking the benun problem, this was 8.12 Berts +6..... get sw? the richstage This reason for Hitter bearing chancelloytla... main In condusion, the i disagree with the Statement mat the extremist to climate 1 belie arne I.U. reason you bitled becoming charcellar. main wal

The answer for question (a) saw the candidate identify an impression and support it with detail from the extract and achieve a level 2 mark. In question (b) the candidate was able to identify two effects with some explanation, which just moved the answer into the start of level 3. In question (c) the

candidate accessed level 4 as there was analytical explanation, accurate and precisely selected information and a judgement. The answer would have benefitted from clearer application of criteria when reaching a judgement.

Option 5: Dictatorship and conflict in the USSR, 1924-53

In question (a) many candidates were able identify that the impression was that the Plan affected agriculture the worse. Candidates supported this by selecting words and phrases used by the author to support the impression. Candidates who considered the emphasis placed by the author on the impact and suggested the author had ignored other impacts moved into level 3 (5-6 marks).

In question (b) many candidates were well aware of the purges and who was purged, but did not always then consider the impact on the armed forces. Some candidates considered the impact on Stalin's leadership and power with no reference to the armed forces.

In question (c) both questions were equally attempted, and while answers were seen that were replete with knowledge, the support, explanation and analysis of judgement was often weaker. In this type of question, the aspect of judgement in AO2 is clearly identified in all levels in the mark scheme and the candidate must address it. There was a lot of just description of Stalin's policies.

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((a) continued) and oil preduction during the Fourth Five - Year Plan # recovered and even more than the & production before, such as the steal production increased from 31,000 in 19to 38,000 in 1950, also shows that the author Joes't want to mention He positive impact of the Fourth Fire-Year Phu

(b) The First effects of the purges on the arred forces of the USSR of 75 that many high rank members were either killed or prisoned. For example, all senior, were killed and half of the junior were either killed or prisoned in order to remove the high rank members in the He armed Forces and increase Statio's control in the armed forces, The secound effect is that the armed forces were weaken be cause of the lost of the skilled generals and sorders. For example, at the start of World War 2, 3 million red a army soit sorders were already captured because of bad training and tactus made by ushilled generals.

(C)() OR (C)(11) For the statement that the main reason for collectivisation in the years 1928 to 41, was to support industriation', I only partly agree with that. Firstly, I agree that industrialisation 73 an important reason because Stalin wants use collective farms to provide more game to He city and get more warkers from He Form to I tradustry. For example, during the One to Third Fire -Year Plans, the heavy the the industry & was the put priority and etg sities such as Magnitogosk, in which its population increased from 25 AB 74 1926 to 250000 20 1932 were built. So collective Farms were used to used mcrease goin production to feed the Increasing workers. The grains sold to other come Howere, I Hack Inder to the courties also recreated from 1930 to 1940, and nore the farmers were mared to become workers because of better mages. However, I disagree that this pratit industration was the math reason, because I think that the collection wash't nessassay for udustratisation and even caused gave harrestment decreased by 1%, Also I thank

((c)(i)) OR (c)(ii) continued) Here are other Important reasons For example He remove of kulaks was a important reason. Be cause kulaks supported WEP, which was seen as failing as it le didn't help to recover the comp back to Russia Empire's er production, and even caused the gath procurement in 1932, which reduced yours transported to city to feed the workers as they wanted to racrease the price by reducing supply, Statin also wanted to collectivisation to remove kulats. But the main reason for collectionsation, I think it's because Station wanted to spread the party's influence and control in those areas. For example, Motor Tractor Stations was set up in tural areas, and communist manger members were sept to there there and collective farms to spread communitst propaganda and montfor the people, showing that Stalm wanted to moreage control and influence in raral areas the statement because although I regree udustriation has an impertant reason, Hot think that Statin hanting to spread influence and control in the rulal areas HA052974705

	- G.
((c)(1))OR (c)(11) continued) has the main reason for collectivisation	
	3

The answer for question (a) saw the candidate identify an impression and support it with detail from the extract and consider emphasis and selection and achieved a top level 3 mark. In question (b) the candidate was able to identify two effects and support them with some knowledge putting the answer just into level 3. In question (c) the candidate accessed the top of level 3 as there was some analytical explanation, accurate and relevant information and a judgement. The application of criteria for the judgement needed to be clearer.

Option 6: A world divided: superpower relations, 1943-72

This option was attempted by many candidates and on the whole was answered well.

In question (a) many candidates were able to identify the impression given by the author in regard to the attitudes of the Soviet Union and West was one of creating tension. Many supported this by selecting the author's language, and those who considered the author's selection and lack of balance moved into level 3 (5-6 marks).

In question (b) many candidates had thorough and precise knowledge regarding the invasion of the Soviet invasion of Hungary but it was those who applied it the effect on the Cold War that moved into the higher level. Typically, candidates suggested it made USA/USSR relations worse, it strengthened the Warsaw Pact and it created a stalemate in Cold War Europe.

In question (c) (cii) was slightly more popular than (ci). In (cii) candidates were well versed in the development of the Cold War 1947-49 and balanced the Truman Doctrine with other factors/events that were significant. In (ci) while candidates were very knowledgeable about the Berlin crisis of 1960-61 some candidates referred to the crisis of 1948-9.

Example scripts:

Indicate your second question choice on this page. Indicate which question you are answering by marking a cross in the box 🗵. If you change your mind, put a line through the box 🗟 and then indicate your new question with a cross 🗟. Question 1 Question 2 Question 3 Chosen question number: E3 Question 5 🛛 🖾 Question 6 🕅 Question 4 Question 7 Question 8 🖸 (a) The author gives the impression that both the USA and soviet union were very aggressive towards each other. The author repeats the word 'hostile' which emphasizes how they saw the relationship between the two superpowers. We see how both sides saw menselves as "dependers" of these respective political beliefs. The author gails to mention how the in the Tehran and Yalva conferences relation improved slightly. During the conferences the Soviets agreed to join the USA war with Japan, and Me USA would open a second grant to ease pressure of the source union. Although the author was right in saying the Grand Alliance was only a 'temporeny' give to the suspicious relation between the soviets and Americans. The The author enphasizes the differing views by mertioning how both countries view the USA. The USA describes themselves or as idependes of the Free World - whereas the Soviet Union

((a) continued) describe then as where "Big Business book advange of people." This shows the passive agressive hostility between the two Super powers.

(b) One effect of the sourcer invasion of Hungary was meter how it made the Soviets look very agressive and dominating. The soviets invaded because they were worried the uprising would cause other countries in the wassaus pact to want regarms. The Hungarians uprose wonking more rights and less oppression. The souict reaction was to invade with guns and tanks to scare the Hunganians back into line. This worked but increased international critisizen of the communist regime. The soviet union used unecessary aggression and coursed geor grom many. Another effect of the solviet invasion of Hungary was now it made the USA look dishonest and bad. The US were the ones who had been encouraging communist satir sataline states to reveilt. They promised to assist any country who would resist Her communism. The reason the uprising gailed was because the USA regused to give assistance because they didn't want to risk welkar war. Countries in NATO did take in rejugees Hungarian rejugees but they mere also blamed for the gailure of the

•			
((b) continued)	Ke	oprising	

(c)(1) OR (c)(11) During the Cold was many develop developments were neede. The Truman Doctrine, Berlin Crisis and meation of NATO all highly ingluenced the war. Some evidence would suggest that the Junen Doctrine was the most significant development. The Truman Doctrine was a way for the US to honor the policy of containment. In the Docine Truman said he would give \$ 400 million to Turkey and Greece to help Men recover from wer. He also promised evonomic and to any country who would resist communism. He gave aid to around IT countries telping them recover from war. This was a development that not any himined the spead of connunism but reduced the effect war had an the economies of Eastern Europe. The Berlin Crisis also was a significant development in the cold war. The Berlin Cisis was one thing that really impacted US and sovier relations. Before the crisis the Soviets had stopped coopiration with France, Britain and US. This lead to the creation of & bizonia. The us and britain combined their areas of Germany. This then became trigonia when France joined

((c)(i) OR (c)(ii) continued) Heir area in Germany to Bizonia. this showed a united grant against the soviets. In retaliation they By blockaded Berlin in a play to take the whole capital. Trizonia then The blockade neart the people of west Berlin were beginning to sharve. An airport was built and prizonia shipped 1000 tonnes a day of supplies into Berlin gor a year. When the Me Blochede was lighted the sovier looked like gailures and aggressive. But nost of all the crisis jurmed developed the worsening of relations between the the sovier union and USA. The creation of NATO was a big development in the war as it significantly influenced relations Agter the soviet Eatheover og Gechoslovatia the US gelt threatened. They decided to beate NATO, north attantic meany organisation. The treaty was made up of capitalist countries who all agreed to provide aid it another was attached. The US continued to give Truman Doctrine aid but this was suther reasourance of so mitual support. NATO was a political nove that made the Soviet union feel threatened and less pomerent. NATO also caused many other aspects of the Cold war. It caused the creation of the warsaw pact.

((c)(i) OR (c)(ii) continued) When west German, joined NATO it ended peaceful coexistance. NATO ingluence the cold war significantly. agree with the met the statement Junan Doctrine ost significant wes The development in the Cold was because it ingluence ters of countries. Whereas the Bedin Gisis and NATO did not affect as I also think the Truman Doctrine was 5 of the few developments 600 one war mat lead to a positive ourcome The Doctrine finatially helped many CUUN but NATO and the Bestin Crisis only ca desmichon.

The answer for question (a) saw the candidate identify an impression and support it with detail from the extract and achieve a level 2 mark. In question (b) the candidate was able to identify two effects with some explanation, which just moved the answer into the start of level 3. In question (c) the candidate accessed level 3 as there was some analysis, some accurate and relevant knowledge and judgement, but the criteria for judgement not fully applied.

Indicate your second question choice on this page. Indicate which question you are answering by marking a cross in the box 🗷. If you change your mind, put a line through the box 🗟 and then indicate your new question with a cross 🗟. Question 2 Question 3 🔛 Question 1 Chosen question number: Question 4 Question 5 Question 6 🕅 23 Question 7 Question 8 (a). gives the impresses that both sides The author people freedura that thy were protecting the .01 belived it was example no soviet union befind not for E impling that world people oround the defender 61 toot donaping capitalism wa country on +o ۵. in many people" Suggesting manipulation 2 to benight of On me USH see threselfs attac "free world" Suggesting tog the 04 OPPO HIT-C the. Bette impeaching peoples communism wdo rights erdans. Union specify that it the USA and Soviot them agrit "like the USA" and agaist the aim spesifily, for example, Soviet Union". In conclusion, the author gives account on me attitudes Hero both Superpowers.

(b)... On effect of the Hungary invasion was social-The peopue of thurgany put up a strong gight against the soviet petentes and the red or my expecting to be bucked up by the USA. The resistance of the Hundprians Shaved united discontrate with Soviet rule - 20,000 thurganians held resistance to in tanks, dispite this the upriting was creshed. This had significant social effects on only thingay but all worsom pret members, it should that nothiog the de-Stallipiscition that was promised was lie had very changed, the kingen uprising invelow and gave bird to more uprirings and repetions within the wardow put, including the czecostoration in rejoins or prouge spring. Another effect that me Hungary upriving had wor in pallifical one. The uprising was a bad look on both the us and Soviet union, BIT the tremon eloctrine Threan and he US had provided containing g commission, having since they did nothing to stop the imasion of Hungary, it showed that the US wen Weak and not proposed to comit to their provides, this gove them a bad look globally. On the other mul, the invacion as tarnished the Swiet unions reputations more. They were seen as the agressors bund also (ookd the they were lossing injurence over the satilite states. Overall, the ideosition was a pard propagana shout go both sides incrured tention between the two. As a result and further 12 Sovier

(c)(i) OR (c)(ii). The cold war developed imediating approx the end of the period with the Most WWII in 1945. However the durlopments included the Tryman doctrine, the Berlin grom 1447 to 49 crisis and the creating of WATO. doctrine in 1947 was a statement mable The Frence Truman, presioned of the US that the USA mar responsibility to contain communism. This was the first sporte was, in a way, Troman Acclosing in the cold war und war on the societ union. It was seen as a that to Stalin that he shouldn't try to expand the Soviet spine of ingrand and that if he did, there us woold Step in This was a significant durclopment of it was a public doctribute that started the ideology class within the people it also head to firster disagraments doctions that increased tentioned before the two sides. and However, it was not no verso significant as it didn't lead to conglight and was not a regal policy, it was simply a scare-tactic. Another Significant fuctor way the Berlin crisis between 1948 and 1949 was where Stalin and Trumon where disagrunny about having a united garmony. Stalin worted to prove that a divided gammy would not function 50 cut of the two ground supplies syron welt German h to west Berlin but crutially, he left the air corridors open. Statin also did this as people were escoping grom east growing to west Berlin, 26 if he cut it off, it dirinante discreable plane ine to auld 1-255 to

((c)(i) OR (c)(ii) continued) and people would stay in east gammy. Nowen, this was more propaganda victory for the wett as it resulted in the Burlin airlyt, were sep good, coat and for fuel from British and the US would be flow. in via the air condets and supply the people in west Berlin This was à significant diversponnt as 14 displayed stating willingness to repordise the lines of people in west greating. It also gave grounde to the largest propaganda war in HB without the However, it was not the most significant or it didn't at any point point indical Another preparations for worgare. development Another significant moder for more for the cold war was the creation of NHTO in 1949. The Worth Attantic Treatyse Organisation was a graye of within country including the USA and Britain that relice on collective Security. If any of the NATO mondard were attacked, all other newsbors would come to their passistance. This was Significant as it showed that the west saw statin and the servicet union as a the hyper threat, it also me warson puct, be a similar or similar organisat lawyel grounde you the commission acomingon a between the USSR and Atr satilite states. The was significant as it should ghat both sice were proposed to the war and saw eachiter as the onitries. Pto

((c)(i) OR (c)(ii) cont	inued)		
on cond	usron, 1 believe +	not ne	crution of
NATO in	1940 word the	t	Signigicant development
in the	cold war, as i	t during 1	abele apparition to
the sourt	union and com	new'sma	

The answer for question (a) saw the candidate identify an impression and support it with detail from the extract and achieve a level 2 mark. In question (b) the candidate was able to identify two effects with some explanation, which just moved the answer into the start of level 3. In question (c) the candidate accessed level 4 as there was analytical explanation, accurate and precisely selected information and a judgement. The answer would have benefitted from clearer application of criteria when reaching a judgement.

Option 7: A divided union: civil rights in the USA, 1945-74

In question (a) many candidates were able to identify the impression given by the author regarding the HUAC investigations. Many inferred that the impression was that the investigations were excessive, heavy handed and unfair and supported this by selecting words and phrases used by the author.

In question (b) candidates who had precise knowledge were able to explain the effects of the anti-Vietnam War movement the USA, but many had generalised knowledge and described the actions of hippies and did not relate that to the question.

In question (c) (cii) proved to be more popular than (ci). However, the quality that was seen in both responses was very high. Awareness of the significance of the Montgomery Bus Boycott, Brown versus Topeka and Little Rock was very evident, with many candidates able to analyse their impact on the development in civil right rather than just narrate the events. Similarly, the actions of MLK and other factors were well explained in relation to civil rights legislation in the 1960s.

Example script:

Chosen question number:	Question 1 🛛	Question 2	Question 3	×
	Question 4	Question 5	Question 6	×
	Question 7 🛛			
(a) In extract				
impression H	hat HUA	ic only.	wanted	fome
and was	config iar	trying to	spread	
hysteria for	its own	gain. Th	re author	Use
Language Su	ich as "	wanted a	higher	profi
implying that	HUAC	wanted	o incre	ase
fame ang	The a	that also	Says t	the
hysteria real				
His suggests		~ 1		
being infiltra				
myth and				
that it u	las true.	The cuthe	V ILSES	a
witical tone				
no believe				
there being				
USO HA				
The author	USer th	le intorm	1.00 011	21

(a) continued) threat. However they emit to say that there was many spies who webeace were convicted of spying and sharing secrets. The Rosenburgs, Julius and Ethel were prosecuted for sharing nuclear Secrets in 1951 and executed in 1953.

(b) One effect of the anti-vietnam war movement was Nixon's meproved of troops for vietnam. In light of moss protests Nixon removed most of the troops from Vietnam, consequently he increased bombing and Nopalming which increased protests over the environment and east next human rights Another effect of the anti-vietnam war movement was siteins and teach-ins were students would debate if war was really necessary. Many students protested and burnt the American flage which caused backlash against them from the elderly for being unpatrictic

(c)(i) OR (C)(i) I think that the main reason for why the civil rights are legislation was passed too in the 1960s to was because of Martin luther king. This way because he had a focussed goal on ending Jim row and was very influencial. One reason for the passing of civil rights legislation in 1960s was because of Martin lutherer king. King had a focussed goal of ending Jim crow and achieved this in the 1964 and 1965 civil rights act which mode Segregation illegal and made a fair voting test which all had to take. However these could not have happend without the efforts of king. King was very influencial, he gathered many people to take part in the sector and the Washington march 1963, and the Birmingham march 1965. He was a prolific speaker encouraging many people having famously written the 'I have a dream' and the Espeech from Birming ham jail. Speceter King 'I have a dream' and the was at the fore front of civil rights in the 1960s as was one of the reasons for why the civil rights legislations 16

((c)(i) OR (c)(ii) continued) Ver were passed. Another reason for the passing of the civil rights legistration in 1960s was SNCC. SNCC was the Student non-violent comittee campaign who took part in events such as the Sit-ins and the freedom rides. One specific freedom ride was one in which the bus was fire bombed the leaving many injured . Stee Was a non-violent east organisation until 1965 When Stokley carmicheal took charge and James Meredith was shot but up until offer the civil rights act succ was non-violent. They worked with King and wanted the end of Jim crow, and were Successful when in 1964 and 1965 voting chattering of black African Americans increased and Segreguition became illegal. SNCC was a main reason why civil rights legislations when were passed in the 1960s because it was the first time both black and white & people were comparigning for civil rights.

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((c)(i) OR (c)(ii) continued) The final reason for did the passing of civil rights legisalhions toos in be the 1960s was because of President The Jack J.F. Kennedy . In 1961 Kennedy Sent 300 Federal troops into Mississippi to help James Meredith get enrolled at the university. This was the first sign that kennedy supported African Americans, kennedy also supported the civil rights act of 1964 and 1965. The civil rights act of 1964 was first thought about by Truman, Kennedy relooked at it and brought it before Senate. Unfortunatley Kennedy was assossingted before it was passed but both the 1964 and 1965 civil rights acts where were supported by him. In conclusion I would say the main reason why the civil rights legislation was passed in 1960 the 1960s was because of Martin luther king. King was very instuencial and had a specific goal to end Jim crow which he achieved. Although SNCC MAR protested with both black and white protesters they did not have the influence of ting.

Kennedy was influencial Ver ((c)(i) OR (c)(ii) continued).... took only he and both Civil Suppor rower W Where the as had was CI tion ary far JOIN mach tog ether a olent b NOn me ins Di ge ou

The answer for question (a) saw the candidate identify an impression and support it with detail from the extract and then begin to consider emphasis and selection, which allowed to access level 3. In question (b) the candidate was able to identify two effects, but explanation was limited, which kept the answer in level 2. In question (c) the candidate accessed level 4 as there was analytical explanation, accurate and precisely selected information and a judgement. The answer would have benefitted from clearer application of criteria when reaching a judgement.