PAP	ER 1F			
1.	(a)	(i)	2 x 1 marks for accurate plotting & labelling	2
		(ii)	Afghanistan	1
		(iii)	6	1
		(iv)	2 x 1 marks for any 2 valid reasons e.g. little water treatment; waste disposal uncontrolled	2
	(b)	(i)	2 x 1 marks - expect a little more than stating for 1 mark	2
			e.g. irrigating farmland	
		(ii)	3 marks - suggest look for:	3
			 Up to 3 reasons e.g. more industry needing water (1 mark) 	
			 2 reasons with 1 exemplified/developed (2 marks) 	
			 linked account based on higher living standards 	
	(c)		For maximum marks expect:	4
			Collection (1 -2 marks) e.g. reservoir	
			Pipelines (1-2 marks)	
			Treatment works (1-2 marks)	
			Examples (e.g. country) as alternative to description of one or more of 3 stages in safe supply	
			Total 15 marks	
2.	(a)	(i)	Hurricanes	1
		(ii)	either a valid region e.g. Indian Ocean or affected country e.g. Bangladesh	1
		(iii)	Allocate either 1 + 2 or 2 + 1 to source and path e.g. West African coast for source (1 mark); westerly track (1 mark) across Atlantic (1 mark) No marks to naming of area.	3
	(b)	(i)	1 + 1 e.g. strong winds; heavy rain	2
			Accept wind and rain (2 marks)	
		(ii)	Suggest reserve 1 mark for clarifying hazardous (i.e.danger/damage), 1 mark for point about less extreme weather inland, and 2 marks to process (e.g. oceanic heat source)	4
	(c)		Expect for:	4
			L1 = basic response referring to lower impact in MEDCS (1-2 marks)	
			L2 = some reasoning behind scale of impact e.g. prediction; precautions (3-4 marks)	

Total 15 marks

3.	(a)	(i)	accept manufacturing; oil/gas	1
		(ii)	accept rubber/palm oil/timber/tin	1
		(iii)	non-renewable	1
		(iv)	1. primary	2
			2. secondary	
	(b)	(i)	2 x 1 marks - any two valid factors: physical (e.g. climate)	2
		(ii)	1 mark for development name e.g. irrigation scheme, 2	3
			marks for explanation	
	(c)	(i)	Valid type of manufacturing e.g. cars; electronics	1
		(ii)	2 x 2 marks - 1 mark for each valid factor stated e.g.	4
			labour costs, 2 nd mark for explanation	
			Total 15 marks	
4.	(a)	(i)	MEDCs	1
		(ii)	Expect 1+3 marking though 1 mark transferable in special circumstances.	4
			1. 300,000 sq.km	
			2. Location = 'central'; London-Milan; country names	
			All valid and creditable points.	
		(iii)	Expect peripheral idea (1 mark)	1
		(iv)	3x1 marks - Accept any valid indicator in each case e.g. Economic - GDP p.p. drop Population - emigration/out-migration Social - unemployment	3
	(b)		2 x 1 marks - Any two valid reasons e.g. government aid	2
	(c)		N.B. Growth poles located on Figure 4	4
			L1 = expect broad concept of government intervention via spending policies (1-2 marks)	
			L2 = expect specific areas of spending stated e.g. road building; public projects with some development at top of band (3-4 marks)	

Total 15 marks

5.	(a)	(i)	4	1
		(ii)	The Northeast or The Midwest	1
		(iii)	The South	1
		(iv)	1 + 1 - Accept sunbelt and counterurbanisation ideas	2
	(b)		Allocate 1 mark to push and 1 mark to pull	2
	(c)	(i)	Credit accurate definition	2
			Maximum marks for stating a push and pull factor (2x1) in context of urban push and rural pull (1 mark)	
		(ii)	Reason e.g. rural quiet	2
	(d)		2 + 2 marks. Allocate 1 mark to naming of each cause (e.g. wars)	4
			2 nd mark in each case to description (or explanation)	
			Total 15 marks	
6.	(a)	(i)	2 x 1 marks - Credit any 2 valid points e.g. sloping ground; high altitude; all to NW	2
		(ii)	Allocate 1 mark to:	3
			 Figure 6 data i.e. newest are shanties, earliest are not 	
			 Idea of building improvement (but still squat on land) 	
			Closeness to CBD	
		(iii)	Expect reasons of age and distance to city (2 x 1 marks) (2) with explanation(s).	2
	(b)	(i)	2 x 1 marks - Credit any two valid features e.g. high-rise	1
			buildings, shops & offices	
		(ii)	2 x 1 marks - Suggest:	3
			high-cost housing	
			 new housing (i.e. bungalows) 	
			• government employees	
			rich business people	
			Any 2 for maximum marks	
	(c)		L1 = Lists "lifts" e.g. rapidly expanding; squatter settlements	4
			(1-2 marks)	
			L2 = Expect some working of data e.g. 90km across or explicit understanding of what a mega-city is (3-4 marks)	
			Total 15 marks	

7.	(a)	(i)	12%	1
		(ii)	Non-agricultural uses	1
		(iii)	1 mark = broad idea e.g. dry/desert-like	2
			2 marks = deeper concept e.g. little use/plant growth limited	
	(b)	(i)	1 mark = desertified (linking to (a) (iii))	2
			2 marks = expect details e.g. eroded ravines; bare soil	
		(ii)	L1 = expect farming (1 mark)	4
			L2 = expect crops and grazing, or one developed (e.g. overgrazing; ploughing) (2-3 marks) L3 = expect both developed (4 marks)	
		(iii)	Reserve 1 mark for definition of subsistence farming; 2 marks for food shortage and pressure to work land or roam	4
	(c)	L1 = expect consequences listed or one consequence only (e.g. migration; famine), perhaps a really non-specific	6	
			(1-2 marks)	
			L2 = expect place-specificity and some development of perhaps one consequence (3-4 marks)	
			L3 = expect at least 2 consequences explained in a spatial context (5-6 marks)	
			Total 20 marks	
8.	(a)	(i)	Expect 2 of: fertile soil; warm all year; reliable water supply	2
		(ii)	3x2 marks - for each, basic idea = 1 mark; 2 nd mark for development e.g. 2: afford to pay (1 mark); fresh, high quality vegetables (1 mark)	6
			Credit any valid danger e.g. competition from other suppliers; low prices	
		(iii)	Basic idea = 1 mark, development = 2 marks	2
	(b)	(i)	2x1 marks - Credit any two valid reasons e.g. modern transport; adventure	2
		(ii)	Expect economic response e.g. "export earnings" (1 mark); jobs; resources for development	2
		(iii)	L1 = expect example (e.g. ecotourism) and basic descriptive points (1-2 marks)	6
			L2 = expect concept of sustainability understood and some development (3-4 marks) L3 = expect case study (5-6 marks)	
			Total 20 marks	
9.	(a)	(i)	3 x 1 marks - Any 3 valid statements from Figure 9 e.g. lack access to safe water	3
		(ii)	1 mark - a level below which	2
			1 mark - illustration of concept or terms like absolute	

	poverty,	basic	needs	not	met
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(iii) Suggest 1 mark for:

3

- 4 m illiterate and 10 m unemployed
- defining illiteracy

link between illiteracy and unemployment (e.g. work requires ability to...)

- (b) L1 = expect clarification of what aid is e.g. loans (1-2 marks) 6
 L2 = expect details about aid e.g. its role or organisations/agencies... (3-4 marks)
 L3 = expect reference to either appropriate aid (e.g. IT; technical assistance..) or to alternative strategies e.g. trade (5-6 marks)

PAPER 2H

1.	(a)	(i)	clean; safe to drink (1 mark)	2
			regular supplies of e.g. piped clean water (2 marks)	
		(ii)	Any 2 valid reasons e.g. little water treatment; waste disposal uncontrolled (2 x 1 marks)	2
	(b)	(ii)	Suggest look for up to 3 reasons e.g. better human hygiene (1mark) with 2 nd mark for example (e.g. daily rather than weekly bathing)	6
	(c)		For maximum marks expect: Collection (1-2 marks) e.g. reservoir Pipelines (1-2 marks) Treatment works (1-2 marks)	4
			Examples (e.g. country) as alternative to description of one or more of 3 stages in safe supply	
	(d)		L1 = expect implicit understanding of river regime and stating of factor affecting it e.g. dam (1-2 marks)	6
			L2 = expect explicit understanding of regimes and either water supply management developed or other factors stated (3-4 marks)	
			L3 = expect more than one factor (e.g. dam; precipitation) used to explain regime pattern. Diagram or named river may be offered (5-6 marks)	
			Total 20 marks	

2.	(a)	(i)	either a valid region e.g. Indian Ocean or affected country e.g. Bangladesh	1
		(ii)	Allocate either 1 + 2 or 2 + 1 to source and path e.g. West African coast for source (1 mark); westerly track (1 mark) across Atlantic (1 mark) No marks to naming of area.	3
	(b)	(i)	Accept wind and rain (2 x 1) plus descriptive points e.g. cloud and heavy rain (2x2 marks)	4
		(ii)	Suggest reserve 1 mark for clarifying hazardous (i.e. danger/damage), 1 mark for point about less extreme weather inland, and 2 marks to process (e.g. oceanic heat source)	4
	(c)	(i)	Expect power of nature idea (1 mark); development (1 mark)	2
		(ii)	L1 = basic response referring to lower impact in MEDCs (1-2 marks)	6
			L2 = some reasoning behind scale of impact e.g. prediction; precautions (3-4 marks) L3 = developed reasons by means of valid examples (5-6 marks)	
			Total 20 marks	
3.	(a)	(i)	1. primary (1)	2
			2. secondary (1)	
		(ii)	1. e.g. teaching	2
			2. e.g. banking	
			credit any valid examples	
		(iii)	2 marks for relating to sectors, e.g. primary decline (1	2
			mark); industrialisation (1 mark)	
	(b)	(i)	2 marks for 2 valid factors, e.g. climate	4
			2 marks for examples (e.g. rainfall and rice)	
		(ii)	As per (b) (ii) on Tier F (1 +2 marks)	3
	(c)	(i)	Valid type of manufacturing, e.g. cars; electronics	1
		(ii)	L1 = expect stated factors only, e.g. labour costs (1-2 marks)	6
			L2 = stating plus some explanation (3-4 marks) L3 = expect a case study approach (5-6 marks)	
			Total 20 marks	

4.	(a)	(i)	Single-point marking or developed point marking (3x1)(2 +1)	3
			Expect central/core ideas and named places (cities and/or countries))	
		(ii)	Banana shape (1 mark)	2
			Economically hot (1 mark)	
		(iii)	Expect peripheral idea plus remoter/coastal idea (2 x 1 marks)	2
	(b)	(i)	Accept 3 indicators stated or 2 indicators with description for maximum marks. Expect economic, social or population indicators for maximum marks.	3
		(ii)	Explanation for maximum marks. Expect reasons, e.g. investment, resources 2 explained reasons = 4 marks.	4
	(c)		L1 = Expect broad concept of government intervention via spending policies (1-2 marks)	6
			L2 = Expect specific areas of spending stated, e.g. road-building; public projects with some development for 4 marks (3-4 marks) L3 = Expect explanation and example(s) (5-6 marks)	
			Total 20 marks	

5.	(a)	(i)	Expect both inter-regional and international for maximum marks, e.g. Americans are moving south to the 'sunbelt' (1 mark); in-migration from Canada (1 mark	4
		(ii)	Avoid double-marking and credit pull and push ideas. Basic structure is 1 mark per valid reason with 2 nd mark for explanation.	2
	(b)	(i)	Credit accurate definition.	2
		(ii)	L1 = Lists factors for migrating (1-2 marks)	6
			L2 = Understands these factors as urban push and rural pull. Perhaps unbalanced (3-4 marks)	
			L3 = Explains both urban push and rural pull to indicate migration (5-6 marks)	
		(iii)	L1 = Lists causes(e.g. job seeking) or one cause described (1-2 marks)	6
			L2 = Develops two causes into description (3-4 marks)	
			L3 = Expect either further cause addressed and/or place knowledge of named area (5-6 marks)	

) .	(a)	(1)	mark. Differences are age, location, services, shanties	3
		(ii)	Expect one reason for each difference in part (a)(i)	3
			Up to 3 marks for Figure 6 evidence (e.g. new bungalows; rich business people)	
	(b)	(i)	e.g. earliest nearest because (1 mark each)	1
		(ii)	Allocate 1 mark to choice, e.g. south-east of CBD	3
	(c)		L1 = Lists "lifts" e.g. rapidly expanding; squatter settlements (1-2 marks)	4
			L2 = Expect some working of data e.g. 90km across or explicit understanding of what a mega-city is (3-4 marks)	
	(d)		L1 = Lists/states factors, e.g. accessibility, land values or merely describes a typical land use pattern in a city (1-2 marks)	6
			L2 = Develops one factor (3-4 marks)	
			L3 = Develops at least two factors or gives locational knowledge (5-6 marks)	

7.	(a)	(i)	Expect two changes, e.g. declined; 12% loss; 275 m. ha. lost	2
		(ii)	1 mark = broad idea e.g. dry/desert-like	2
			2 marks = deeper concept e.g. little use/plant growth limited	
	(b)	(i)	Reserve 1 mark for understanding of fragility, i.e. under threat.	2
			1 mark for evidence, e.g. savanna becomes desert	
		(ii)	L1 = Expect farming (1 mark); A - F (sequence of savannah to desert) (1-2 marks)	5
			L2 = Expect crops and grazing, or one developed (e.g.) overgrazing; ploughing) (3-4 marks)	
			L3 = Expect both developed (5-6 marks)	
		(iii)	Reserve 1 mark for definition of subsistence farming; 2 marks for food shortage and pressure to work land or roam	4
	(c)		L1 = expect consequences listed or one consequence only (e.g. migration; famine), perhaps a really non-specific (1-2 marks)	6
			L2 = expect place-specificity and some development of perhaps one consequence (3-4 marks)	
			L3 = expect at least 2 consequences explained in a spatial context (5-6 marks)	
	(d)		Expect tropical rainforests (specification requirement) or acceptable alternatives.	9
			L1 = Basic response referring to management, conservation and perhaps international co-operation and allusion to sustainability (1-3 marks)	
			L2 = Expect clarity regarding sustainability and specific actions (e.g. agro-forestry) outlined (4-6 marks)	
			L3 = Expect case study approach (7-9 marks)	

8.	(a)	(i)	Up to 2 marks for giving reasons stated in Figure 8 (i.e. fertile soil etc.).	3
			Reserve 3 rd mark for explanation (e.g. year-round growing season).	
		(ii)	3x2 marks - for each, basic idea = 1 mark; 2 nd mark for development e.g. 2: afford to pay (1 mark); fresh, high quality vegetables (1 mark)	6
			Credit any valid danger e.g. competition from other suppliers; low prices	
		(iii)	Basic idea = 1 mark, development = 2 marks	2
	(b)	(i)	Expect economic response which, for maximum marks, focuses on need for development. Credit points up to 3 (e.g. export earnings; jobs)	4
		(ii)	L1 = expect example (e.g. ecotourism) and basic	6
			descriptive points (1-2 marks)	
			L2 = expect concept of sustainability understood and some development (3-4 marks) L3 = expect case study (5-6 marks)	
	(c)		Expect 'why', not 'how'.	9
			L1 = Expect basic points about negative impact of mass tourism (1-3 marks)	
			L2 = Expect a range of impacts, environmental and economic (4-6 marks)	
			L3 = Expect examples named and impacts explicitly linked to sustainable future. Expect popular package holiday destination(s) (7-9 marks)	
			T 1 100	

9.	(a)	(i)	Meaning, e.g. level below (1-2 marks)	2
		(ii)	Evidence, e.g. lack of access to safe water	2
		(iii)	Recognising that half are above the poverty line and half below (1 mark). (2)	2
			South Africa is a middle-income country therefore the top half are prosperous (2 nd mark)	
		(iv)	Reserve 1 mark for cycle of poverty idea. Trapped in (3) cycle (1 mark).	3
			Links in cycle, e.g. illiterate and unemployed (1-2 marks)	
		(v)	3x2 marks - For each, award 1 mark for clarifying (e.g. 3= falling output) and 2 nd mark for reason (e.g. smaller workforce)	6
		(b)	L1 = expect clarification of what aid is e.g. loans (1-2 marks)	6
			L2 = expect details about aid e.g. its role or organisations/agencies (3-4 marks)	
			L3 = expect reference to either appropriate aid (e.g. IT; technical assistance) or to alternative strategies e.g.trade (5-6 marks)	
		(c)	L1 = Expect measures stated, e.g. birth control; industrial investment (1-3 marks)	9
			L2 = Expect development of one measure, e.g. where; how it works (4-6 marks)	
			L3 = Expect more than one measure explained or a case study approach for one measure, e.g. Chinese one-child policy	

PAPER 3

(Reading from top to bottom) 1. (a) C/f Α D Ε 5 x 1 marks (5) (b) 1 mark for each correct plot. 4 x 1 marks (4) (c) Point mark for similarities/differences. Similarities include both areas have trees and plants, both areas have modern buildings and are busy. Differences include the pavements (wide in Orchard Road, no pavements along the East Coast Parkway), Orchard Road is less busy and less noisy. 2 x 2 marks (4) (d) Level 1 =1-3 marks Simple statements copied from the sketches and/or the graphs. Level 2 = 4-5 marks More developed comments made such as there are more trees in the CBD than the inner city. Level 3 = 5-7 marks Clear comparisons made e.g. there are more trees in the CBD and at the edge of the city suggesting that the environment is (7) more pleasant in these areas.

2.	(a) (b)	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v)	North/north west East Wood Holford 1 km 311 metres 1 x 5 marks Labels from left to right. Woodland. River Holford. A39 1 x 3 marks	(5)
	(c)	(i) (ii)	1. G 2. H 2 x 2 marks 1 correct plot = 1 mark 2/3 correct plots = 2 marks 4/5 correct plots = 3 marks 6 correct plots = 4 marks	(2)
		(iii)	Point mark. Positive. Weakly positive/ the correlation is not strong. 2 x 1 mark.	(2)
		(iv)	Point mark. Possible responses include:- The velocity increases with depth. Figures used to show the relationship. Anomalies. Noticing that the relationship or the conclusion is tentative. 1 x 4 marks.	(4)

3.	(a)	(i)	A recognisa	able geographical question or issue.	(1)	
		(ii)	1 mark	riefly stated. ven in detail or two clear aims.	(1)	
		(iii)	2 marks. Point mark. A recognisable place. Location detail such as town or river names. A detailed description of the location, possibly using compass directions.			
	(b)	(i)	Outlining	a problem that relates to the investigation.	(1)	
		(ii)		A suitable solution to the problem. 1 mark. An explanation of how this solved the problem. 1 mark.	(1)	
	(c)	(i)		2 x 1 marks. Naming 2 types of data. 2 x 1 mark. Describing or illustrating presentation of this data. 2 x1 mark.	(4)	
		(ii)	Level 1	= 1 - 2 marks		
			Level 2	Simple ideas such as easy to draw. = 3 - 4 marks More advanced ideas such as showing proportion or allowing for easy comparisons.	(4)	
		(iii)		Name of method. I mark. Ensuring that the method is relevant to the investigation/data.		
				1 mark.	(2)	