## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper

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## for the guidance of teachers

## 0460 GEOGRAPHY

0460/21

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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age 2			Paper
	IGCSE – October/Noven	1ber 2011 0460	21
) (i)	<b>C</b> road, (allow <b>A</b> also)		[1]
(ii)	race course,		[1]
(iii)	Colbeck Castle/point of interest,	[1]	
(iv)	Plantain,	[1]	
(v)	well(s), (well and spring = 0)		[1]
) (i)	marsh/swamp, sugar, mixed/scattered cultivation, (trees and pasture,		
	2 = 1 mark		[2]
(ii)	the river flows from north to south,	,	
	Cancel one correct statement for ever	y tick more than four.	[4]
) (i)	3742,		[1]
(ii)	2850–3000 (metres)		[1]
(iii)	242°, (more than one tick = 0)		[1]
acc low she she gap airs wha doc rails nati	ess to sea transport/coast for export or and coast, Iter from coral/reef, Iter from bay, s in reef for access, trip, urf for ships/export or import, k/inlet at power station, vay, ural harbour,	<sup>-</sup> import,	[4]
	(ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (v) (i) (ii) (ii) (i	IGCSE – October/Noverr     (i) C road, (allow A also)     (ii) race course,     (iii) Colbeck Castle/point of interest,     (iv) Plantain,     (v) well(s), (well and spring = 0)     (i) mangrove, marsh/swamp, sugar, mixed/scattered cultivation, (trees and pasture, built up area/settlement, (buildings = 0)     2 = 1 mark     (ii) the river flows across flat land, the river flows from north to south, there is coral at the mouth of the river, the river is crossed by a railway, Cancel one correct statement for ever     (i) 3742,     (ii) 2850–3000 (metres)     (iii) 242°, (more than one tick = 0)     flat land, access to sea transport/coast for export or lowland coast, shelter from bay, gaps in reef for access, airstrip, wharf for ships/export or import, dock/inlet at power station, railway, natural harbour, power station for electricity,	IGCSE - October/November 2011 0460   (i) C road, (allow A also) (ii) race course,   (iii) race course, (iii) Colbeck Castle/point of interest,   (iv) Plantain, (v) well(s), (well and spring = 0)   (i) mangrove, marsh/swamp, sugar, mixed/scattered cultivation, (trees and scrub = 0) pasture, built up area/settlement, (buildings = 0)   2 = 1 mark   (ii) the river flows across flat land, the river flows from north to south, there is coral at the mouth of the river, the river is crossed by a railway, Cancel one correct statement for every tick more than four.   (i) 3742,   (ii) 2850–3000 (metres)   (iii) 242°, (more than one tick = 0)   flat land, access to sea transport/coast for export or import, lowland coast, shelter from bay, gaps in reef for access, airstrip, wharf for ships/export or import, dock/inlet at power station, railway, natural harbour, power station for electricity,

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	(e)	marsh/swamp/mangrove, marsh/swamp unattractive, marsh/swamp prevents access/construction, mangrove difficult to clear/prevents access, few/no roads, few/no beaches, industry developed max 2 (air pollution, noise pollution, visual pollution),				
2	(a)	(i)	10(%	[1]		
		(ii)	there	e is no clear pattern, (more than one tick = 0)		[1]
	(b)	(i)	bet (	better) food, better) medical care, better) education, (more money = 0)		
			negle	s parents, ected/maltreated by others, tional difficulties,		[2]
		(ii)		e access to better schools/housing/medicine etc., e more money for food/clothes,		
			diffei suffe	t speak language (therefore isolated), rence in culture/religion therefore persecuted/isolate er because parents have little money, rimination developed or example,	ed/hard to adapt,	[2]
		(iii)	have	e access to better schools etc., e more money for food/clothes, support family/send money to family,		
			suffe	er crime, er prostitution, eless/street children,		
			One	benefit and one problem in each case.		[2]
3	(a)	(i)		ey shaded to approximately 255m behind dam, er level must be between contours)		[1]
		(ii)	25m	,		[1]
	(b)	(i)	disso	e to carbonation, olves in rainwater/attacked by acid rain, ause limestone/carbonate,		[2]
		(ii)		ks will allow water penetration, to freeze-thaw/frost shattering,		[2]

	Page 4		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – October/November 2011	0460	21
	(iii)		e to oxidation/reaction with air/reaction with oxygen, ause iron (minerals)/iron minerals rust,		[2]
4	Br	nuclea	sed/scattered, ated/clustered, ribbon, (in a line = 0)		[3]
	low	dulatir /(er) ir	•		
	pa: no	sture l crops			
	gra tre	ass an es on	id trees, field boundaries/around buildings/in groups, ve no leaves		
			s one mark for each section. Insfer between sections.		[5]
5	(a) (i)		amount of vegetation/crop cover more erosion, exposed to force of water/wind,		[2]
	(ii)	vege dry s	rainfall needed for wind erosion/high rainfall for wate etation dies when rainfall low, soil/dust picked up by wind, water flows over surface and picks up soil,	er erosion,	[2]
	(iii)		p slopes needed for erosion by water (but not wind) er runs downhill/greater flow/greater momentum ( pic	-	
		One	mark for description and one for explanation in each	h case.	[2]
	e.g not e.g	i. 1970 t wate j. 1974	cause low rainfall years have high erosion, 0/1972/1982/1983/1994/2002/2003, r because little erosion in high rainfall years, 4/1975/2000,		
	dis	cussio	on of mechanisms of wind erosion in dry years,		[2]
6	mil larg ver	d/coo ge ani ry low	hot summers/any month between April and October l/warm winters/any month between November and N nual range of temperature (allow temperatures from rainfall/dry/desert/arid,	/larch,	
			onths with no rain, ost rain in summer/July and August,		[4]

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 (b) scrub/bushes, flat-topped, no leaves, short/small vegetation, (small trees = 0) two layers, scattered/sparse/bare earth, patches of grass, yellow/pale green/brown/grey,

[4]