

Mark Scheme (Results)

June 2011

International GCSE

French 4FR0 Paper 2

Edexcel is one of the leading examining and awarding bodies in the UK and throughout the world. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers.

Through a network of UK and overseas offices, Edexcel's centres receive the support they need to help them deliver their education and training programmes to learners.

For further information, please call our GCE line on 0844 576 0025, our GCSE team on 0844 576 0027, or visit our website at www.edexcel.com.

If you have any subject specific questions about the content of this Mark Scheme that require the help of a subject specialist, you may find our **Ask The Expert** email service helpful.

Ask The Expert can be accessed online at the following link: http://www.edexcel.com/Aboutus/contact-us/

Alternatively, you can contact our French Advisor directly by sending an email to LanguagesSubjectAdvisor@EdexcelExperts.co.uk.

You can also telephone 0844 5760035 to speak to a member of our subject advisor team.

(If you are calling from outside the UK please dial + 44 1204 770 696 and state that you would like to speak to the Languages subject specialist).

June 2011
Publications Code UG027929
All the material in this publication is copyright
© Edexcel Ltd 2011

Question	Answer	Mark
Number 1(i)	E	(1)
1(1)		
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		(4)
1(ii)	Α	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(iii)	D	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number	Allswei	Mark
1(iv)	В	(1)
Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(v)	С	(1)
_(-)		(-/
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		(4)
2(i)	В	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2(ii)	E	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Question Number	Allswei	Mark
2(iii)	С	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number 2(iv)	F	(1)
	1.	(-)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2(v)	D	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		Tid.ix
3(i)	С	(1)
Ouest:	1 A m 0 11 2 1	Mal
Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(ii)	A	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark

Number		
3(iii)	G	(1)
Ouestion	Answer	Mark

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(iv)	D	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(v)	F	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4	Écrivez environ 50 mots en français sur une visite en ville. Write about 50 words in French about a visit to town.	(10)

Communication and content	Mark
No effective communication	0
The task has not been completed. There is little meaningful communication.	1
Most of the text may have been copied without any attempt to adapt it. The	
message is mostly incomprehensible.	
The task may be only partly completed. Some of the information may have	2
been copied from the text without any attempt to adapt it. The message may	
be incomprehensible at times.	
The task is mostly completed but with some ambiguity. Some of the	3
information may not be fully relevant. The message is generally	
comprehensible overall.	
The task is mostly completed. The information is relevant. The message is	4
comprehensible. There may be minor omissions or ambiguity.	
The task is completed. The information is fully relevant. The message is	5
comprehensible and well organised. It may show some originality.	

Knowledge and application of language	Mark
No language worthy of credit.	0
Only isolated examples of accurate language. Frequent errors which prevent communication. No awareness of language structure.	1
Simple vocabulary and structures only just adequate to the task. Much inaccuracy which impedes communication. Very limited verb forms. Genders and spellings are weak.	2
Vocabulary and structures are quite simple but adequate to the task. Some variety may be attempted, but inaccurate language sometimes impedes communication. Genders, spellings, verb forms are inconsistent.	3
Vocabulary and structures generally appropriate to the task. Some variety but correct usage is not always maintained. Basic errors are evident but they rarely interfere with communication.	4
Appropriate vocabulary for the task. Simple and more complex structures are generally used accurately. There may be minor lapses which do not impede communication.	5

Question Number	Answer	Mark		
5(a)	monte		(1)	
Question Number	Answer	Answer		
5(b)	mauvaise (accept : mai	uvais)	(1)	
Question Number	Answer		Mark	
5(c)	gros		(1)	
Question Number	Answer	Answer		
5(d)	moins (accept : mons / mois = careless copying)		(1)	
Question Number	Answer		Mark	
5(e)	Contre (reject : montre)		(1)	
			1	
Question Number	Answer	Answer		
6	Une bibliothécaire par	rle		
	10 marks + additional marks are available for the quality of French in your answers.			
Question Number	Answer	Reject	Mark	
6 A	25 ans / pendant (L)	à 25 ans		

Question Number	Answer	Reject	Mark
6 A	25 ans / pendant (L) depuis 25 ans (M) elle y travaille depuis 25 ans (H) il y a 25 ans (L)	à 25 ans tu es la bibliothècaire depuis (but NB repeat error) depuis (qu') elle a 25 ans avec 25 ans	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Reject	Mark
6в	les langue(s) (à) langues	la langue les languages elle a étudié les langues jusqu'au bac	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Reject	Mark
6c (i)	Accept parts i) and ii) in either order quelquefois elle travaille seulement le matin (H) quelquefois elle ne travaille pas l'aprèsmidi parfois elle travaille seulement les matins (M) Elle travaille à mitemps Elle ne travaille pas à plein temps	quelquefois elle ne travaille pas le matin d'autres fois can vitiate answer elle a le temps libre pour toute un journée ou seulement le matin	(1)
6c (ii)	Accept parts i) and ii) in either order Elle a cinq semaines de vacances Elle a plusieurs semaines de vacances	ella a cinq vacances par an	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Reject	Mark
6D	(accept most comprehensible references to children) les enfants 'les enfants cadet dixhuit ans'	infants	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Reject	Mark
6 E	il y a une inscription annuelle (M un adulte paie <u>une inscription</u> (M) il / elle/ on doit payer <u>une inscription</u> (H) C'est <u>seulement</u> les qui ne paient pas (NB lifted from text = (L) La bibliothèque est <u>gratuite</u> seulement pour les enfants après <u>l'âge</u> de 18 ans	parce que les enfants ne paient pas d'inscription (no 'seulement') parce qu'ils ont plus de 18 ans (but credit for language)	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Reject	Mark
6F	Idea of what she cannot do OR some comparison OR idea of something being more difficult Parce qu'elle aime connaître ses clients et elle ne peut / pourrait faire ca dans une grande bibliothèque elle ne pourrait / peut pas connaître ses clients (H) elle ne pourrait / peut pas parler avec ses clients elle n'aurait / n'a pas de / le temps pour parler à / pour connaître ses clients) moins de rapports avec les clients Accept attempts at conditional: elle ne	mes clients elle aime connaître ses clients et dans une grande bibliothèque ils ne peuvent pas acheter assez de livres parler à ses clients elle aime connaître ses clients	(1)

connaîtrorai nac (M)	
connaîtrerai pas (M)	
. , ,	

Question Number	Answer	Reject	Mark
6 G	Two ideas needed: i) money ii) not enough		(2)
	(i) la bibliothèque n'a pas beaucoup/assez(ii) d'argent	était ne beaucoup quantité pas était moins que le normal	
	elle n'a pas un plus d'argent = 1 elle ne peut pas acheter autant de livre <u>qu'elle</u> <u>veut</u> = 1	mention of the word budget (but harmless addition to otherwise correct answer)	
	nous n'avions pas beaucoup d'argent = 2		
	il n'y avait pas assez d'argent = 2 elle a petit argent (L) = 2 elle a peu argent (M) = 2		
	elle / la bibliothèque a peu d'argent (H) = 2 Il y a ne beaucoup pas l'argent (very L) = 2 l'argent est ne suffissament pas (very L) = 2 la bibliothèque n'est pas riche = 2		

Question Number	Answer	Reject	Mark
бн	le directeur (de Mme B) a décidé d'acheter des ordinateurs (H) son / le directeur a pris la décision de' (M)	elle a acheté des ordinateurs parce que le directeur d'acheter des ordinateurs	(1)
	son / le directeur a acheté plusieurs (L)	ton / mon / votre directeur	

le directeur va acheter plusieurs le patron a acheté le directeur voulait acheter on a acheté / va acheter la bibliothèque a acheté / va acheter
--

Knowledge and application of language	Mark
No language worthy of credit.	0
Basic vocabulary and structures frequently inappropriate. Little or	1
no evidence of language awareness. Frequent basic errors and	
inaccuracies impede communication. Nearly all material directly	
lifted from the original text.	
Limited vocabulary and structures. Frequent lapses. Some	2
evidence of accurate language, which is mostly lifted straight	
from the original text. Main points are, however, communicated,	
despite inaccuracies.	
Adequate vocabulary and structures. Quality of accuracy is	3
inconsistent and sometimes impedes communication. Basic	
grammar generally mastered, but weaknesses evident in more	
difficult areas.	
Appropriate vocabulary and structures often used accurately.	4
There may also be a few basic errors which rarely interfere with	
communication.	
Appropriate vocabulary and structures generally used accurately.	5
There may be occasional minor lapses which do not impede	
communication.	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
7	See published mark grids	(15)

	- N - I -
Communication and content	Mark
No relevant communication.	0
Little relevant information conveyed. Level of response very	1
limited. Much ambiguity and/or incoherence. Except for isolated	
items, would not be comprehensible to a native speaker.	
Key information given; possibly major omissions and/or	2
irrelevance, repetition. Level of response minimal with limited	
evidence of description or opinions. Some ambiguity. Just about	
comprehensible overall. Sentences written in isolation. Not easy	
to read.	
Suitable relevant information conveyed, although there may be	3
some omissions and/or irrelevance. Evidence of ability to go	
beyond a minimal response, beginning to expand ideas and	
express opinions. Some ambiguity, especially if more ambitious	
language is attempted. Comprehensible overall. Some attempt at	
linking piece into a whole. Ambiguous in places.	
Detailed response to the stimulus, although there may be minor	4
omissions. Evidence of description, opinion and expansion, as	
appropriate to the task. Meaning generally clear. Some lapses.	
Reasonable attempt to link the piece into a whole. Generally	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
coherent. May be rather pedestrian or alternatively somewhat	
over-ambitious.	

Very detailed and fully relevant response to the stimulus. Clearly able to narrate,	5
describe, express opinions and expand, as appropriate to the task. Excellent	
communication; no ambiguity. Excellent linking of the piece into	
a whole. Coherent and pleasant to read.	

Knowledge and application of language	Mark
No language worthy of credit.	0
Very limited language, which greatly restricts communication. Language very basic and frequently inappropriate. Little understanding of language structures and/or formation and use of tenses. Occasional almost correct phrase or short sentence, but this will be pre-learned	1
Limited vocabulary and structures, only just adequate to the task. Language basic and sometimes inappropriate. Sentences simple and usually short. There may be some simple subordination. Some evidence of correct formation and use of verbs/tenses, but frequent lapses. Pre-learned, set phrases predominate. Some attempts at enhancement of facts, but this is likely to be only partially successful.	2
Vocabulary and structures adequate to the task. Style basic, correct syntax when using simple, short sentences. Some longer sentences where syntax is not always correct. Evidence of correct formation of tenses, with some lapses. Some attempts to manipulate language, despite use of pre-learned language and/or set phrases at times; this may be only partially successful.	3
Evidence of a range of vocabulary and structures appropriate to the task. Some attempt to vary sentences by using more ambitious structures, although unlikely to be wholly successful. Tenses generally appropriately used. Some ability to manipulate language to suit purpose, albeit with mistakes.	4
Vocabulary and structures comfortably equal to the task. No repetition. Confident use of a variety of complex structures. Range of tenses appropriately used. Clear ability to manipulate language to suit purpose.	5

Accuracy	Mark
No language worthy of credit.	0
Frequent basic errors and inaccuracies prevent communication.	1
Isolated examples of correct language. Very little or no evidence	
of correct verb formation.	
Frequent basic errors, but main points communicated. Some	2
correct phrases, but frequent misspellings, inaccurate genders,	
incorrect verb endings.	
Fairly accurate in simple language. Errors do not prevent	3
communication. About half of what is written should be free of	
major errors; inaccuracy increases when more complex	
structures are attempted.	
Generally accurate in straightforward language. Accuracy can be	4
more variable when more complex structures are attempted.	
High level of accuracy. Not faultless, but only occasional minor	5
errors. Secure when	
using more complex language, though not necessarily faultless.	

Further copies of this publication are available from Edexcel Publications, Adamsway, Mansfield, Notts, NG18 4FN

Telephone 01623 467467
Fax 01623 450481
Email <u>publication.orders@edexcel.com</u>
Order Code UG027929 June 2011

For more information on Edexcel qualifications, please visit $\underline{www.edexcel.com/quals}$

Pearson Education Limited. Registered company number 872828 with its registered office at Edinburgh Gate, Harlow, Essex CM20 2JE





