

## Mark Scheme (Results) November 2008

**IGCSE** 

IGCSE French (4365) Paper 2



0 11		
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(i)	F	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(ii)	D	(1)
1(11)		(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number	Allswei	IVIAI K
		(4)
1(iii)	E	(1)
		T - 1
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(iv)	C	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(v)	В	(1)
1(V)	ם ן	(1)
Question	Anguar	Mark
	Answer	IVIAIK
Number	(11)	(4)
2(a)	(ii)	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2(b)	(i)	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2(c)	(ii)	(1)
2(0)	] (")	(.,
Question	Answer	Mark
	Allswei	IVIAI K
Number	(:)	(1)
2(d)	(i)	(1)
	1.	T
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2(e)	(ii)	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
3(a)	Vingt	(1)
- (α)	] ····a.	('/
Question	Angwor	Mark
	Answer	IVIAI K
Number		(4)
3(b)	motivation	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
3(c)	Bien	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(d)	Interéssante	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(e)	La montagne	(1)

Question	Indicative content	Mark
Number		
4	This question will be assessed according to the standard assessment criteria for writing given below. This can also be found on page 16 of	
	the Specification.	(10)

Marks	Communication and Content
5	The task is completed. The information is fully relevant. The message is comprehensible and well organised. It may show some originality.
4	The task is mostly completed. The information is relevant. The message is comprehensible. There may be minor omissions or ambiguity.
3	The task is mostly completed but with some ambiguity. Some of the information may not be fully relevant. The message is generally comprehensible overall.
2	The task may be only partly completed. Some of the information may have been copied from the text without any attempt to adapt it. The message may be incomprehensible at times.
1	The task has not been completed. There is little meaningful communication. Most of the text may have been copied without any attempt to adapt it. The message is mostly incomprehensible.
0	No effective communication.

Marks	Knowledge and Application of Language
5	Appropriate vocabulary for the task. Simple and more complex structures are generally used accurately. There may be minor lapses which do not impede communication.
4	Vocabulary and structures generally appropriate to the task. Some variety but correct usage is not always maintained. Basic errors are evident but they rarely interfere with communication.
3	Vocabulary and structures are quite simple but adequate to the task. Some variety may be attempted, but inaccurate language sometimes impedes communication. Genders, spellings, verb forms are inconsistent.
2	Simple vocabulary and structures only just adequate to the task. Much inaccuracy which impedes communication. Very limited verb forms. Genders and spellings are weak.
1	Only isolated examples of accurate language. Frequent errors which prevent communication. No awareness of language structure.
0	No language worthy of credit.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5	(a) (f) (g) (i) (j)	(5)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(a)	C'était le jour du départ en vacances Sa famille allait partir en vacances. Parce que c'était les vacances. (In this context.)	C'etait le jour de notre depart en vacances. Reference to « Je, Mon or Nous » Il départ C'était le jour que Didier partir pour les grandes vacances. Parce que il alle pour les grandes vacances.	(1)
Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(b)	Voiture Auto	Train Métro or other. Ils vont pris la voiture.	(1)
Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(c)	en banlieue Dans un appartement.	Oui / Ils habitent au cœur de Paris. Ils habitaient	(1)
Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(d)	Sur la Côte d'Azur. Il se trouve St. Tropez sur la Côte d'Azur. Se trouve loin de Paris sur la Côte d'Azur.	Loin de chez nous Sur la côte au bord de la mer. On se trouve sur la Côte d'Azur.	(1)
Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(e)	(II a été) surpris/supris étonné. II a eu surpris.	J'ai été surpris / content / heureux Cela m'a étonné Ils étaient surprisent. Didier a surpris. Cela s'a surpris.	(1)

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(f)	Pour éviter les péages À cause des péages Les autoroutes sont payantes Les autoroutes ne sont pas gratuites Il faut payer pour prendre I'autoroute Sur les petites routes, c'est gratuit. Ils doivent/devent/devront/ont dû/devaient payer pour utiliser les autoroutes.	Il faut payer C'est payant Il faut payer pour utiliser les (petites) routes Les routes, c'est payant C'est plus calme Il y a moins de circulation. Ils devant payer pour utiliser les autoroutes.	(1)
Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(g)	Une journée où la circulation est intense	Une journée dangereuse C'est un avertissement.	(2)
Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(h)	Elle a horreur de conduire quand il fait nuit/elle n'aime pas elle déteste Elle n'aime pas conduire à la nuit. Elle n'avait pas voulu de conduire dans la nuit.	Elle n'aime pas la nuit Elle n'aime pas conduire Il faisait toujours jour. Elle horreur de conduire la nuit. Elle est horreur de conduire la nuit. Ils sont arrivés avant la tombée de la nuit. Il a horreur de conduire la nuit. ( Could refer to Didier)	(1)
Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
6(i)	Le repas cher (au restaurant) Le prix du dîner (au resto). Elle dit que les repas sont très chers. Ils vont choisir une autre destination de vacances l'année prochaine.	Le restaurant La nourriture Tout est cher	(1)

Marks	Knowledge and Application of Language
5	Appropriate vocabulary and structures generally used accurately. There may be occasional minor lapses which do not impede communication.
4	Appropriate vocabulary and structures often used accurately. There may also be a few basic errors which rarely interfere with communication.
3	Adequate vocabulary and structures. Quality of accuracy is inconsistent and sometimes impedes communication. Basic grammar generally mastered, but weaknesses evident in more difficult areas.
2	Limited vocabulary and structures. Frequent lapses. Some evidence of accurate language, which is mostly lifted straight from the original text. Main points are however communicated, despite inaccuracies.
1	Basic vocabulary and structures, frequently inappropriate. Little or no evidence of language awareness. Frequent basic errors and inaccuracies impede communication. Nearly all material directly lifted from the original text.
0	No language worthy of credit.

## Section C

Question	Indicative content	Mark
Number		
7	Question 7 is marked out of 15 using the three grids in the following	(15)
	pages.	

Marks	Communication and Content
5	Very detailed and fully relevant response to the stimulus. Clearly able to narrate, describe, express opinions and expand, as appropriate to the task. Excellent communication; no ambiguity. Excellent linking of the piece into a whole. Coherent and pleasant to read.
4	Detailed response to the stimulus, although there may be minor omissions. Evidence of description, opinion and expansion, as appropriate to the task. Meaning generally clear. Some lapses. Reasonable attempt to link the piece into a whole. Generally coherent. May be rather pedestrian or alternatively somewhat over-ambitious.
3	Suitable relevant information conveyed, although there may be some omissions and/or irrelevance.  Evidence of ability to go beyond a minimal response, beginning to expand ideas and express opinions.  Some ambiguity, especially if more ambitious language is attempted.  Comprehensible overall.  Some attempt at linking piece into a whole. Ambiguous in places.
2	Key information given; possibly major omissions and/or irrelevance, repetition. Level of response minimal with limited evidence of description or opinions. Some ambiguity. Just about comprehensible overall. Sentences written in isolation. Not easy to read.
1	Little relevant information conveyed. Level of response very limited. Much ambiguity and/or incoherence. Except for isolated items, would not be comprehensible to a native speaker.
0	No relevant communication.

Marks	Knowledge and Application of Language
5	Vocabulary and structures comfortably equal to the task. No repetition. Confident use of a variety of complex structures. Range of tenses appropriately used. Clear ability to manipulate language to suit purpose.
4	Evidence of a range of vocabulary and structures appropriate to the task.  Some attempt to vary sentences by using more ambitious structures, although unlikely to be wholly successful.  Tenses generally appropriately used.  Some ability to manipulate language to suit purpose, albeit with mistakes.
3	Vocabulary and structures adequate to the task. Style basic, correct syntax when using simple, short sentences. Some longer sentences where syntax is not always correct. Evidence of correct formation of tenses, with some lapses. Some attempts to manipulate language, despite use of pre-learned language and/or set phrases at times; this may be only partially successful.
2	Limited vocabulary and structures, only just adequate to the task.  Language basic and sometimes inappropriate. Sentences simple and usually short. There may be some simple subordination.  Some evidence of correct formation and use of verbs/tenses, but frequent lapses.  Pre-learned, set phrases predominate. Some attempts at enhancement of facts, but this is likely to be only partially successful.
1	Very limited language, which greatly restricts communication.  Language very basic and frequently inappropriate.  Little understanding of language structures and/or formation and use of tenses.  Occasional almost correct phrase or short sentence, but this will be pre-learned.
0	No language worthy of credit.

Marks	Accuracy
5	High level of accuracy. Not faultless, but only occasional minor errors. Secure when using more complex language, though not necessarily faultless.
4	Generally accurate in straightforward language. Accuracy can be more variable when more complex structures are attempted.
3	Fairly accurate in simple language. Errors do not prevent communication. About half of what is written should be free of major errors; inaccuracy increases when more complex structures are attempted.
2	Frequent basic errors, but main points communicated. Some correct phrases, but frequent misspellings, inaccurate genders, incorrect verb endings.
1	Frequent basic errors and inaccuracies prevent communication. Isolated examples of correct language. Very little or no evidence of correct verb formation.
0	No language worthy of credit.