CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

FOOD SCIENCE 0635/03

Paper 3 Alternative to Coursework

May/June 2003

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials:

Coloured pencils Compass Eraser Pencil

Ruler

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen in the spaces provided on the Question Paper. You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs, or rough working. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

If you have been given a label, look at the details. If any details are incorrect or missing, please fill in your correct details in the space given at the top of this page.

Stick your personal label here, if provided.

For Examiner's Use

Question 1

Question 2

Question 3

TOTAL

This document consists of 12 printed pages.



Answer all questions.

- 1 There has been an increase in the number of reported cases of food poisoning in recent years.
 - (a) The following information was given by a local health department:

Cases of food poisoning	g over the last five years
Year 1	6484
Year 2	6268
Year 3	7756
Year 4	7965
Year 5	8712

(i)	Calculate the difference in number of cases between:	
	(a) years 1 and 2;	
	(b) years 4 and 5	[2
(ii)	Suggest four possible reasons for the difference in the number of cases.	
		ΓΑ'

		3	Ex
(b)	(i)	Present the information on the number of food poisoning cases over the five years as a bar chart.	
		[8]	
	(ii)	Evaluate the quality of your bar chart and comment on its usefulness.	
		[3]	

(C)	(1)	LIST	Tour symptoms of food poisoning.
		1	
		2	
		3	
		4	[2]
	(ii)	Ехр	lain what is meant by the following terms used in relation to food poisoning:
		(a)	cross-contamination;
		` ,	
		(b)	incubation period;
		(-)	
		(C)	toxic food poisoning;
		(d)	"high risk" foods.
			[4]
(d)			d explain five points you would consider when observing the hygiene of ps or stalls.

e)	Explain the advice you would give on the storage, preparation and cooking of frozen poultry.
	[10]

2

Pro	ein is an important nutrient in the diet.
(a)	Explain the importance of protein foods in the diet.
	[4]
(b)	Identify and explain four reasons why individuals might choose to avoid animal sources
(=)	of protein in their diet.
	[6]
(c)	You are interested in finding out the main sources of protein in the diet of a group of
(0)	people.
	(i) List the different sources of protein avilable which could be used in a chart as a basis for your investigation.
	[3]

(ii) Prepare a chart and explain how you might use it to record the frequency and type of protein eaten by your target group.

[7]

(d)	d) Sources of protein can be preserved in many ways. Identify five methods of preservation and in each cas could be preserved by that method. State the scie method of preservation.	
	Method of preservation Source	of protein
	Scientific principles	
	Method of preservation Source	of protein
	Scientific principles	
	Method of preservation Source	of protein
	Scientific principles	
	Method of preservation Source	·
	Scientific principles	
	Method of preservation Source	
	Scientific principles	
		[10]

- **3** You have been asked to investigate the use of different fats for making shortcrust pastry, keeping the flour constant.
 - (a) Study the recipe below:

200 g (8 oz) flour 100 g (4 oz) fat 2.5 ml ($\frac{1}{2}$ teasp.) salt 2 \times 15 ml (2 tablesp.) cold water.

(i)	State the proportion of fat to flour in this recipe.
	[1]
(ii)	List four ways of varying the fat used in the recipe.
	1
	2
	3
	4[2]

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Give the temperature at which shortcrust pastry should be baked.

(b)	Identify eight controls you would follow when carrying out the investigation to ensure a fair comparison between the samples of pastry made with the different fats.
	[8]
(c)	State the criteria a tasting panel could use when evaluating the pastries.
	[2]
(d)	One method which a tasting panel could use to indicate preference is to give a score on a scale from 1 to 5, with 1 indicating the least preferred. Suggest two other methods which could be used.
	1
	2
	[2]

)	Explain why the following faults may occur when making short crust pastry:		
	(i)	pastry which has shrunk;	
		[1]	
	(ii)	hard and tough pastry;	
	(11)	nard and todgir pastry,	
		[1]	
		[1]	
((iii)	crumbly pastry which is difficult to roll;	
		[1]	
(iv)	blistered pastry.	
		[1]	