

# Mark Scheme Report (Results)

November 2010

IGCSE

IGCSE English Language (4355) Paper 03





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#### Main Assessment Objective:

• read with insight

## Supporting Assessment Objectives:

- develop and sustain interpretations of texts
- select material appropriate to purpose
- understand and evaluate how writers use linguistic and structural devices to achieve their effects

Question	Indicative content	Mark
number 1	<ul> <li>A relevant answer will focus on:</li> <li>evaluating how the writer tries to help the reader understand the sadness and hopelessness of the deportees' situation</li> <li>using textual evidence to substantiate the points made</li> <li>the writer's presentation and use of techniques, including use of language.</li> </ul> Candidates are free to interpret textual details in a variety of ways. The following section represents a likely interpretation of the text but examiners must evaluate other responses on their merits. It is important to be alert to unusual responses which are well explained and substantiated by effective use of textual evidence.	15

### the reactions of the deportees and the other people, to what is happening

what the orderly says suggests the finality of what is happening	He advised them tothrow them from the train as camp orders forbade access to the post.
the adults write the postcards with passionate intensity	Some wrote with sobbing passion, some with punctilious care
the posture of the adults deportees suggests defeat	slumped against the walls
their refusal to drink seems a desperate act	refused to drink because they knew it meant breakfast, and therefore the departure
the commandant and police carry out their orders compliantly and show no concern	the commandantsat with a list of namesthat another policeman was calling out in alphabetical order
the watching women's response to the departure shows desperation and grief	A shower of food was thrownby women wailing and calling out their names, though none of the scraps reached
the desperate look of the woman trying to remember her child	She was looking to remember, for ever.

## the way the children are presented

some children are grateful even for the smallest act of kindness	One of the older boys embraced her in his gratitude
contrast between their vulnerability and the harshness of the context	the soft bloom of his cheek laid, uncaring, in the dung.
the children can escape by sleep	The children were spared the last hours by their ability to sleepto dream of other places.
Andre acquires an adult awareness	it came to André that she was not looking in hatred(but) to fix the picture of her child in her mind
pathos - the helplessness of the baby	A baby of a few weeks was being lifted on to the bus

## other details that show how desperate circumstances are

the deportees have few possessions, lack	Two or three pencils that had survived
basic things	
improvised drinking cups	holding out sardine cans
the help offered itself is pathetic	none of the scraps (of food) reached the
	enclosure
the banality of homely everyday things	Five white-and-green municipal buses
contrasts with the people's desperation	
the de-personalised orderliness of the	a list of namesin alphabetical order
bureaucratic process contrasts with its	
actual purpose	

### The use of language

words suggesting the end	final messagelast hours
Words that suggest emotion often of an	sobbing passionterrible ferocity
extreme kind	intensely open
juxtaposition of contrasting words	soft bloom/dung
	quickening of muscles and nerve/homely
	thudding
words applied to objects also have	Two or three pencils that had survived
reference to (or contrast ironically with) the	Fivemunicipal busesnow stood
humans	trembling
sentences varied to create effect e.g. a	She was looking to remember, for ever.
short sentence providing a cathartic climax	
evocative phrasing	the gendarme needed time to work the
	wooden crib over the passenger rail

#### The 'best fit' approach

An answer may not always satisfy every one of the assessment criteria for a particular mark range in order to receive a mark within that mark range, since on individual criteria the answer may meet the descriptor for a higher or lower mark range. The 'best-fit' approach should be used to determine the mark range which corresponds most closely to the overall quality of the response.

Mark	Descriptor
Range	
0-1	very basic attempt at comment
	extremely limited content
	minimal grasp of how the writer tries to make us aware of the sadness
	and hopelessness the situation
2	basic understanding of the text
	unclear and undeveloped points
	little awareness of how the writer tries to make us aware of the
	sadness and hopelessness the situation
3-4	some understanding of the text
	some relevant points but little development
	limited awareness of how the writer tries to make us aware of the
	sadness and hopelessness the situation
5-6	fair but not fully-developed understanding of the text
	valid points with some development
	some understanding of how the writer tries to make us aware of the
	sadness and hopelessness the situation
7-8	generally sound and sustained grasp of text
	several clear points with generally appropriate examples/references
	fair understanding of how the writer tries to make us aware of the
	sadness and hopelessness the situation
9-10	sound and sustained grasp of text
	range of relevant points with sound examples/references
	clear understanding of how the writer tries to make us aware of the
11.10	sadness and hopelessness the situation
11-12	good analysis based on thorough understanding of the text
	a range of well-focused points with apt examples/references
	thoughtful interpretation of how the writer tries to make us aware of
10.14	the sadness and hopelessness the situation
13-14	Perceptive analysis and assured understanding of the text
	coherent and fully developed ideas deftly supported with
	examples/references
	sensitive interpretation of how the writer tries to make us aware of
45	the sadness and hopelessness the situation
15	astute and penetrating analysis of the text
	cogent and original exploration of ideas and evidence
	sophisticated and individualistic interpretation of how the writer tries
	to make us aware of the sadness and hopelessness the situation

Total for Section 1: 15 Marks

Question number	Indicative content	Mark
2(a)	Range of writing: argue	15
	<ul> <li>Assessment Objectives:</li> <li>communicate clearly and imaginatively, using and adapting forms for different readers and purposes</li> <li>organise ideas into sentences, paragraphs and whole texts</li> <li>use a range of sentence structures effectively, with accurate punctuation and spelling.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>In all answers to writing questions, the examiner's focus should be on the quality of the writing.</li> <li>It is important not to have preconceptions of what is appropriate or not, particularly in terms of ideas or the expression of them.</li> <li>Each answer will need to be judged on its merits, and the skill and effectiveness with which the candidate answers the question.</li> <li>Examiners must be alert to unusual, perhaps original approaches (for instance in style, content, structure, ideas and so on) which address the question in an engaging, yet relevant way, and reward these positively.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>In this question, the clear expression and presentation of argument in support of the candidate's ideas are the key discriminators.</li> <li>The answer should show a sense of an appropriate letter form and audience. The letter should be addressed to the editor (e.g. Dear Editor, Sir/Madam, or a name) and have an appropriate conclusion (Yours sincerely/faithfully). Heading addresses are not required.</li> <li>The tone and style should reflect the context and be reasonably formal.</li> <li>The argument should be developed in a logical, clear style, with ideas linked by verbal devices. Candidates should use examples and evidence to support their ideas.</li> <li>Points agreeing with the article might include: teenage obesity and eating disorders; earlier incidence of diseases e.g. diabetes; surveys that show teenagers are unfit, unhealthy and unhappy; poor handwriting skills as a result of too much dependence on computers, and so on.</li> <li>Points disagreeing with the article might include: many teenagers are very active; compulsory games at school; computers are essential for research; word processing aids presentation; teenagers' involvement in volunteer work, charity sponsorship, and so on.</li> </ul>	
	Weak answers are likely to show little sense of the newspaper context; be brief and undeveloped in argument; over assertive in tone; loose and casual in style. More successful answers will show a clear awareness of context, purpose and audience; adopt an appropriate tone; develop a clear argument in support of the candidate's ideas.	
	NOW REFER TO PAGES 12-13 FOR THE ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVE GRIDS.	
	In applying the grids, bear in mind the need for the 'best fit' approach.	

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<ul> <li>Candidate should use examples and evidence to support their ideas.</li> <li>It is difficult to suggest what typical content will be offered, but it is likely to refer closely to the bullet points.</li> <li>Weaker answers are likely to be undeveloped and give brief points of advice in an uncertain structure. They will show little awareness of the context. Stronger answers will make a good range of aptly chosen points of advice, with clear explanations, and show an effective command of the context. Better answers will also tailor the advice to the audience.</li> <li>NOW REFER TO PAGES 12-13 FOR THE ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVE GRIDS.</li> <li>In applying the grids, bear in mind the need for the 'best fit' approach.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Assessment Objectives:</li> <li>communicate clearly and imaginatively, using and adapting forms for different readers and purposes</li> <li>organise ideas into sentences, paragraphs and whole texts</li> <li>use a range of sentence structures effectively, with accurate punctuation and spelling.</li> <li>In all answers to writing questions, the examiner's focus should be on the quality of the writing.</li> <li>It is important not to have preconceptions of what is appropriate or not, particularly in terms of ideas or the expression of them.</li> <li>Each answer will need to be judged on its merits, and the skill and effectiveness with which the candidate answers the question.</li> <li>Examiners must be alert to unusual, perhaps original approaches (for instance in style, content, structure, ideas and so on) which address the question in an engaging, yet relevant way, and reward these positively.</li> <li>In this question, the clarity and detail of the advice are key discriminators.</li> <li>The chosen style or register should reflect the specified audience.</li> <li>The context implies a degree of formality. Its structure and expression should reflect this.</li> <li>The use of rhetoric and of words and phrasing patterned for effect and/or to persuade merits reward.</li> <li>Candidate should use examples and evidence to support their ideas.</li> <li>It is difficult to suggest what typical content will be offered, but it is likely to refer closely to the bullet points.</li> </ul> Weaker answers are likely to be undeveloped and give brief points of advice in an uncertain structure. They will show little awareness of the context. Stronger answers will also tailor the advice to the audience. NOW REFER TO PAGES 12-13 FOR THE ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVE GRIDS.	15

Question number	Indicative content	Mark
2(c)	Range of writing: imagine, entertain	15
	<ul> <li>Assessment Objectives:</li> <li>communicate clearly and imaginatively, using and adapting forms for different readers and purposes</li> <li>organise ideas into sentences, paragraphs and whole texts</li> <li>use a range of sentence structures effectively, with accurate punctuation and spelling.</li> <li>In all answers to writing questions, the examiner's focus should be on</li> </ul>	
	the quality of the writing.	
	It is important not to have preconceptions of what is appropriate or not, particularly in terms of ideas or the expression of them. Each answer will need to be judged on its merits, and the skill and effectiveness with which the candidate answers the question. Examiners must be alert to unusual, perhaps original approaches (for instance in style, content, structure, ideas and so on) which address the question in an engaging, yet relevant way, and reward these positively.	
	The key discriminator is the degree to which the candidate engages and sustains the reader's interest.	
	<ul> <li>As with 2(a), the response should show a sense of an appropriate letter form and audience. In this instance, however, the tone and style are likely to be much more informal.</li> <li>The letter should be addressed to the friend (e.g. Dear Friend) and have an appropriate conclusion, but this could be very informal. Heading addresses are not required.</li> </ul>	
	• The letter should be structured clearly, with paragraphs and linking	
	<ul> <li>words.</li> <li>It is impossible to be prescriptive or even indicative about content, which will depend on the experience of individual candidates. The subject matter could be serious or light hearted. It is particularly important in this question for examiners to be open-minded and judge each response on its own merits.</li> <li>The consistency with which a candidate maintains his or her adopted approach may well be important in defining the overall success of the answer.</li> </ul>	
	Weaker answers will be brief, loosely expressed, and give little sense of audience or purpose; more successful answers will be engagingly written and securely structured, and have a strong sense of audience.	
	NOW REFER TO PAGES 12-13 FOR THE ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVE GRIDS.	
	In applying the grids, bear in mind the need for the 'best fit' approach.	

Writing skills	Band/ Range	Descriptor
Effectiveness of communication	Band 1 0 - 3	Communicates at a basic level, limited vocabulary, little variety of sentence structure. Little awareness is shown of the purpose of the writing and the intended reader.
Organisation		Organisation is simple with limited success in opening and development
Spelling Punctuation Grammar		The spelling of common words is usually correct though inconsistencies are present. Basic punctuation is used with some control. Sentence construction and variety shows some control.
Effectiveness of communication	Band 2 4 - 6	Communicates in a broadly appropriate way. There is some evidence of control in choice of vocabulary and sentence structure. Shows a basic grasp of the purpose and of the expectations/requirements of the intended reader shown
Organisation		Shows some grasp of text structure, with opening and development and broadly appropriate paragraphing and other sequencing devices
Spelling Punctuation Grammar		Full stops, capital letters, question marks are used together with some other marks, mostly correctly/ grammatical structuring of simple and some complex sentences is usually correct/spelling of simple and more complex words usually correct
Purpose and audience	Band 3 7 - 9	Generally clear sense of purpose and understanding of the expectations/requirements of the intended reader shown
Effectiveness of communication		Communicates clearly; well chosen vocabulary; some evidence of crafting in construction of sentences
Organisation		Organisation mostly sound; clear text structure; controlled paragraphing to reflect opening, development and closure together with successful use of cohesive devices
Spelling Punctuation Grammar		Spelling of a wide range of words is accurate. Punctuation is mostly secure. Sentence construction and variety are accurate and used to create effects with only occasional errors.

## Writing Mark Scheme: Paper 3 Part 2

Effectiveness of communication	Band 4 10 - 12	Communicates effectively, with aptly chosen vocabulary and well-controlled variety in sentence construction. A secure realisation of the writing task according to the writer's purpose and the expectations/requirements of the intended reader is shown.
Organisation		Organisation is secure, text structure is well-judged; effective paragraphing and a range of cohesive devices between and within paragraphs.
Spelling Punctuation Grammar		Spelling is almost always accurate, with occasional slips. Punctuation is accurate with a wide range of marks used to enhance communication. A wide range of sentence constructions and sentence variety is used effectively to create intended impact and convey nuances of meaning.
Effectiveness of communication	Band 5 13 -15	Compelling in its communicative impact. Extensive vocabulary and skilful control in the construction of varied sentence forms. Strong and assured, sharply focused on purpose and the expectations/requirements of the intended reader shown.
Organisation		Sophisticated control of text structure, skilfully sustained paragraphing, assured application of a range of cohesive devices
Spelling Punctuation Grammar		Spelling of a wide and ambitious vocabulary is consistently accurate. Control of a range of punctuation marks is precise, enabling intended emphases and effects to be conveyed. Sentence construction and variety is ambitious and assured; There is sophisticated control of expression and meaning.

Total for Section 2: 15 Marks Total for Paper: 30 Marks

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