Please check the examination de	etails below before entering you	candidate information
Candidate surname	Other n	ames
Pearson Edexcel International GCSE	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Thursday 13	June 2019	
Afternoon (Time: 50 minutes)	Paper Reference	re 4ES1/02
English as a Se	cond Langu	iage
Paper 2: Listening		
)
You do not need any other m	- • •	Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Check that you have the correct question paper.
- You will have time at the beginning of each part to read the questions before you hear the recording.
- You will hear each recording twice.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Dictionaries may **not** be used in this examination.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Write your answers clearly and neatly.
- Read each question carefully and keep to the word limits given.
- Try to answer every question.
- Provided that your answers can be understood, marks will not be deducted if you spell words incorrectly. However, your answers should be grammatically correct.

Turn over ▶







Answer ALL questions in this part. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Section A

In this section, you will hear five short extracts in which people are talking about their hobbies.

Read the list of hobbies below, then listen to the extracts.

For each question, 1–5, identify the hobby (A–H) by marking a cross for the correct answer \boxtimes . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box \boxtimes and then mark your new answer with a cross ⋈.

Not all hobbies are given and each hobby may be used more than once.

One mark will be awarded for each correct answer.

- **A** drawing
- reading
- C stamp collecting
- gardening
- digital photography
- star gazing
- **G** walking
- **H** cooking
- Speaker 1

В C Н Α D Ε F G

X X X X X X X X

2 Speaker 2

> Α В C D Ε G Н

X X X X X X X X (1)

Speaker 3 3

> E Н Α В C D G

X X X X X X X X

(1)

(1)

4	Spea	ker 4							
	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	
	X	X	X	×	×	×	$ \mathbf{x} $		(1)
5	Spea	ker 5							
	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	
	×	×	×	\times	\times	\times	\times		(1)
Se	ction	В							(- /
ln	this se	ection	, you v	will he	ear a p	erson	talkir	ng about how to trace your family heritage.	
		stion: words					wer th	ne questions below. Write no more than	
Or	ie ma	rk wil	l be a	ward	ed fo	each	corre	ect answer.	
6	Who	have	made	e prog	ramm	es ab	out fai	mily roots popular?	(1)
7	Wha	t is th	e first	thing	you s	hould	write	about?	(1)
8	Whe	re do	some	famili	ies rec	ord th	ne mo	st important events in their lives?	(1)
9	Wha	t is a v	ery u	seful t	tool w	hen d	oing y	our research?	(1)
10	Wha	t else	can y	ou use	e to fir	nd out	wher	e your family originally came from?	(1)



Answer ALL questions in this part. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

In this part, you will hear a careers officer giving advice to teenagers on interviews.

For Questions 11–18, listen and then complete the notes. Write no more than THREE words for each answer.

One mark will be awarded for each correct answer.

Advice on how to prepare for an interview

The purpose of the interview	
An interview is essentially a (11)two people.	involving
	(1)
You will be able to (12)	what you are good at. (1)
Before the interview	
Try to (13)	your experience to what the job
requires.	(1)
It is important that you (14)	the evening
before the interview.	(1)
Make sure that you know where the (15) the interview is.	of
	(1)
During the interview	
Stay away from any form of (16)answering questions.	
	(1)
When talking about your experiences re	member to be
(17)	(1)
Don't assume you've got the job but rem	
(18)	throughout the interview
(10)	(1)



Questions 19 and 20 must be answered with a cross in a box \boxtimes . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box \boxtimes and then mark your new answer with a cross \boxtimes .

After the interview

19 What does the speaker believe you should do if you are offered the job?

(1)

- A Discuss how much you want to earn.
- **B** Talk about when your first day should be.
- C Ask the employer for comments on how you did at the interview.
- D Ask how you should dress for work.

20 If you decide not to take the job offered, what does the speaker think you should do?

(1)

- A Say you are sorry but you have changed your mind.
- **B** Tell the person why you do not want the job.
- Say you thought the salary offered was too low.
- D Say you will want them to give you a job later on.

(Total for Part 2 = 10 marks)

In this part, you will hear a radio interview with a well-known television presenter.

For Questions 21–25, listen and answer the questions. You do not need to write in full sentences.

One mark will be awarded for each correct answer.

			interview with a television presenter	
21	How him?		es Sir David feel about some of the names the interviewer uses to introduce	(1)
22	Why	do	es Sir David think his programmes have been popular for such a long time?	(1)
23	Why	is t	he interviewer surprised about Sir David's interests?	(1)
24	Wha	t m	ade Sir David interested in protecting the natural world?	(1)
25	Acco	rdi	ng to Sir David, why did people stop going to zoos?	(1)
ab wit	out a th a c	n a ros	26–30 must be answered with a cross in a box ⊠. If you change your mind nswer, put a line through the box ⊠ and then mark your new answer s ⊠. rviewer thinks Sir David's programme was	
	× × ×	A B C	one of the most expensive made. the first of its kind to be produced. all about animal conservation. about how bad zoos were.	(1)



				(1)
×		Α	met a large group of gorillas.	
X		В	stayed for a long time in a forest.	
X		C	played with young gorillas in a forest.	
×		D	saw many endangered species.	
8 Sir	Da	vid	reacts to rats by	(1)
X		Α	avoiding having them on his programmes.	. ,
×		В	talking about them with affection.	
×		C	trying not to show he is afraid of them.	
×		D	campaigning for their survival.	
9 The	e ir	nter	viewer thinks that Sir David	(4)
×		Λ	works very hard for conservation.	(1)
X		В	feels strongly about adult education.	
X		c	supports the development of farming.	
×			could do more to help the planet.	
	e ir		viewer thinks Sir David has done well for his age because he	(1)
×		Α	has only just retired at 84 years of age.	
X		В	has recently been to the North Pole.	
X		C	is still not frightened of spiders, scorpions or snakes.	
X		D	is always helped by his film crews.	
			(Total for Part 3 :	= 10 marks)



In this part, you will hear an extract from a radio programme about the history of weather forecasting.

For Questions 31–32 and 38–40, listen and complete the sentences below. Write no more than THREE words for each answer.

For Questions 33–37, complete the table. Write no more than THREE words for each answer.

One mark will be awarded for each correct answer.

The history of weather forecasting

п		-				- •		
п	10	tr	-	\sim	-	• •	-	10
п								

31	Meteorologists are people whoweather will be like.	what the	(1)
32	The term weather forecast was	in the	(1)

The invention of the telegraph

Forecasting before the invention of the telegraph	Forecasting after the invention of the telegraph
33 Animal behaviour was believed to be	36 Some people thought that the speed of the telegraph was faster than a
storms. Of	(1)
34 Weather charts were made to	37 With more information, meteorologists learned about the
storms. (1)	weather forecasting.
35 Scientists believed that more	(1)
needed to give accurate predictions.	
(1)	

Further development of technology	
38 Satellites were launched so they couldmovement.	air
39 Computers are used to	data into forecasts.
40 Currently, it is forecast.	to produce a totally accurate
	(Total for Part 4 = 10 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER = 40 MARKS

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