

|                   | UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS<br>International General Certificate of Secondary Education |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CANDIDATE<br>NAME |                                                                                                                |
| CENTRE<br>NUMBER  | CANDIDATE NUMBER                                                                                               |

## **DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY**

Paper 3 Resistant Materials

0445/31 May/June 2013 1 hour

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

To be taken together with Paper 1 in one session of 2 hours 15 minutes.

# **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in blue or black pen. You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid. DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

**Section A** Answer all questions in this section. Section B Answer one question in this section.

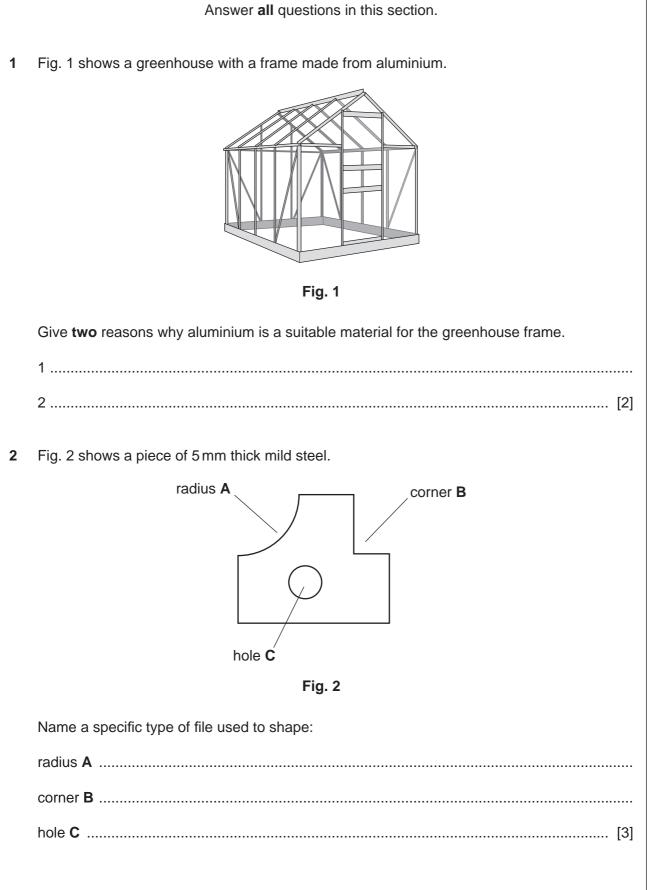
You may use a calculator.

The total of the marks for this paper is 50. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

| For Examiner's Use |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Section A          |  |
| Section B          |  |
| Total              |  |

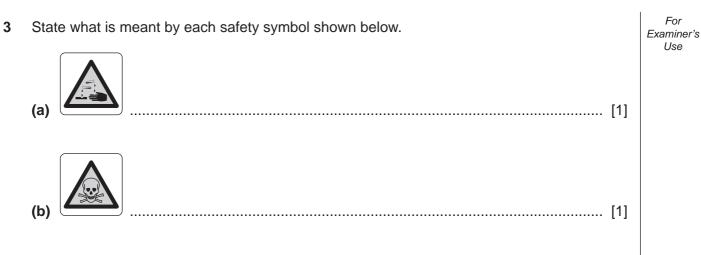
This document consists of **15** printed pages and **1** blank page.





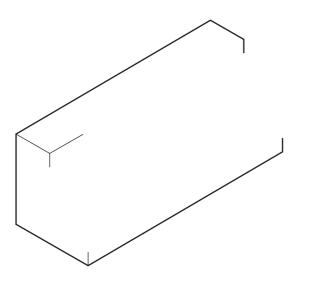
**Section A** 

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3

4 Complete the drawing below to show a rebate.



[3]

For

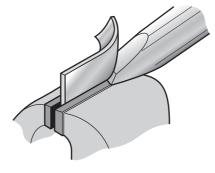
Use

Complete the table below by naming each tool and giving a specific use. 5

| ΤοοΙ | Name | Specific use |
|------|------|--------------|
|      |      |              |
|      |      |              |

[4]

6 Fig. 3 shows sheet metal being cut in a vice.





(a) Name the tool shown cutting the sheet metal in the vice.

......[1]

- (b) Name a different tool that could be used to cut sheet metal.
- ......[1]
- 7 Fig. 4 shows a garden chair made from plastic.



Fig. 4

Give two advantages to consumers of garden chairs made from plastic rather than wood.

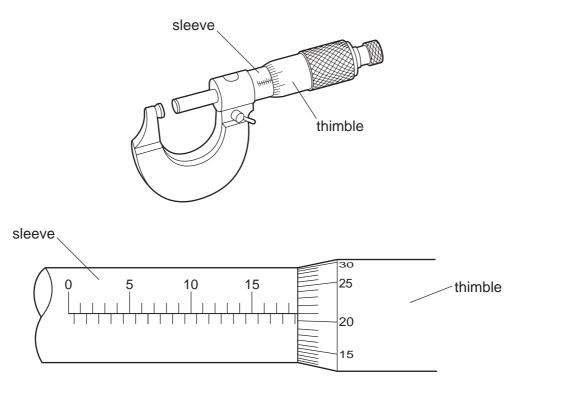
| 1 |   |     |
|---|---|-----|
| 2 | 2 | [2] |

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Fig. 5 shows two pieces of 6 mm thick manufactured board. 8 Fig. 5 Name two suitable adhesives that could be used to join the pieces of manufactured board. 1 ..... Fig. 6 shows a joint marked out on solid wood. 9 line A waste Fig. 6 Name an appropriate tool used to: (a) mark out line A; ......[1] (b) remove the waste. 

**10** Fig. 7 shows a metric micrometer and a close-up view of the sleeve and thimble.



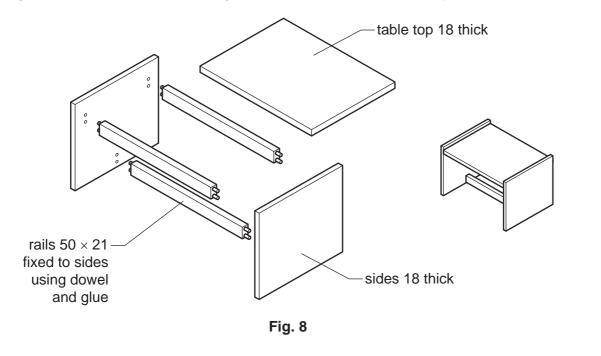


State the exact reading shown to one hundredth of a mm (0.01 mm).

# **Section B**

Answer **one** question in this section.

11 Fig. 8 shows views of a table designed as flat-pack for self-assembly.



(a) (i) Give two advantages of using manufactured board rather than solid wood for the table top.

| 1 | <br> | <br> |     |
|---|------|------|-----|
| 2 | <br> | <br> | [2] |

(ii) Give **one** disadvantage of using manufactured board rather than solid wood for the table top.

(b) Use sketches and notes to show how **one** rail could be screwed to the underside of the table top.

For

Examiner's Use (c) (i) Use sketches and notes to show how the holes in the rail and side could be marked out so that they line up accurately.

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[4]

(ii) Use sketches and notes to show a permanent construction, other than a dowel joint, that could be used to fix one rail to a side. Additional materials may be used.

[4]

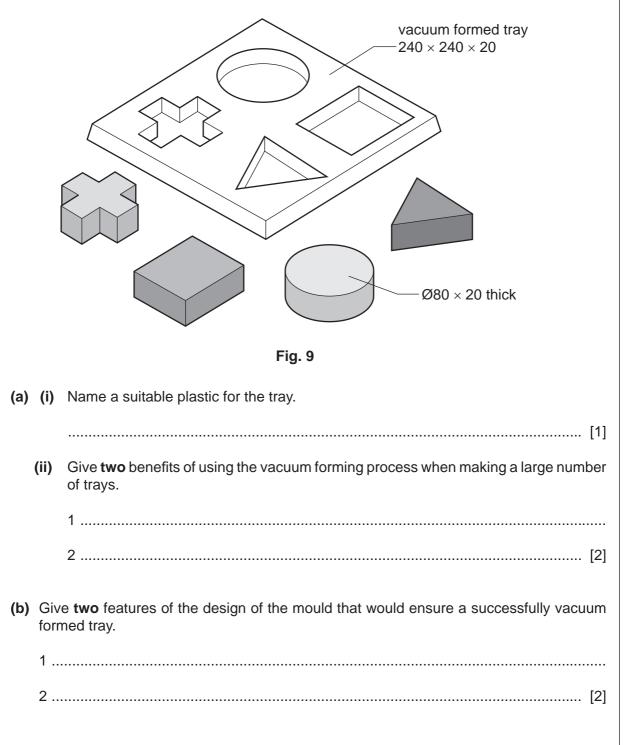
(iii) Use sketches and notes to show how a KD (knock-down) fitting could be used to join one rail to a side.

(d) Give two benefits of using an electric sander to prepare the surface of the table top to take a finish.1 .....

(e) Use sketches and notes to produce a set of instructions showing consumers how to assemble the parts of the table.

[6]

**12** Fig. 9 shows a child's toy. The tray is made from vacuum formed plastic and the shapes are made from solid wood.



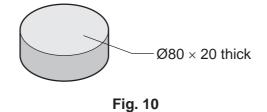
(c) Use sketches and notes to show how the tray could be vacuum formed.

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(d) Give two ways in which the designer has made the toy suitable for use by children.

| 1 |  |
|---|--|
| 2 |  |

(e) Fig. 10 shows one round shape made from solid wood.

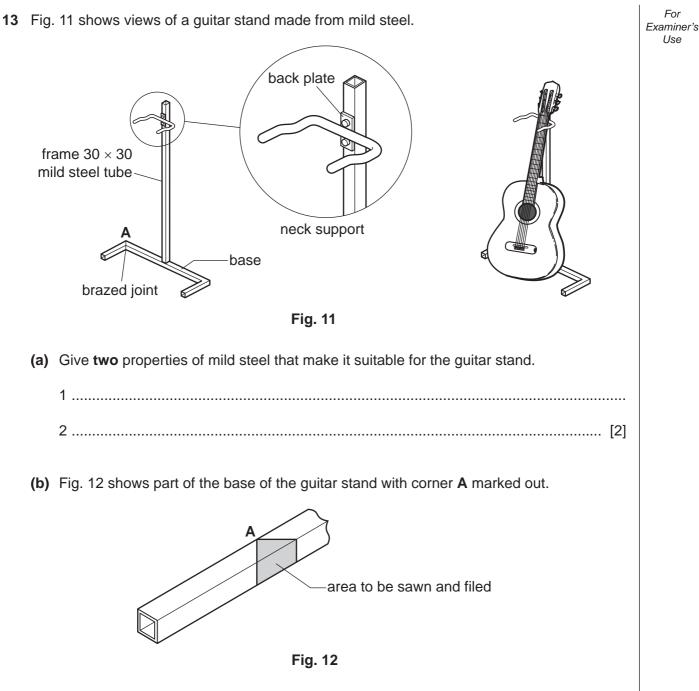


Use sketches and notes to show how the round shape could be produced in a school workshop.

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(f) Give two quality control checks that could be carried out when making the child's toy.1



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Use sketches and notes to show how the mild steel tube could be sawn and filed ready to be brazed.

For

Use

(c) Complete the table below by giving five additional stages needed to braze the joint at A.

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|   | Stage                          |
|---|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Saw and file the joints to fit |
| 2 |                                |
| 3 |                                |
| 4 |                                |
| 5 |                                |
| 6 |                                |

[5]

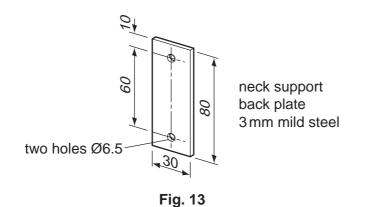
(d) The support for the neck of the guitar is plastic coated.

(i) Give **one** reason why the support is plastic coated.

......[1]

(ii) Use sketches and notes to show how the support could be plastic coated.

(e) Fig. 13 shows details of the back plate for the neck support.



Use sketches and notes to show a design for a jig that could be used when drilling the holes in the back plate.

The drilling jig must:

- secure the back plate when it is being drilled;
- position the two holes accurately.

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(f) The neck support must be capable of being moved up or down to take different heights of guitar.

Use sketches and notes to show how the design of the guitar stand could be modified so that the neck support could be made to move up or down.

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