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CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0654 CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/22 Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



1	a p me un	tement given particle with an negative electrical charge pasures electrical current t of potential difference pas not conduct electricity	word required electron; ammeter; volt; insulator;	[4]
	(b) (i)	goes out ; incomplete circuit ;		[2]
	(ii)	so that they can be individually turned on a so that they all get the full mains voltage; so that if one fails the rest still operate;	nd off ;	[max 2]
	(iii)	$R = R_1 + R_2;$ = 2.4°(\Omega);		[2]
				[Total: 10]
2	(a) (i)	A; B, E, F;		[2]
	(ii)	starch/cellulose/sugar/any other correct;		[1]
	(iii)	0.04 ; (allow 0.03)		[1]
		ssing out food that has not been digested ; ough the anus/as faeces ;		[2]
	(c) (i)	increase (in number of worms emerging) to maximum response at 460/500 Hz; idea of steeper decrease than increase;	maximum then decrease;	[max 2]
	(ii)	to prevent extinction (of earthworms); reference to effect on food chains/ecosyste because they improve the soil structure; because they improve soil fertility;	em ;	
		other valid point ;		[max 2]
	(iii)	less likely to be killed by moles; more likely to breed;		[2]

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Syllabus 0654 Paper 22

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3	(a) (7 ; >7 to 14 and <7 to 1;					
	(ii) meter is more accurate/precise/quantitative reference/litmus paper only shows that solution is acidic;							
	(iii) add the barium chloride to the acid; white precipitate/solid indicates sulfuric acid/sulfate (ions)/no reaction show nitric acid;							
	(b) (Group 1 (also strontium/barium) ; rence to explosive/corrosive substances (splashing	ı onto skin/eyes) ;	[2]		
	(i	•	pops hydr	s ; ogen given off ;		[2]		
	(ii							
			filter	off the copper;		[max 3]		
						[Total: 12]		
4	(a) chemical energy in muscles; kinetic energy changes to gravitational potential energy as she takes off; only gravitational potential energy at top of jump; gravitational potential energy changed back to kinetic energy as she falls; heat/sound energy on landing;				[max 3]			
	(b) g		rity ; Earth	1;		[2]		
	(c) ((as) heat (mor able	er/liquid turns to water vapour/gas; particles/molecules get further apart; is needed/used to cause evaporation; ee) energetic particles escape (from surface); to overcome attractive forces of other particles/diparticles;	break bonds betw	/een [max 2]		
	(i	•		age energy of remaining particles is less ; gy taken from surroundings to do this ;		[max 1]		
						[Total: 8]		

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5	(a)	(i)		ose/carbohydrate/sugar + oxygen ; on dioxide + water ;		[2]	
		(ii)	suita wate	[2]			
	(b)	(i)	(i) as a control/to check that difference (in measurement) was caused by germinating/living seeds;				
		(ii)	ion ; [2]				
		(iii)		espiration/very little respiration ; vmes do not work at high temperatures/enzymes de	enatured ;	[2]	
						[Total: 9]	
6	(a)	(i)	therr	mal/light/sound (any two for 1 mark); (allow KE)		[1]	
		(ii)	incre	eases the rate ;		[1]	
	/ L \	/:\	ъ.				
	(D)	(i)		as 13 protons ; cle B is uncharged/also has 13 electrons ;		[3]	
		(ii)	meta	nd D ; s) ion of oxygen and (D is) ion of aluminium; als and non-metals bond ionically/owtte; have opposite electrical charges/they attract each	other;	[max 3]	
	(c)	(i)	oxyg	gen ;		[1]	
		(ii)	pota idea	vork mixture needs oxygen to burn ; ssium perchlorate produces oxygen (when heated) that oxygen needs to be produced in situ/air o vork mixture ;		into [max 2]	
						[Total: 11]	
7	(a)		ible) l a-red				
			rowa			[3]	

Page 5		ge 5		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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	(b)	(i)	nucleus splits ;			[1]
		(ii) (iii)	work behind protec	tations/radiation burns ;		[1]
			wear badge ; wear protective clo	thing;		[max 2]
						[Total: 7]
8	(a)	(i)	C – scrotum ; D – urethra ;			[2]
		(ii)	A carries, sperm/s B produce fluid, for	emen ; sperm to swim in/containing sugar ;	;	[2]
		(iii)	label to testis ;			[1]
	(b)	(i)	nucleus ;			[1]
		(ii)	male is XY and fem X chromosome fror	nale is XX ; m egg and either X or Y from sperm ;	;	[2]
	(c)	fror	mother to baby in mother to baby in			
			ing needles d transfusion ;			[max 2]
						[Total: 10]
9	(a)	(i)	compounds can be	nt cannot be broken down into simple simplified / are made of (different) elent made of one type of atom;		
				n different atoms bonded together;		[max 2]
		(ii)	litmus/Universal In bleached ;	dicator paper/solution ;		[2]
	(b)	(i)	liquid ; solid ;			[2]
		(ii)		(sodium) bromide ;		
			releasing/displacin bromine is orange	=		[max 2]
						[Total: 8]

	Page	6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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0 (Wa	aveleng	e labelled ; gth labelled ; imensions ;		[3
(1	b) (i)	A is	louder than B ;		[1
	(ii)	X ha	s higher pitch ;		[1
(, (01	diation nly) ra edium	diation can travel through vacuum/conduction a	nd convection	need [2
(d) (i)	label	lled where rays meet ;		[1
	(ii)	59.0	mm;		[′
	(iii)	an in	nage which can be projected onto a screen ;		[1
(mass/volume ; 2.5 (g/cm³) ;		[2
(1			nued as series of straight lines ; pproximately correct ;		[2
					[Total: 14
1 (a	a) (i)	suga	ar and starch ;		['
	(ii)	prote	ein ;		[
	/::: \	∆ an	od C :		г

(iii) A and C; [1]

(iv) A/C;

(b) (i) weak bones/rickets; [1]

(ii) tiredness/anaemia; [1]

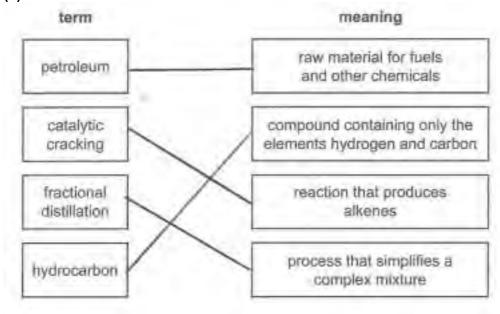
(c) correct reference bacteria; bacteria feed on sugar; bacteria produce acids; acid dissolves tooth enamel;

[max 3]

[Total: 9]

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12 (a)



(all correct -3, 2 correct -2, 1 correct -1) ;;; [3]

[1]

(ii) ethene + steam — → ethanol ; (allow (hot) water vapour)

[1]

(c) (i) an unsaturated compound is produced/compound with double bonds/ethene/alkene;

[1]

(ii) aluminium oxide is a catalyst; aluminium oxide only speeds up reaction/is not a reactant/is not changed chemically;

[2]

(d) poly(ethene)/polythene; (addition) polymerisation;

[2]

[Total: 10]