## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2008 question paper

## 0653, 0654 COMBINED SCIENCE

**0653, 0654/06** Paper

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Page 2			)	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
				IGCSE – May/June 2008	0653, 0654	06
1	(a)	(i)	xyler	m/vascular bundle		[1]
	(	(ii)	Diag	gram: showing wilting of leaves, (but not of main stal	lk) (1)	
			by e	anation: water lost from leaves/leaves dry out (1) vaporation/transpiration (through guard cells)(1)		
			_	or (pressure) lost/leaves become flaccid (1) 2 of the last 3 points (2)		[3]
	(b)	(i)	wind speed/air movement OR humidity/amount of moisture in the air OWTTE			E [1]
	(	(ii)	ii) stand celery stems in dye (1) at different temperatures OWTTE (1) for same length of time (1) cut stems (1)			
			to compare how far the dye has travelled (1) Any 3 points (allow only 2 marks for potometer method adequately described)			[3]
						[Total: 8]
2	(a)	(i)		51, 49, 52 : 4 correct (2), 2 or 3 correct (1) 1 or 0 corrected	rrect (0)	[2]
	(	(ii)	50s	(ecf)		[1]
	<b>(</b> i	(iii) 60/50 = 1.2 m/s (ecf) (working need not be shown)			[1]	
	<b>(</b> i	iv)	$\frac{27}{3\times6}$	$\frac{7}{60}$ (1) = 0.15 (Hz) (1)		[2]
			(allo	w 1 mark for 27/3)		
	(	(v)	poin	t S		[1]
	(b)	(i)	verti	cal arrow to show movement of ribbon		[1]
	(	(ii)	hand	d movement increased, (1) more movements per mi	nute (1) OWTTE	[2]
						[Total: 10]

3	(a)	yell	ow powder – S, colo	ourless gas – Ar, soli	d under oil – Na		[3]
	(b)	volt		ct (2) other components (- voltmeter incorrect (-	,		[2]
	(c)	(i)	sodium	magnesium	phosphorus	sulphur	
		(ii)	yellow	white	white	blue	
	(ii		sodium oxide solid	magnesium oxide solid	phosphorus oxide solid	sulphur dioxide gas	
	(	(iv)	blue	blue	red	red	
		!	any column correctif burning of alumin	i ium is described do	not allow a mark for	(i)	[4]
		(v)	hold burning elementie back (long) hair use blue glass who	ard, don't breathe fur ent in (metal) spoon: : reason: danger of b en burning magnesiu	reason: danger of bu ourning	urning	
			reason must match	safety precaution			[1]
							[Total: 10]
4	(a)	(i)		ertical scale, (2 cm = ectly (allow one error) n (1)			[3]
		(ii) (below 45°) rate increases/optimum temperature (reached) (1) because reacting particles move faster (1) have greater energy (1) more frequent collisions (with the enzyme) (1) (any 2)				[2]	
	(above 45°) rate decreases (1) because enzyme is denatured (reject "killed") (1)						[2]
	(b)	(b) Diagram shows syringe/inverted measuring cylinder over water (1) graduations shown (1)					[2]
	(c)	(c) replace sucrose with same concentration/amount/volume of glucose (1) at same temperature(s) (1) same amount of yeast (1) measure no. of bubbles/gas volume/compare activity (1) (any 3 points)				[3]	
		[Tot				[Total: 12]	

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Paper 06

Syllabus 0653, 0654

	Page 4			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
				IGCSE – May/June 2008	0653, 0654	06	
5	(a)	1, 1.	, 1.5, 2 (newtons) no tolerance, all correct			[1]	
	(b)	286,	, 268,	[3]			
	(c)	18, 3	36, 54	[1]			
	(d)	all p	able s oints	[3]			
			ne drawn passing through the origin (1) subtract 1 mark if axes are reversed)				
	(e)	exte	extension produced by 80g found using graph, 29 mm (+/– 1mm) (ecf)				
	(f)	grap	graph shows a curved line with extension increasing				
						[Total: 10]	
6	(a)	(i)	hydro	ogen/H <sub>2</sub> /H		[1]	
		(ii)	(dilut	te) sulphuric acid/H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>		[1]	
	(b)	(i)	no ch	hange or blue (solution): ecf from (a)(ii)		[1]	
		(ii)	copp	per carbonate/CuCO <sub>3</sub>		[1]	
	(c)		_	a carbonate + acid (minimum answer) v any form of calcium carbonate			
			(do n	not allow calcium carbonate + sulphuric acid)		[1]	
		(ii)	white	e (precipitate) milky/cloudy/chalky		[1]	
	(d)	(i)	blue			[1]	
		(ii)	sodiu	um sulphate (1) + carbon dioxide(1) (in any order)		[2]	
		(iii)	solut	tion A, because more of B is needed (essential)		[1]	
						[Total: 10]	