MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0420 COMPUTER STUDIES

0420/11

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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	Page 2		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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4	٨٣٠	three fro			
1	Any	three fro	interrupts		
	_	•	put/peripheral/device control		
	_	•			
	_	spooling	ing/ICI /hotah processing		
	_		king/JCL/batch processing		
	-	user inte	gramming		
	_				
	_	load/run			
	_		or management/task management		
	_	· · · ·	//save/delete etc) management		
	_	-	management		
	_	user acc			
	_		ks (defrag, format etc.)		
	_		orting/handling		
	_	•	management		10
	_	powerm	anagement		[3
2	(a)	Any one	point from:		
		– prog	ram searches documents for key words/query and i	returns a list	
		 softv 	ware that searches for <u>sites based on words input</u>		
		– use	their own database to locate data <u>defined by key wo</u>	ords/query input	[1
	(b)	Anv two	points from:		
	()	•	wide a search/too much information/irrelevant inform	nation found	
			vanted"/undesirable sites found during the search		
			s up words with same spelling but different meaning	I	
		•	ch engine loyalty/funded by advertising puts website		
			produce out of date sites		
			eading/incorrect information		[2
			0		Ľ
	(a)		• factures from:		
	(C)		e features from:		
			oping basket		
			ckout		
			ire credit card payment		
			erlinks to other sites		
			down boxes/calendar with available dates		
			al tour of the hotel/hotel facilities		
			ency conversions		
			active map/directions to hotel/contact details		
			down boxes with room rates		
			irmation by email/textmessage		
			to fill in customer details/booking form		50
		– spec	cial offers		[3

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3	(a) An	y one	from:			
	- - -	acce	vents unauthorised access to files/the computer syst ess to her own directories w authorised access	em	[1]	
	(b) An _ _	veri	from: fication check uble check) password is correct		[1]	
	(c) An - - - -	firev anti- (aut			[2]	
	(d) (i)	Any _ _	/ one from: repetitive strain injury (RSI) / pain in wrist/fingers carpal tunnel syndrome headaches/eyestrain/back ache/neck ache		[1]	
	(ii)	Any _ _ _ _	one from: "lock" computer system automatic screen saver (after short time of inactivity log off from the system if computer in an office, lock the office door	/)	[1]	
4	`X: Y:	= Infer = Expe	er Interface rence Engine ert System Shell wledge Base		[4]	
	(b) An _ _	Fac			[1]	
	(c) An – – – – – –	redu can can can can can	e advantage from: uces the time taken to solve a problem predict future faults lower wage bills (less skilled work force needed) be used in countries where the necessary skills are have access 24/7 likely to miss a question	rare		
	An - - -	expo	e disadvantage from: ensive system to set up/purchase essary to do training on the new system st be kept up-to-date		[2]	

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(d) Any two examples from: e.g.

- medical diagnosis
- diagnostics with example (car engine faults, electronic components)
- tax/financial calculations
- chess
- mineral/oil prospecting
- animal/plant classification

5 (a)

count	number	total	x	average	OUTPUT
1		0	0		
2	15	15	1		
3	-2				
4	0				
5	8	23	2		
6	0				
7	21	44	3		
8	-8				
9	-12				
10	1	45	4		
11	25	70	5	14	14

- <-----1 mark ----->< 1 mark ->< 1 mark ->< [4]
- (b) Find the average of all positive numbers entered [1]
 6 Any three points from:

 computer s/ware helps produce more realism
 ability to "move" mouth properly to accurately mimic speech
 can store frames straight to dvd (or similar)
 - speeds up/simplifies editing process
 - removes need for several artists to draw the animations
 - use of tweening speeds up the process
 - reference to morphing
 - reference to avatars
 - reference to avars (animation variables)
 - reference to rendering

[3]

[1]

[1]

[2]

- 7 (a) (i) = B5/C5 [1] (ii) = (D2 + D3 + D4 + D5 + D6)/5 OR = AVERAGE(D2:D6) OR
 - = SUM(D2:D6)/5
 - (b) Any one from:
 - character/type check
 - range check
 - format check

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(c)

	E	F	G
1	Percent discount (%)	Discount amount (\$)	Discounted price per bottle (\$)
2	10	= B2 * E2/100	= B2 – F2
3	20	= B3 * E3/100	= B3 – F3
4	15	= B4 * E4/100	= B4 – F4
5	10	= B5 * E5/100	= B5 – F5
6	5	= B6 * E6/100	= B6 – F6

NOTE: 1 mark for first formula in F2

1 mark for replication of formula in F3 through to F6

1 mark for first formula in G2

1 mark for replication of formula in G3 through to G6

[4]

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8 (a) 1 mark for naming the sensor + 1 mark for correct application of named sensor (applications MUST be different)

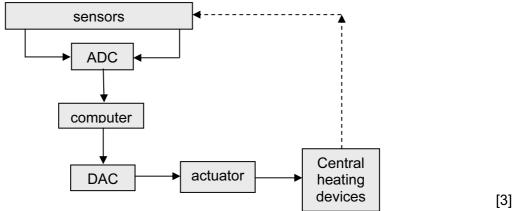
Named sensor	Application of named sensor
Humidity Moisture (water)	greenhouse environmental control spin drier in automatic washing machine libraries/archives where moisture levels need controlling
oxygen	fish tank/aquarium environmental monitoring car engine management system/fuel injection system
light	burglar alarm automatic doors greenhouse environmental control
infra red	automatic doors car in correct place to allow paint spraying in car factory burglar alarm
pressure	traffic control automatic doors burglar alarm
gas	Environmental monitoring Safety system

[6]

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- (b) Any three points from:
 - sensor relays reading back to computer
 - if reading is analogue, need an analogue to digital converter (ADC)
 - computer compares reading with stored value
 - sends signal to actuators
 - signal converted using digital to analogue converter (DAC)
 - actuator alters factors such as heating, coolers, etc.
 - cycle continues / output affects input accept a diagram such as:



How to mark a diagram:

1 mark for link between sensor(s) and computer

- 1 mark for showing an ADC
- 1 mark for showing a DAC
- 1 mark for link from computer to actuator

1 mark for arrow implying cycling of system

9 (a) Any four points from:

- each "conference room" needs to log into system
- delegates speak into microphone
- webcam takes video image
- uses Internet/WAN/broadband/modem to transmit data
- use of compression software for video/audio
- use of CODEC (which converts and compresses analogue data into digital data and sends over digital links)
- echo cancellation software (allows talking in real time/keeps everything in sync)
- video images seen (on screen)/audio heard (using speakers) in <u>real time</u>
 [4]
- (b) Any two points from:
 - faster communications now available (e.g. high speed broadband)
 - safety reasons (e.g. risk of terrorism attacks on flights)
 - costs (saves on overseas travelling/hotel costs)
 - cheaper equipment costs

[2]

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OR gate

10 (a) AND gate

<u>/ (10 gc</u>	And gate					
Α	В	X				
0	0	0				
0	1	0				
1	0	0				
1	1	1				

Α	В	Х
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

(1 mark for correct X column in each gate)

(b)

Α	В	С	X	
0	0	0	0	1 ۱
0	0	1	0	ʃ '
0	1	0	1	۱
0	1	1	0	<u> </u>
1	0	0	0	٦ ١
1	0	1	0	' ک
1	1	0	1	٦ ١
1	1	1	1	ʃ '

11 (a) Any **three** features from: e.g.

- rotate, enlarge, change colour etc.
- costings
- library of parts
- validation of design against specification
- ability to do 2D/3D designs
- link into CAM
- create engineering drawings from solid models
- calculate/test mass, stress etc. in new designs
- electronic component packing
- (b) Any three from: e.g.
 - architecture (houses, office blocks, etc.)
 - engineering (bridges, roads, etc.)
 - interior design (kitchens, bathrooms, etc.)
 - water supply/sewer systems
 - aerospace
 - car (vehicle) design
 - chemical/nuclear plant design
 - factory layouts
 - consumer goods design (e.g. mobile phones)
 - ship building
 - fashion design
 - design of electronic components

[3]

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www.XtremePapers.net

[2]

[4]

[3]

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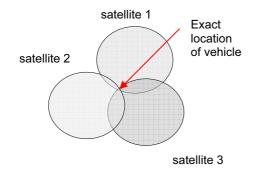
[3]

[2]

[1]

[2]

- 12 (a) Any three points from:
 - satellites transmit signals to sat nav computer
 - computer receives/interprets these signals
 - system depends on very accurate timing/use of atomic clocks
 - each satellite transmits data including location and time
 - computer in taxi calculates its position based on at least 3 satellites
 - at least 24 satellites in operation at a given time
 - position of vehicle is within 1 metre
 - refer to triangulation:



- (b) Any two points from:
 - maps stored in sat nav memory
 - shows directions on a screen
 - voice output gives driver directions/instructions
 - plots route in advance
 - GPS knows exactly where vehicle is
 - recalculates route if driver makes a mistake
- (c) Any one point from:
 - can estimate time of arrival
 - can warn of speed cameras (etc.)
 - can warn of road works/diversions/traffic congestion
 - can warn if exceeding speed limit
 - can give fastest/most scenic route etc.
 - can give location of petrol station/hotel etc

(d) Any two	reasons	from:
-------------	---------	-------

- wrong/outdated maps stored on system
- inaccurate timing
- (temporary) loss of signal
- incorrect start point/end point selected/keyed in
- road works/accident have closed the "expected" route

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13	– coll – dat – car – use – tim	a collected by t n use hand held e of sensors to e how long it ta	erent times of the d filling in paper recor d devices to collect	ds data ross junction			[3
I	– mu – less – abl – car – mo	s costly (can tr e to test out va n optimise timin del can be app	ors made in real life y out things first on rious scenarios first ngs of lights etc. at junctio n doing the real thin	the model) NEED : unctions ns	REASON		[2
4			rect drawing of eac				
		ng	star	bus	•		
			•			[2]	

15 (a) 10

(b) 2, 3, 8, 10

1 mark per two correct records Loose 1 mark for each additional record

(c) (Area = "Asia") AND (City Population(m) > 17 OR Urban Population(m) > 20)

OR

(Area = "Asia" AND City Population(m) > 17) OR (Area = "Asia" AND Urban Population			
	[2]		

[1]

[2]

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	Page 11	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Syllabus	Paper
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	– less – uses	advantage from: likely for entry/typing errors less memory to store records er data entry			[1]
16	PENDOWN LEFT 90 REPEAT 3 FORWARD 3 RIGHT 90	: 0		}	1 mark
	ENDREPEA FORWARD 1 LEFT 90	г	PENUP	}	1 mark
	PENUP FORWARD 1 PENDOWN	OR 0	LEFT 90	}	1 mark
	REPEAT 2 FORWARD 2	OR 20	REPEAT 3	}	1 mark
	RIGHT 90 ENDREPEA FORWARD 2 (LEFT 90)		(LEFT/RIGHT 180) }	1 mark
Giv	e a mark for e	ach correct group of statements			[5]
Alt	Alternative answer for last 2 marks: FORWARD 20 RIGHT 90				1 mark

1 mark

FORWARD 20 RIGHT 90 FORWARD 20

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Page 12		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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17 (a)		M me\$ = "Mexico" then H = H – 7 else if name\$ = "India" then H = H + 4: M = M + 30 else if name\$ = "New Zealand" then H = H + 7 else print "error"		
	 – 1 ma – 1 ma – 1 ma – 1 ma 	<u>points</u> ark for two inputs for country and hours/mins ark for check on <i>Mexico</i> ark for check on New Zealand ark for check on <i>India</i> ark for error check ark for output in correct place		[4]
(b)	Normal h hours wh Normal r	sets of test data from: nours: (hours which do not change the day) e.g. 8 nich change the day (e.g 13 + country = New Zeala ninutes (which do not change the hour) eg.25 which change the hour (e.g. 40 + country=India)	and)	[2]

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