UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0420 COMPUTER STUDIES

0420/12

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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1 (a) check digit

- validation check
- single digit appended to a number
- calculated from digits and their position
- re-calculated after data transfer
- e.g. bar codes, ISBN, credit/debit cards

[2]

(b) RAM

- random access memory
- memory lost on switching off/volatile/temporary
- stores user programs/data (etc.)
- usually on a chip
- can be read/changed by user

e.g. SRAM, DRAM etc.

[2]

(c) macro

- macro instruction
- new command created by combining number of existing ones
- can combine effects of pressing several individual keys on k/board
- can be programmed by user to customise software
- e.g. single key stroke to insert a logo into a document

[2]

(d) USB flash memory

- (memory data) storage device
- removable/portable
- uses universal serial bus connector
- re-writable device
- contains printed circuit board
- allows transfer of data/files between computers
- draws power from the computer port
- contains EEPROM (electrically erasable programmable ROM)/ non-volatile memory
- e.g. pen drive/memory stick/thumb drive

[2]

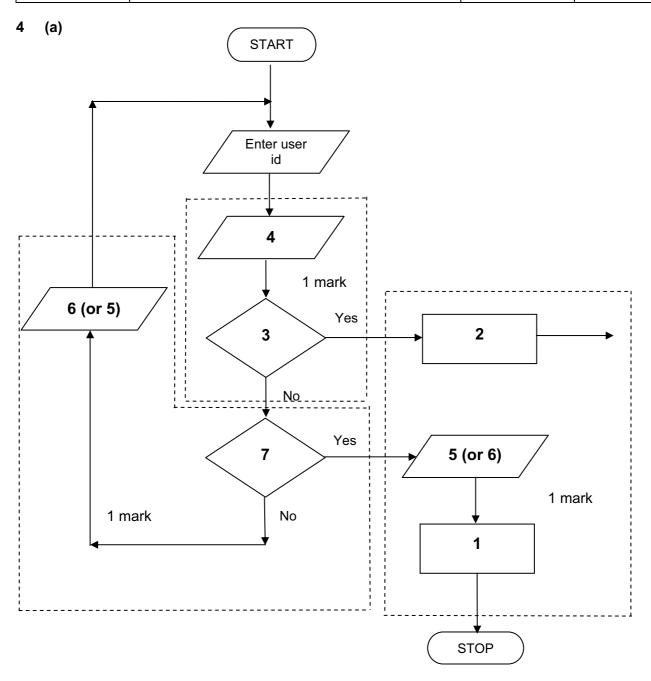
(e) printer buffer

- temporary storage/memory
- compensates for the difference in speed of printer and CPU
- e.g. holds data whilst computer completes a job, recovering from error (e.g. paper jam)

[2]

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| 2 | (a) | softvvirusopeihardpowinco | ches in the software" e.g. divide by zero ware conflicts | processor fans fa | iling etc.) [3] |
| | (b) | backpara | from: ndfather-Father-Son (GFS)/file generation system kups allel systems e/scan and OCR in new data again from the hard cop | pies | [1] |
| | (c) | | from: ryption rypt files | | [1] |
| 3 | (a) | STAR, B | BUS | | [2] |
| | (b) | cancan | from: use any station to access files, etc. share files etc. share resources (e.g. printer) ws easier communication between users | | [1] |
| | (c) | - file (| from: <u>e easily/more rapid</u> transfer of viruses from compute etc.) security is more difficult a infrastructure costs e.g. cabling | er to computer | [1] |

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- 1 Access not allowed
- 2 Allow access
- 3 Do user id and password match
- 4 Enter password
- 5 Error message
- 6 Error message
- 7 Three attempts [3]

(b) verification [1]

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|---|-----|---|
| 5 | (a) | 2 marks (max) for RTTP points; 2 marks (max) for RTPC points |
| | | real time transactions real time processing |
| | | individual transaction processed as it occurs physical quantities continuously monitored inputs compared with pre-set values |
| | | files/fields/records updated immediately processed fast enough to affect input |
| | | uses sensors, ADC, DAC, etc. |
| | | e.g. <u>online</u> booking of seats e.g. <u>temperature</u> control in air con |
| | (b) | Any two points from: - file management - input/output control - spooling - memory management - multiprogramming - multitasking/JCL/batch processing - handling interrupts - error reporting/handling - security (e.g. virus checking) - user interface (e.g. WIMP) - processor management - loads/runs programs |
| | | user accountsutilities[2] |
| 6 | (a) | Any one from: - reduced costs (no/less printing, no/less distribution of directories) - faster/easier updating procedure - raising profile of company [1] |
| | (b) | Any two from: - faster/easier to find information - more accurate/up-to-date - more information/data available - could easily extend to international directories [2] |
| | (c) | Any one from: - more likely to get calls from call centres/sales companies - unsolicited calls - mis-use of details [1 |
| | (d) | Any one from: - number changed and not registered - errors in the information [1 |
| | | |

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| | | | | IGCSE – October/November 2010 | 0420 | 12 |
| • | (a) | (i) | Any | one from: | | |
| | | | | interview customers hand out questionnaires to customers | | [1] |
| | | (ii) | 1 ma | ark for method and 1 mark for reason: | | |
| | | | | DIRECT must have only one way of conveying/updating the | information | |
| | | | | PILOT could adopt new system at one terminal only to tria | ıl new system | |
| | | | | PARALLEL Check new system is working correctly/back up in | case of system failure | ; [2] |
| | (b) | Any - - - - | curre term date bage nam | from: ent time ninal number/name gage reclaim/carousel number le of airline sfers/connections | | [1] |
| | (c) | Any – | | from: h screens/touch pad/mouse/tracker ball | | [1] |
| | (d) | Any - - - - | fewer coul faste no la | from: er errors d be linked to website for live updates er/more accurate updating of information anguage problems for customers need to wait in a queue at manned help desks | | [2] |
| 3 | (a) | 1 m | ark fo | or hardware and 1 mark for software: | | |
| | | <u>hard</u> | large route com | | | |

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[2]

compression software/CODEC

communications software

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| | | | , | 0420 | |
| | (b) | timecontposs | from: guage differences e differences trolling a 3-way conversation sible poor communications/loss of connection/slow or by in transmission | connection | [2] |
| | (c) | cansafe | from: time lost in travelling hold meetings with little notice er (<i>must be qualified</i> e.g. terrorism risk, less travelli involve more people company-wide | ng, etc.) | [2] |
| 9 | 1 m | nark for ea | ach error and 1 mark for reason why it is an error | | |
| | _ | line 1/ne | gative=1 and/or line 2/positive=1 | | |
| | _ | negative | and/or positive should be set to zero | | |
| | - - - | don't nee | unt=count+1 ed a count within a for to next loop loop with a repeatuntil loop | | |
| | _ | - | int negative, positive or line 9/next count should come after the next count statement | | [6] |
| 10 | (a) | 6 (fields) | | | [1] |
| | (b) | 3002, 20 | 002, 3003, 3004 | | [2] |
| | (c) | (Length (| (m) > 74) OR (Max Speed (kph) < 900) | | |
| | | ← - (1 m | nark) - → ← (1 mark) → | | |
| | | OR | | | |
| | | (Max Spe | eed (kph) < 900) OR (Length (m) > 74) | | |
| | | ← (| (1 mark) → ← (1 mark) → | | [2] |
| 11 | (a) | - (cou ai - put c a - look - look | ee points from: Int) number of vehicles It various times of day/at different positions/in differe data into computer Ind try out different scenarios It at effect of accidents/break downs It at effect of heavy traffic | nt directions | |
| | | | ermine optimum timings of lights ct of emergency vehicles/public transport | | [3] |

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| | <u>. u</u> | 3 | IGCSE – October/November 2010 | 0420 | 12 |
|----|------------|---|--|------|--------------|
| | (b) | Any two | | - | |
| | () | lessmuccan | s expensive (<i>must be qualified</i>) ch safer prevents accidents/traffic problems through in try out many scenarios first (to give optimum settings ch faster than doing actual "experiments" on real lights |) | times [2] |
| | (c) | Any two | from: | | |
| | | sendcomif ancomchai(use | sors detect cars at each junction ds signals/data to computer aputer software counts number of cars halogue data, need an ADC hpares sensor data with stored data/simulation results halogue timings/sequences as required les DAC) to send signals back to lights (control) | | |
| | | – conf | tinuously monitors | | [2] |
| 12 | (a) | = AVER | B2:M2)/12 OR AGE(B2:M2) OR :2+D2+E2+F2+G2+H2+I2+J2+K2+L2+M2)/12 d] | | [1] |
| | (b) | = (L5 – L | _4) * L3 (must use cell references) | | [1] |
| | (c) | | oh "B" since rainfall usually measured as a height/bars oh "B" since the information is clearer | S | [1] |
| | | (ii) – – | draw a line at value 8 include a row with all values 8 and add this data | | [1] |
| | (d) | weaattraonlinmapbuttovidesean | o from e.g. ather forecast for 7/14 days actions/facilities in the area ne booking e.g. hotels os/how to get there ons linking to other web pages/site eos/multimedia presentations rch facility ges of resort/virtual tours | | [2] |
| | | | g | | [-] |

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13 Any **four** from:

- collect information from expert(s)
- put information into the/create knowledge base
- develop YES/NO dialogue/user interface
- output screens designed
- fully tested with known expected outputs
- produce user manuals
- fully train users of the system
- reference to inference engine being created
- reference to rules base being created

[4]

14 (a) <u>delete</u>

- customer leaves the bank/close account
- customer dies

amend

- change of address
- change of telephone number
- change account details
- change name after marriage
- transactions on account e.g. deposits, withdrawals

insert

new customer joins bank/opens new account

[3]

(b) (i) Any **one** from:

- saves memory/less space required on the file
- faster/easier to type in
- faster to search for information
- fewer errors
- (ii) 1 mark for name, 1 mark for reason and 1 mark for improvement
 - AGE
 - always changing
 - need to keep updating each year
 - date of birth

15 EACH RESPONSE MUST BE DIFFERENT

(a) (i) Any one from:

- character/type check
- length check
- Boolean check
- presence check

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| (ii) | Any one from: - format check - character/type check - length check - presence check | | | |
| (iii) | Any one from: - range check - character/type check - presence check | | | |
| (b) Any - - - - | one from: drop down lists showing M or F only, puse of touch screens with only certain use of restricted lists radio buttons | | | |
| (c) (i) | Any one from: - lock computer - log off the system - if in an office, lock the door - put into sleep/hibernate <u>mode</u> with | n password | | |
| (ii) | Any one from: - to prevent RSI - to prevent neck/back problems portion to prevent eye sight problems/hear | | | |
| (a) Any | satellites transmit signals to computer sat nav system in car receives these sidepends on very accurate time refere each satellite transmits data indicating sat nav system car calculates position at least 24 satellites in operation world sat nav system combines satellite info | signals nces/atomic clocks g location and time based on at least 3 I wide | | |
| (b) Any | two from: no need to read/own maps driver doesn't need to memorise route | | | |

- can give useful information such as location of garages/speed cameras/points of interest/traffic congestion
- allows driver to concentrate on driving (therefore safer)
- can find shortest/fastest route
- easier to re-route in case of road closures, etc.
- updateable [2]

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|-------------|--|--|--|
| | | IGCSE – October/November 2010 04 | 20 12 |
| (c) | inaclosserrorseno | from: ed maps out of date (instructions go to incorrect roads) curate positioning of signal rs in original data/setting up ds vehicles down inappropriate routes reliance by driver on the sat nav | [1] |
| (d) | Any one - shipe - aero | | [1] |
| 7 <u>Ma</u> | rking Poi | <u>nts</u> | |
| - | correct lo error trap error trap sum tota sum tota | ion of running totals op control of for height input of for weight input I1 and average1 (i.e. height) calculation I2 and average2 (i.e. weight) calculation output (only if some processing attempted, must be outside lo | (1 mark) [max: 5] |
| <u>Saı</u> | mple pseı | <u>udocode</u> | |
| tota | al1 = 0: tot | al2 = 0 | (1 mark) |
| for | x = 1 to 1 | 000 | (1 mark) |
| | input he | ight, weight | |
| | if he | eight > 2 or height < 0 then print "error": input height | (1 mark) |
| | if we | eight > 130 or weight < 0 then print "error": input weight | (1 mark) |
| | | else total1 = total1 + height: total2 = total2 + weight | |
| nex | kt x | | |
| ave | erage1 = to | otal1/1000 | (1 mark) |
| | | | |

(1 mark)

(1 mark)

[5]

average2 = total2/1000

print average1, average2