

**MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2007 question paper**

**0420 COMPUTER STUDIES**

**0420/01**

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 100

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All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

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**1 (a) byte**

any **two** points from:  
 fixed number of bits/8 bits  
 represents a character  
 unit of memory/storage  
 e.g. 11010001

[2]

**(b) CD-ROM**

any **two** points from:  
 (secondary/portable) storage medium  
 can be read only (memory)  
 cannot change data

e.g. used to store programs/data/pictures/films, etc.

[2]

**(c) interrupt**

any **two** points from:  
 a signal/request generated by a device/program  
 causes a break in execution of a program/stops the program  
 e.g. printer out of paper, pressing break key

[2]

**(d) buffer**

any **two** points from:  
 temporary store/memory  
 allows speed of CPU/devices to be matched  
 to hold data being transferred between peripherals and CPU  
 e.g. pages stored waiting to be printed

[2]

**(e) virtual reality**

any **two** points from:  
 3D world  
 computer simulation  
 needs special input devices to interact – (data) goggles/gloves  
 e.g. design of chemical plants

[2]

**2 Any two differences from:**

**high level**

portable  
 problem-orientated  
 close to English  
 one-to-many relationship  
 easier to debug/change/upgrade  
 needs compiler/interpreter

**low level**

machine-orientated  
 can be difficult to read/understand  
 one-to-one relationship  
 needs assembler

[2]

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**3 (a)** Any **three** points from:

knowledge base  
rule base  
inference engine  
(suitable) input/output interface/shell [3]

**(b)** Any **one** example from, e.g.

mineral/oil prospecting  
tax/financial calculations  
chess  
diagnostics  
speech recognition [1]

**4 (a)** Any **one** advantage from, e.g.

can bank from home  
(disabled) customers do not need to go to bank  
no need to queue at bank  
can make payments/check accounts from home  
banking 24/7  
can bank with any bank in the world  
better interest rates available [1]

**(b)** Any **one** advantage from, e.g.

no need to have offices (in every town)  
increased banking profits (less overheads)  
larger customer base (worldwide)  
fewer staff required [1]

**(c) (i)** Any **one** positive effect from, e.g.

less pollution  
less traffic

**(ii)** Any **one** negative effect from, e.g.

less (social) interaction  
job losses/closing down of branches  
inner cities become “ghost towns”  
increase in online fraud/hacking [2]

**(d)** Any two from:

fraud  
viruses  
bogus sites  
loss of personal contact with the bank [2]

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5 (a) (i) Any **one** from:

passwords/biometrics  
user id/access rights  
firewall  
removable storage media  
physical protection [1]

(ii) encryption [1]

(b) Any **three** from:

data must be kept up-to-date  
data must be accurate  
data must be obtained/used legally/lawfully  
data must be adequate, relevant and not excessive  
data must only be used for the stated purpose  
data must not be kept longer than necessary  
data must be kept secure  
data must be transferred only to countries that offer adequate data protection  
data holder must register with DPC  
data subjects have the right to have incorrect data removed/changed  
data subjects have a right to see a copy of their own data in an understandable form [3]

6 1 mark for each method + 1 mark for each description/reason

email work home	– use of attachments – use of home email address/account	
save on floppy disk/CD-R, etc.	– would need same devices at home – portable therefore easy to take home	
print out work	– have to type information in again – need to scan in print-outs	
access work from internet	– need internet access at home – needs to access school website	[4]

7 Any **three** reasons from:

easier/faster to update books (science is always changing)  
fewer printing/distribution/production costs/no paper costs  
easier/faster distribution  
no need to find storage for the books  
can have links to other sites  
easier/faster to search for a topic (rather than search an index)  
possible to include sound } multi-  
possible to include animation (video) } media  
possible to include interaction [3]

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**8** Any **three** tasks from:

file management  
input/output control  
spooling  
memory management  
multitasking/JCL/batch processing  
multiprogramming  
handles interrupts  
error reporting/handling  
security, e.g. virus checking  
interfaces with user/WIMP environment  
loads/runs programs  
processor management  
user accounts  
utilities

[3]

**9 (a)** Any **two** points from:

meeting between 2 or more participants at different sites  
using computer network/WAN/internet  
to transmit audio and video data  
each participant has a video camera/webcam, microphone and loud speakers  
images appear in real time on participants screen(s)

[2]

**(b)** Any **three** points from:

no need for office space  
saves on travelling time  
saves on travelling costs/hotel costs/conference room costs  
can have meetings at short notice  
safer – no need to travel to venues  
disabled staff can work from home/no need to travel to venue

[3]

**(c)** Any **one** advantage from:

time differences do not cause problems  
can send attachments  
fewer language difficulties (auto translators)  
emails can be read later

[1]

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**10 (a)** Any **two** ways from:

scan in the documents  
type in the documents (using a keyboard)  
using voice recognition [2]

**(b) (i)** user documentation/guide [1]

**(ii)** Any two from, e.g.

how to load software  
how to run software  
how to log in and out  
how to save files  
screen layouts  
sample runs  
troubleshooting guide  
hardware requirements  
software requirements  
print formats  
how to print [2]

**(c) (i)** technical documentation/systems guide [1]

**(ii)** Any two from, e.g.

program listing  
flowcharts, etc.  
list of variables/data dictionary  
file structures  
purpose of the system/program  
screen layouts  
print formats  
hardware requirements  
software requirements  
sample runs  
(DO NOT allow the same marking point in parts **(b)** and **(c)**) [2]

**(d)** 1 mark for each method + 1 mark for each reason

parallel running	– allows back up in case of failure
direct changeover/big bang	– faster to implement/saves on wages
phased implementation	– can iron out problems before changing
pilot running	– system trialled by one section before total implementation

[4]

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**11 (a) H M**

18 15  
18 40

[2]

**(b)** Any **one** point from:

M would become 60 and should be 0 for correct time  
H would become 18 and should be 19 for correct time

[1]

**(c)** Would get a negative answer for H

[1]

**12 (a)** Any **one** point from:

equipment id  
date of purchase

[1]

**(b)** Any **one** point from:

date equipment checked  
time equipment checked  
person who last checked the equipment  
passed/failed  
maintenance history

[1]

**(c)** Any **two** advantages from:

automatic checking is now possible  
can easily bring up history of device  
not as easy to alter  
results in improved safety  
more accurate  
no need to change the sticky label

[2]

**(d)** Any **one** from, e.g.

stocktaking  
supermarket tills  
libraries

[1]

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**13 (a)** Any **one** from:

“taught” by paint sprayer and robot remembers tasks  
actions programmed in directly [1]

**(b)** Any **one** from:

use of sensors to detect car  
presence of car fed back to robot’s control system [1]

**(c)** 1 mark for fault condition + 1 mark for solution

out of paint – level sensor in paint reservoir  
software fault – self diagnostics  
hardware fault – self diagnostics  
problem with external conditions – give warning and wait for human to correct and reset [2]

**(d)** Any **one** from, e.g.

space exploration  
underwater exploration  
work in dangerous chemical/nuclear plants  
toys  
manufacturing/assembling [1]

**(e)** Any **one** from:

cheaper – no wages  
consistency  
work 24/7 (do not need breaks, holidays)  
can work in dangerous conditions [1]

**14 (a)** Any **one** in the range:

A2:B7 [1]

**(b)** SUM(B2:B7)

Or B2 + B3 + B4 + B5 + B6 + B7 [1]

**(c)** B2/2 [1]

**(d)** C4, D4, E4, C8, D8, E8, B8  
–1 for each error or omission [2]

**(e)** B1:E1 B8:E8 [2]



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15 (a) Any **two** advantages from:

- easier to know when to re-order
  - automatic re-ordering
  - easier/faster to update
  - easier/faster to access information
  - more up to date stock levels
  - fewer mistakes
  - takes up less storage space
- [2]

(b) (i) Any **one** from:

- double entry
  - visual check/comparison with original
- [1]

(ii) Any **two** checks from (accept examples):  
(two **different** checks must be given but the same field can be given twice)

- |                  |  |     |
|------------------|--|-----|
| equipment        | – character check, length check                |     |
| code             | – length check, character check, check digit   |     |
| quantity         | – range check, character check                 |     |
| need to re-order | – character check, length check, Boolean check |     |
| supplier name    | – character check, length check                |     |
| price            | – format check, range check                    |     |
| stock value      | – range check, character check                 | [2] |

16 (a)  $40/10 = 4$  [1]

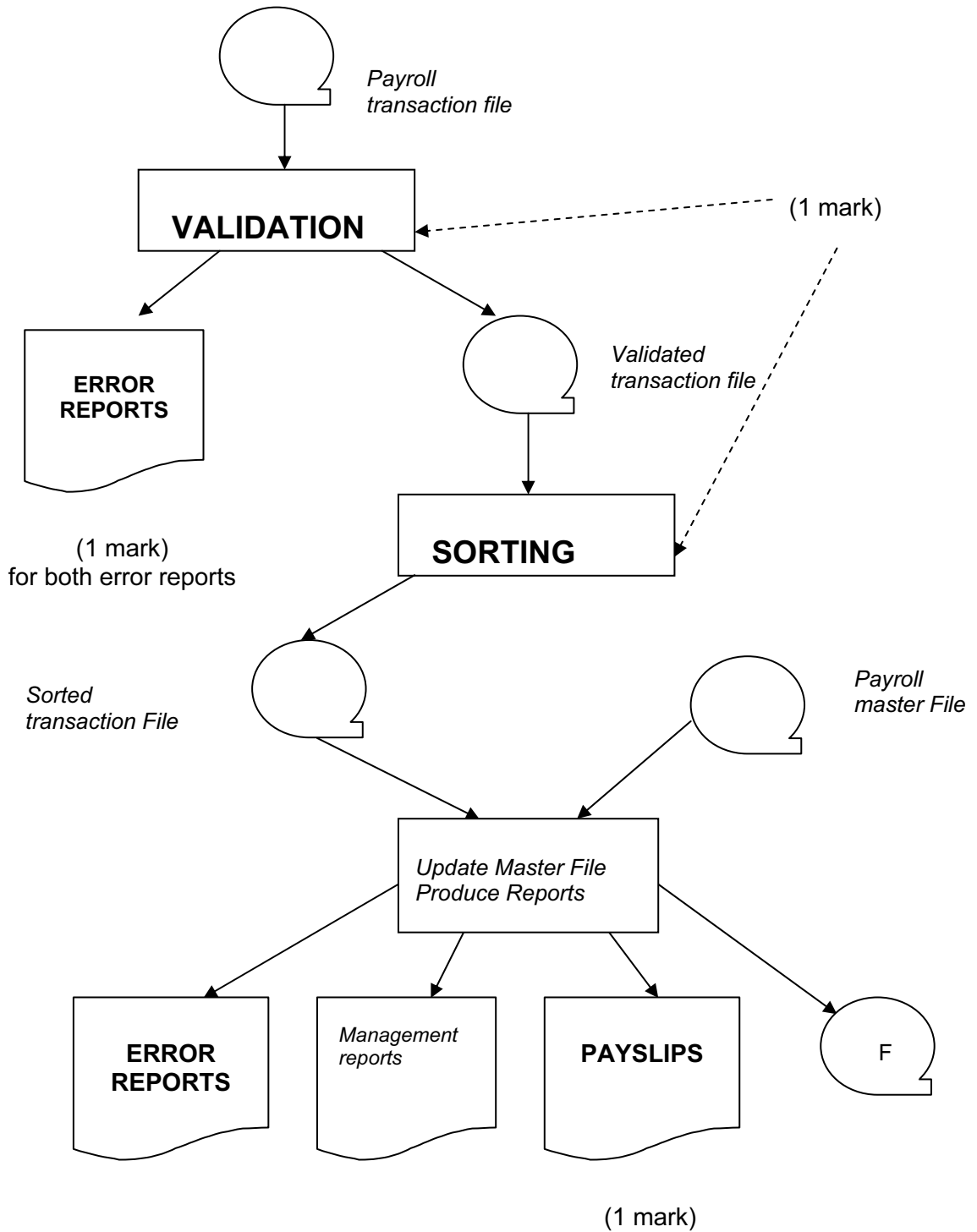
(b) **general marking points**

- initialising **best** and **worst** to sensible values
- correct loop for 1000 cars
- correct use of calculation given in part (a)
- output economy for each car inside loop
- determining best economy
- determining worst economy
- calculating mean economy for all cars
- input data **and** output all three results (only award mark if some form of processing done) [6]

**sample program**

total = 0, count = 0, best = 0, worst = 1000	1 mark
<b>repeat</b>	1 mark
<b>input</b> litres, distance	
economy = distance/litres	1 mark
<b>print</b> economy	1 mark
<b>if</b> economy > best <b>then</b> best = economy	1 mark
<b>if</b> economy < worst <b>then</b> worst = economy	1 mark
total = total + economy	
count = count + 1	
<b>until</b> count = 1000	
average = total/1000	1 mark
<b>print</b> average, best, worst	1 mark

17 (a), (b), (c)



[3]

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**(d)** Any **one** point from:

no need for immediate/fast response  
data collected about wages over a period of time not needing processing straight away [1]

**(e)** Any one example from, e.g.

stock control (NOT automatic)  
billing systems  
payroll [1]

**18 (a)** Any **two** points from:

graphics allows trends to be shown  
figures/numbers are easier to read  
figures/numbers show actual values  
both methods are used for different purposes [2]

**(b)** compare new value with stored value [1]

**(c)** Any **two** advantages from:

do not need nurse/doctor to be there all the time  
quicker to pick up problem with patient's condition  
easier to obtain trends/analysis  
more accurate/less likely to make mistakes [2]

**(d)** Any **one** point from:

no output influencing the input  
no equipment controlled (e.g. valves)  
pure monitoring – makes no changes to system being monitored [1]