## COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/12
Paper 1 Multiple Choice
May/June 2010
45 minutes
Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet
Soft clean eraser
Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.
Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.
Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are forty questions on this paper. Answer all questions. For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D.
Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

## Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.
Any rough working should be done in this booklet.
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

This document consists of 16 printed pages.

1 Which part of a plant cell controls what enters and leaves the cell?
A cell sap
B cell surface membrane
C cellulose cell wall
D cytoplasm

2 The diagram shows the apparatus used in an investigation on gas exchange in organisms. In which test-tube would the concentration of oxygen decrease most rapidly?
A

B

C
D

light proof black box

3 Which substances may diffuse into and out of plant cells?

|  | into plant cells | out of plant cells |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | chlorophyll | oxygen |
| B | oxygen | water |
| C | starch | chlorophyll |
| D | water | starch |

4 The diagram shows a section through a leaf.


Which part brings water to the leaf and through which part does water leave the leaf?

|  | brings water | water leaves |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 1 | 2 |
| B | 1 | 3 |
| C | 2 | 1 |
| D | 3 | 1 |

5 The diagram shows a simple experiment using a solution of the enzyme catalase.


Which gas is collected in the balloon?
A carbon dioxide
B hydrogen
C nitrogen
D oxygen

6 The diagram shows some cells from the lining of the human trachea.


What is the function of these cells?
A absorption of oxygen into the blood
B excretion of carbon dioxide from the blood
C removal of mucus from the trachea
D secretion of mucus into the trachea

7 Which nutrients in the diet will help to prevent leg bones becoming deformed?
A calcium and vitamin C
B calcium and vitamin D
C iron and vitamin C
D iron and vitamin D

8 What effect does drinking alcohol have on the following:

- the rate at which signals pass along nerves,
- the length of reaction time?

|  | rate at which signals <br> pass along nerves | length of <br> reaction time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | faster | longer |
| B | faster | shorter |
| C | slower | longer |
| D | slower | shorter |

9 The diagram shows four components of blood.
Which component contains haemoglobin?
A

B

C


10 Rain forests have high species diversity.
What is meant by the term species diversity?
A Members of a species in the forest are scattered over a wide area.
B Members of a species show a wide range of variations.
C There are many different species present.
D The same species are found in many different rain forests in the world.

11 A variety of potato plant produces red tubers ('potatoes') that grow into new potato plants which then produce red 'potatoes' the following year.

Why is this?
A Asexual reproduction produces identical potato plants.
B Asexual reproduction results in different coloured 'potatoes'.
C Sexual reproduction produces only red 'potatoes'.
D Sexual reproduction requires the potato plant to produce flowers.

12 The diagram shows a section through a flower.
Where does fertilisation occur?


13 The table shows three ways in which different methods of birth control work.
Which correctly links the methods with how they work?

|  | prevents <br> ovulation | prevents <br> sperm release | prevents zygote <br> implantation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | IUD | sterilisation | cap |
| B | pill | rhythm | condom |
| C | pill | sterilisation | IUD |
| D | rhythm | condom | IUD |

14 The diagram shows apparatus used to separate a mixture.


Which mixture could it be used to separate?
A sand and salt
B sand and sugar
C salt and sugar
D salt and water

15 A solid is ionic.
Which property best confirms this fact?
A its behaviour as an electrolyte
B its melting point
C its solubility in water
D the shape of its crystals

16 Which letter shows the position in the Periodic Table of an unreactive non-metal?
$\square$


17 Which diagram represents a mixture of elements?
A

B


D

key
$O$ atom of element $X$

- atom of element $Y$

18 Which processes are used to purify the drinking water from reservoirs?

|  | chlorination | distillation | filtration |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| B | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $x$ |
| C | $\checkmark$ | $x$ | $\checkmark$ |
| D | $x$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |

19 The salt ammonium dichromate(VI) readily decomposes when heated.

$$
\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}+x \mathrm{~N}_{2}+y \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}
$$

Which values of $x$ and $y$ make this equation balanced?

|  | $x$ | $y$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 1 | 2 |
| B | 1 | 4 |
| C | 2 | 2 |
| D | 2 | 4 |

20 Part of the apparatus used to electrolyse aqueous copper(II) chloride is shown.


Which piece of apparatus is not required in this experiment?
A

beaker
B

bulb
C

electrodes
D

electrolyte

21 Which method is used to obtain iron from iron(III) oxide?
A combustion
B electrolysis
C reduction
D thermal decomposition

22 A student carries out experiments with zinc and dilute hydrochloric acid.
Which change in conditions makes the reaction slower?
A adding a suitable catalyst
B increasing the concentration of the acid
C increasing the particle size of the zinc
D increasing the temperature

23 The table gives, for two metals, the colours of their solids and their aqueous ions.

| metal | colour of |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | solid | aqueous ion |
| copper | red-brown | blue |
| zinc | grey | colourless |

Equal amounts of powdered copper and powdered zinc are mixed together.
The mixture is added to dilute sulfuric acid in a test-tube until the acid is just used up. Some powder then remains at the bottom of the test-tube.

What are the colours of the remaining powder and the solution in the test-tube?

|  | powder | solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | grey | blue |
| B | grey | colourless |
| C | red-brown | blue |
| D | red-brown | colourless |

24 A hydrocarbon is burned in excess oxygen.
The combustion products are passed through the apparatus shown.


What collects at X and what happens to the limewater?

|  | collects at X | limewater turns |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | soot | cloudy |
| B | soot | red |
| C | water | cloudy |
| D | water | red |

25 What happens to a piece of magnesium when it burns in air?
A oxidation and combustion
B oxidation and thermal decomposition
C reduction and combustion
D reduction and thermal decomposition

26 Coal, hydrogen, methane and gasoline (petrol) are commonly used as fuels.
How many of these fuels are solids, liquids or gases?

|  | solids | liquids | gases |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| B | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| C | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| D | 2 | 2 | 0 |

27 This description of a plastic is incomplete.
To make a plastic, 1 . . of
Which words correctly complete the gaps?

|  | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | atoms | monomer | polymer |
| B | atoms | polymer | monomer |
| C | molecules | monomer | polymer |
| D | molecules | polymer | monomer |

28 Water spilled on the ground on a hot day evaporates.
Which diagram represents the change in arrangement of the particles in the water as it evaporates?

A


B


C


29 There is a vacuum between the double walls of a vacuum flask.
Which types of heat transfer are reduced by the vacuum?
A conduction and convection only
B conduction and radiation only
C convection and radiation only
D conduction, convection and radiation

30 In which situation would the object described be given an increase in its total energy?
A a battery-powered torch being switched on
B a firework exploding
C a parachutist falling to the ground
D a skier being pulled up a slope

31 A tidal power station is made by building a barrage. At high tide the sea water is trapped behind the barrage.


At low tide the water is allowed to flow back into the sea through a turbine.
What is the useful energy change in a tidal power station?
A electrical energy $\rightarrow$ kinetic energy
B electrical energy $\rightarrow$ potential energy
C kinetic energy $\rightarrow$ potential energy
D potential energy $\rightarrow$ electrical energy

32 In each of the circuits shown, identical resistors, cells and lamps are used.
In which circuit will the lamp glow most brightly?
A

B


D


33 Electrical appliances are often fitted with a fuse.
What is the purpose of the fuse?
A to adjust the voltage supplied to the correct value
B to allow the appliance to be switched on by a small current
C to cut the power supply if the appliance is used too often
D to cut the power supply if the current becomes too large

34 A transformer has 2400 turns on its primary coil and 200 turns on its secondary coil.


Assuming the transformer is $100 \%$ efficient, what input voltage is needed to give an output voltage of 240 V ?
A 12 V
B 20 V
C 240 V
D 2880 V

35 The data from an aeroplane flight recorder is used to plot the speed / time graph for part of the flight.


Which statement describes this part of the flight?
A The aeroplane accelerates from rest to a constant speed.
B The aeroplane decelerates after flying at a constant speed.
C The aeroplane reaches a constant speed after a period of changing speed.
D The aeroplane travels at an increasing speed followed by a decreasing speed.

36 Which statement is correct?
A Mass is a force.
B Mass is measured in newtons.
C Weight is a force.
D Weight is measured in kilograms.

37 The table shows the dimensions of four rectangular blocks.
Which block has a volume of $3 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ ?

|  | height/cm | width/cm | depth/cm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| B | 300 | 100 | 100 |
| C | 300 | 300 | 100 |
| D | 300 | 300 | 300 |

38 The diagrams show the wave patterns of four notes shown on a cathode ray oscilloscope. The oscilloscope controls are set the same for each sound.

Which note has the highest pitch?

A


C


B


D


39 A ray diagram is drawn to locate the position of the image formed by a converging lens of focal length $f$.

Which ray cannot be drawn until the position of the image is known?


40 The diagram shows a radioactive source, a thick aluminium sheet and a radiation detector.


The radiation detector shows a reading greater than the background reading.
Which type of radiation is being emitted by the source and detected by the detector?
A alpha-radiation
B beta-radiation
C gamma-radiation
D infra-red radiation

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24 \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

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