# IGCSE Chemistry 4335 2H <br> Mark Scheme (Results) Summer 2008 

## IGCSE

IGCSE Chemistry 4335 2H

## IGCSE CHEMISTRY 4335-2H MARK SCHEME

| Question Number | Correct Answer | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (a)(i) | electrolysis |  |  | (1) |
| 1 (a)(ii) | graphite / carbon |  |  | (1) |
| 1 (a)(iii) | - on left and +on right |  |  | (1) |
| 1 (a)(iv) | aluminium oxide / alumina cryolite | accept correct formulae ignore bauxite |  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \hline(2) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| 1 (a)(v) | electricity (ignore qualifications) / electrical energy (not energy alone) | anode/ positive electrode replacement | cathode / electrode replacement | (1) |
| 1 (b)(i) | oxygen |  |  | (1) |
| 1 (b)(ii) | - carbon dioxide / carbon monoxide <br> - graphite/ carbon/ electrode oxidised/burned/reacts with oxygen | accept correct formulae (ignore lower case) | lists equation | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1 \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 9 |
| 2 (a)(i) | Any two from: <br> - same or similar chemical properties / same functional group <br> - gradation in physical properties <br> - neighbouring/ successive members differ by CH2 | gradation of specified physical property (eg: boiling point/bp(t), melting point/mp(t), viscosity) | NOT a specified chemical property <br> different/ same physical properties | (2) |
| 2 (a)(ii) | alkene |  |  | (1) |
| 2 (a)(iii) | CnH2n | any other letter in place of " $n$ " |  | (1) |
| 2 (b)(i) | -(H) one electron shown <br> -(C) two electrons in first shell and four in second shell | aAccept any symbol for electrons. | electrons on nucleus | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1 \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ |
| 2 (b)(ii) | -all five atoms and four shared pairs of electrons <br> - no extra outer electrons. | IGNORE inner electrons |  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| 2 (b)(iii) | tetrahedral |  |  | (1) |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 (c)(i) | -(compounds with) same molecular formula <br> -(but) different structural formulae / displayed formula/ structure / atoms arranged differently (same) elements $=0$ marks | mark independently | same chemical formula. Reject substances. | 1 <br> 1 <br> (2) |
| 2 (c)(ii) | Correct structures of butane and methylpropane. ALL bonds shown <br> Penalise sticks with missing H once only |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1 \\ 1 \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 13 |
| 3 (a)(i) | 2 |  |  | (1) |
| 3 (a)(ii) | 2.8.2 |  |  | (1) |
| 3 (b)(i) | any two from <br> - effervescence / fizzing / <br> bubbles <br> - cloudiness/ white precipitate <br> / milky / white suspension <br> -Ca get smaller / disappears (ignore dissolves). <br> -Ca moves up and down | ignore gas made <br> ignore <br> floats/ moves | List | (2) |
| 3 (b)(ii) | $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH}) 2$ |  |  | (1) |
| 3 (b)(iii) | -blue <br> - alkali / $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$/ hydroxide / pH >7 <br> (ignore base) <br> -stated pH value in range 8-14 |  | purple | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1 \\ 1 \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ |
| 3 (c)(i) | - grey / silver(y) <br> -white |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1 \\ 1 \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ |
| 3 (c)(ii) | any two from <br> - over/ through water / downward displacement of water <br> - (gas) syringe <br> - upward delivery / downward displacement of air | a description of this <br> suitable diagrams | gas cylinder | (2) |
| 3 (c)(iii) | hydrogen +oxygen $\rightarrow$ water / steam | ignore heat | formulae | (1) |
|  |  |  |  | 12 |


| Question Number | Correct Answer | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 (a)(i) | ammonia / NH3 |  | ammonium $\mathrm{NH}_{4}$ | (1) |
| 4 (a)(ii) | chloride / $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { chlorine } \\ \mathrm{Cl} \\ \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | (1) |
| 4 (a)(iii) | copper(II) / $\mathrm{Cu}^{2+}$ / copper / cupric | cupper | copper(I) cuprous $\mathrm{Cu}^{+}$ | (1) |
| 4 (a)(iv) | iron(II) / $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ / ferrous |  | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \mathrm{Fe}^{3+} \\ \text { ferric } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ iron | (1) |
| 4 (b)(i) | CuS04 / copper((II)) sulphate |  |  | (1) |
| 4 (b)(ii) | $-\mathrm{KNO}_{3} /$ potassium nitrate <br> - lilac (dependent on correct compound) <br> OR <br> -CuSO4 / copper((II)) sulphate <br> -green / blue-green (dependent on correct compound) | potassium/ C pink <br> copper/ B | purple <br> blue | (2) |
| 4 (c)(i) | yellow precipitate/ppt/ppte | suspension |  | (1) |
| 4 (c)(ii) | $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{Lil}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{Agl}(\mathrm{~s})+$ <br> $\mathrm{LiNO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})$ <br> $\mathrm{Lil}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})$ <br> formulae of products <br> state symbols of products <br> (dependent on correct product formulae) | if all correct but balanced wrongly, award 2 marks |  | (3) |
|  |  |  |  | 11 |
| 5 (a)(i) | diffusion |  |  | (1) |
| 5 (a)(ii) | -mention of particles (if particles named, must be correct) in correct context <br> - moving (randomly) | (accept molecules/ ions) move (from high to low concentration) |  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1 \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ |
| 5 (b)(i) | -(blue) ppt - colour not needed but penalise ppt if colour is wrong <br> -deep/ dark/ royal blue <br> -solution / dissolves | ignore changes to colour of solution | dark/ royal/ deep blue ppt | $1$ $1$ (3) |
| 5 (b)(ii) | $\begin{aligned} & {\left[\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{O}) 2\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right) 4\right]^{2+} /} \\ & {\left[\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2}\right]^{2+}} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | formulae without [] |  | (1) |
|  |  |  |  | 7 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 (a)(i) | Any three from <br> -float/ on surface <br> -fizz/ bubble (ignore gas) <br> -move/ dart about <br> -melt/ form sphere/ ball <br> - Na gets smaller / disappears <br> (ignore dissolves) | ignore references to flames / igniting |  | (3) |
| 6 (a)(ii) | $2 \mathrm{Na}+2 \mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{O} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{NaOH}+\mathrm{H} 2$ <br> - correct formulae <br> -balancing (dependent on first <br> mark being awarded) | $\mathrm{Na}(\mathrm{OH})$ <br> any multiple |  | (2) |
| 6 (a)(iii) | Moves/ bubbles faster/ (more) violent/ more vigorous/ catches fire/ flame/ explodes |  | reaction faster/ it is faster | (1) |
| 6 (b)(i) | -sodium loses electron(s) <br> - oxygen gains electrons <br> -correct number of electrons for each atom <br> marks could be gained by suitable additions to printed diagram | indication of 2 Na and 10 | any reference to sharing / covalent gives 0 | (3) |
| 6 (b)(ii) | - strong attractive forces / bonds (regardless of what these are between) <br> -between ions <br> - require a lot of energy to overcome / difficult to break (regardless of what these are between) |  | second mark <br> not given if atoms / molecules / intermolecul ar | 1 1 <br> (3) |
| 6 (b)(iii) | - stronger attractive forces / bonding <br> - magnesium ion $2+$, sodium ion 1+/ magnesium loses 2 electrons, sodium loses 1 <br> electron/ magnesium ions are smaller or have bigger charge or are more highly charged (must state or imply comparison between Mg and Na ) | ignore more bonds/ intermolecular forces | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MgO Covalent } \\ & =0 \\ & \text { delocalised } \\ & \text { electrons }=0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ <br> (2) |
|  |  |  |  | 14 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 (a) | any five from: <br> - add magnesium carbonate to acid <br> -stir/ mix <br> -excess magnesium carbonate <br> - filter / centrifuge and decant <br> -heat or evaporate filtrate and stop evaporation at a suitable point / heat filtrate and leave to cool / leave filtrate to evaporate or to crystallise or for suitable time / place in oven below $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ -dry crystals with (filter) paper / desiccator | Ignore indicators <br> -If use sodium carbonate (or other soluble carbonate) only points 2,5,6 <br> -If use other insoluble carbonate, all bar first point. <br> -Wrong method of prep. Then get 5 and 6 only. | heat to dryness, can not get 5 or 6 | (5) |
| 7 (b)(i) | - colourless <br> -to pink | if just state "pink" with no start colour, then score 1 | purple / red | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ |
| 7 (b)(ii) | ```\bullet0.150 x 0.00870 \bullet0.00131 correct answer scores 2 (moles)``` | incorrect or failure to convert volume to $\mathrm{dm}^{3}$ gives max 1 accept 2 to 4 sig figs (0.001305) | wrong numbers used $=0$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1 \\ (2) \end{gathered}$ |
| 7 (b)(iii) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (ii) } \div 2=0.000653 \\ & \text { (moles) } \end{aligned}$ | cq on b(ii) accept 2 to 4 sig figs $(0.006525)$ |  | (1) |
| 7 (b)(iv) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (iii) } \div 0.025=0.0261 \\ & \left(\mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { cq on b(iii) } \\ & \text { accept } 2 \text { to } 4 \text { sig } \\ & \text { figs } \\ & (0.02612) \end{aligned}$ |  | (1) |
|  |  |  |  | 11 |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|c|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Question } \\ \text { Number }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Correct Answer }\end{array} & \text { Reject } \\ \text { Answers }\end{array}\right)$

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 (a)(i) | galvanising / sacrificial protection |  |  | (1) |
| 10 (a)(ii) | railings / cars / bridges / buckets / watering cans / lamp posts etc. | accept <br> ships/ boats even though zinc blocks and not a continuous layer used | bikes | (1) |
| 10 (a)(iii) | - zinc more reactive (than iron) <br> - zinc reacts/ corrodes/ oxidises in preference to / before / instead of iron | It is more reactive than iron | It is more reactive zinc rusts protective coating of zinc oxide | 1 <br> 1 <br> (2) |
| 10 (b) | - make solution of nickel nitrate <br> - add metal <br> - if reaction occurs then metal is more reactive than nickel OR <br> - work down from top of list until no reaction occurs / work up from bottom of list until reaction does occur. | displacement reaction without making a solution is max 2 | reaction with anything else (such as $\mathrm{HCl}(\mathrm{aq})$ ) is zero react with metal (for $2^{\text {nd }}$ mark) | 1 1 <br> 1 <br> (3) |
| 10 (c)(i) | Reduced because gain of electrons | reduced because oxidation state decreases |  | (1) |


| 10 (c)(ii) | -Q $=1.5 \times 160=240$ (coulombs) <br> -Faradays $=240 \div 96000=0.0025$ (cq) <br> -Moles Ni $=0.0025 \div 2=0.00125$ (cq) <br> - mass $\mathrm{Ni}=0.00125 \times 59=0.074$ <br> (g) ( 0.0737 or 0.07375 ) (cq). <br> ( $0.0025 \times 59$ is $\max 3$ ) units not required <br> Final answer correct $=4$ marks | Accept 2 or more sig figs (1 sig fig max 3) Accept use of 96500 0.00249 0.001245 0.07337 | incorrect use of kg or mg | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \text { (4) } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 12 |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 (a)(i) | -appropriate catalyst <br> alumina/ aluminium oxide/ porous pot/ (conc) phosphoric acid / conc sulphuric acid.) <br> - heat / high temperature | ignore references to pressure $150-1000^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | aluminium | 1 <br> 1 <br> (2) |
| 11 (a)(ii) | - correct energy level for endothermic (higher) and one from <br> - products marked with correct names/ formulae Mark independently | Ignore any activation energies shown |  | 1 <br> (2) |
| 11 (a)(iii) | - Increased <br> - endothermic (left to right) or description of endothermic / $\Delta \mathrm{H}$ is positive | ignore references to rate | if decreased or stays the same = zero | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ <br> (2) |
| 11 (b) | - correct structure with minimum <br> 4 carbons <br> -continuation bonds shown (not just dots) (brackets not required) | Ignore " n " <br> subscripts | any structure with $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}$ or based on wrong repeat unit $=0$ | 1 <br> 1 <br> (2) |



