MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2008 question paper

0620 CHEMISTRY

0620/02

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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	Page 2		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper		
			IGCSE – October/November 2008	0620	2		
1	 (a) metal; non-metal; non-metal; non-metal; non-metal; ALLOW: named metal or non-metal or correct symbols 						
	(b)	meta the ri ALLC table	lic character decreases (across the table)/metals on the left and non-metals on ght W: metals get less reactive (across the table)/metals conduct better across the				
	(c)	(i) ∈ ∕	(i) electrons shown in shells as 2,8,1 ALLOW 2,8,1				
		(ii) +	- e/electron (on the right)		[1]		
	(d)	soft; i	;; increase; lithium; basic; [4				
					[Total: 12]		
2	(a)	sulph carbo ALLC nitrog	for dioxide \rightarrow combustion of fossil fuels containing super monoxide \rightarrow incomplete combustion of fossil fuels DW: carbon monoxide \rightarrow car exhausts gen oxides \rightarrow car exhausts;	lphur;	[3]		
	(b)	(i) c /	oxygen is added ALLOW: electrons are lost (from sulphur dioxide)		[1]		
		(ii) 2 /	21% ALLOW 19-22%		[1]		
		(iii) r	neutralisation		[1]		
		(iv) A c r f	Any two of: crops remove nitrogen (or phosphorus or potassium) nitrogen or essential elements etc. removed when cro ertilisers provide nitrogen or essential elements or nu ertilisers improve plant growth or yield;	rom soil/ ps harvested; trients or minerals/	[2]		
	(v)		ammonium nitrate NOT: ammonia nitrate/ammonium salt/nitrate salt		[1]		
					[Total: 9]		

	Page 3	}	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – October/November 2008	0620	2
3	(a) (i)	heat	ing (calcium carbonate in a furnace)		[1]
	(ii)	CaC	$O_3 \rightarrow CaO + CO_2$		[1]
	(iii)	neut ALL NOT	ralising (acid) soil/neutralising industrial waste OW: for making mortar/for making limewater : for limewater		[1]
	(b) (i)	theri flask mea	mometer; ;; suring cylinder;		[3]
	(ii)	calci (1 m ALL	ium carbonate + hydrochloric acid \rightarrow calcium chloric ark for correct reactants; 1 mark for correct product OW: hydrogen chloride in place of hydrochloric acid	de + carbon dioxide s) I	e + water [2]
	(iii)	86s ALL	OW: between 81 and 90s		[1]
	(iv)	slop grap	e of graph steeper and always above other line; h flattens out at 80 cm ³ gas;		[2]
	(v)	(spe (spe	ed) decreased/less/slower; ed) increased/more/faster;		[2]
					[Total: 13]

	Page 4			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper		
				IGCSE – October/November 2008	0620	2		
4	(a)) haematite (or any other correct ore) NOT: iron oxide						
	(b)	(i) (calci	um carbonate/limestone/CaCO ₃		[1]		
		(ii) (C/jus	st above the iron		[1]		
	(c)	(i) 2	2C + 1 ma	$O_2 \rightarrow 2CO$ ark for O_2 ; 1 mark for 2C and 2CO;		[2]		
		(ii) p N	ooiso NOT	onous/toxic/kills you/deadly/suffocates you : harmful/causes breathing difficulties		[1]		
	(d)	1 st ar	nd 3 ^r	rd boxes ticked		[1]		
	(e)	Any t blast alum iron i carbo alum	two of furn iniur n the on iniur	of: hace can only be used for metals below zinc or carb m is very reactive or high in the reactivity series or e reactivity series; cannot remove oxygen from aluminium oxide m;	on; too reactive or hiç e/carbon cannot	gher then displace		
		alum too m	iniur 1uch	m above carbon in reactivity series or more reactive heat required for carbon to remove oxygen from al	than C = 2 marks uminium oxide = 2	2 marks [2]		
	(f)	(i) e	elect	rolysis		[1]		
		(ii) a	aircra	aft bodies/car bodies/(overhead) power cables/drink	ks cans/window fra	ames etc. [1]		

[Total: 11]

Page 5				Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper		
				IGCSE – October/November 2008	0620	2		
5	i (a) (i) tem ther		temp therr carb	perature of the water rises/heat given to the water/heat or energy given out/the rmometer reading goes up				
					[-]			
	(b)	any ALL NO	two f OW: T: alk	from coal/natural gas/wood/paraffin/any other suitat named alcohols (except ethanol) enes/named alkenes/naphtha	ble fuel containing o	carbon [2]		
	(c)	OH, NO	/–OH T: coi	mplete formula for ethanol		[1]		
	(d)	blue or v	e cob vhite/	alt chloride (paper); turns pink /anhydrous copper sulphate; turns blue		[2]		
	(e) (i) pair ALL NO			ting/galvanising/covering with plastic/sacrificial prote OW: oiling/greasing : removing air/removing water	ection/(electro)plati	ng [1]		
		(ii)	cont NOT	ains water -: dissolves in water		[1]		
		(iii)	Any high can form high com ALL etc. NOT	two of: boiling point or melting point; act as catalyst; is coloured compounds; density; pounds can have variable oxidation states or have i OW: general metallic properties e.g. conducts electr	ons with different c ricity; conducts hea	harges; [2] It; ductile		

[Total: 12]

	Page 6		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
			IGCSE – October/November 2008	0620	2	
6	(a)	 Any two of; (group of similar organic) compounds with same chemical properties; (group of similar organic) compounds showing trend in physical properties; have same functional group; have same general formula; members differ by CH₂ group; ALLOW: can be made by same method 				
	(b)	ethane; correct s ALLOW:	tructure of ethane; correct structure from incorrectly named alkane		[2]	
	(c)	1^{st} row correct s 2^{nd} row correct s 3^{rd} row $C_2H_4Br_2;$ 4^{th} row methane fuel;	tructure of ethene; for making plastics/ethanol etc.; tructure of ethanoic acid;		[2] [1] [1]	
	(d)	188 ALLOW:	error carried forward from incorrect structure in the	table	[1]	

	Page 7		·	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
				IGCSE – October/November 2008	0620	2	
7	(a)	(i)	ions ions	cannot move in solid; move when molten;		[2]	
		(ii)	calci force ALL parti chlo easi ALL	ium has atoms/particles closely packed togethe es between particles/particles can't move; OW: calcium has high boiling point (because icles) rine has molecules/particles randomly arranged/fa ly (from place to place); OW: chlorine has low boiling point (because of weak	r/regularly arrange of strong forces ar apart/particles c k forces between p	ed/strong between an move [2] articles)	
	(b)	(i)	chlo calci ALL NOT	rine; ium; OW: For 1 mark: calcium and chlorine the wrong wa ⁻: chloride/chloride ions	ay round	[2]	
		(ii)	grap	hite/carbon		[1]	
		(iii)	to pr ALL	event it from reacting with the air/oxygen OW: does not react/prevents (other) reactions (with	calcium)	[1]	
		(iv)	any ALL	noble gas OW: nitrogen		[1]	
	(c)	with whi with	n sodi te pre n amn	ium hydroxide ecipitate; insoluble in excess; nonia		[2]	
		no ALL	orecip .OW:	bitate/(very slight) white precipitate no reaction/no change		[1]	
						[Total: 12]	