

Mark Scheme Summer 2008

IGCSE

IGCSE Business (4330)



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Contents

	1.	4330/03 Paper 1 Written Alternative	5
	2.	4330/1F Paper 2 Foundation Tier	9
,	3.	4330/2H Paper 3 Higher Tier	15

General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question Number	Answer		Mark
1(a)			
- (-)	Co-operative	F	
	Sole Trader	В	
	Partnership	E	
	Private Limited Company (Ltd)	D	
	Public Limited Company (plc)	A	
	Franchise	С	
			5 marks

Question Number	Answer		Mark
1(b)(i)	Current ratio Acid test ratio	1.25 0.75	2 marks

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Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(b)(ii)	Eg (CR) - at 1.25 could just pay off short term debts - could pay off liabilities one-and-a quarter times over - 1.5/2.0 would be safer - less than 1 would create a cash flow problem - assumes that all current assets can be sold quickly - not always true, ie sale of stock - could pay off current liabilities one-and-a-quarter times (ATR) - a ratio of 1 means could just pay off short term debts - 0.75 means this cannot be done - only has 75p of liquid assets to cover every £1 of current liability - managers would have to increase working capital.	
	NB maximum of two marks if only one ratio considered.	3 marks

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(c)	Negative cash flow identified 1	
	Approach bank - before June - discuss figures - negotiate a suitable source of finance - overdraft 4	5 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(d)	eg	
	(production) - must produce screens that can be sold - marketing can advise from sales data - marketing will have feedback from customers (guarantee forms, customer satisfaction data) - Q/A issues raised from complaints and feedback to production	
	(marketing) - research TV markets and customer requirements to inform R&D - R&D develop new products - liaise with production when new product ready for mass production to plan marketing campaign in time for product launch	5 marks
	•	Total 20 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2(a)(i)	Eg	
	company reports	
	 newspaper articles 	
	• internet	
	 databases 	
	Government statistics	3 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2(a)(ii)	2(a)(ii) (market orientation) - customer needs drive product development as	
	do competitor pressures	
	(market share) - percentage of market (by volume or value) held by	
	one company or brand	2 marks

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(b)	eg (managerial) - specialists and experts can be employed - less may be needed - saving in costs - fall in management cost per unit (trading) - bulk buying - lower unit costs - importance and buying power of large company - also impacts on advertising, packaging and delivery costs	
	NB maximum of 3 marks if one economy attempted	5 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
21	eg	
	Both stop me wasting my time/time of the employer	
	(job description) - sets out type/nature of the work so I can see if I have what is required - I can see details of the work and whether it suits me - any special features I must have will be indicated - it will let me know if I have to work with specialist equipment/software	
	(job specification) - I can check my experience against what is required - I can check if I have the qualifications needed -do I have the physical and/or mental abilities stated	
	NB max of 3 marks for single response4	
		4 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2(d)	Eg	
	how near to other Morrison supermarkets, is there sufficient demand - distance from one to another - closeness might work - how many competitors (other supermarkets) and are they busy - is market saturated - how many potential customers in the area, what is their purchasing power - can another supermarket survive - is there a labour	
	force available	5 marks
	To	otal 20 marks
	Total for pa	per 40 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 1	
1(a)		
	(i) C	
	(ii) B	
	(iii) A	
	(iv) C	
	(v) A	
		5 marks

Question Number	Answer FOUNDATION QU	JESTION 1			Mark
1(b)					
		<u>Primary</u>	<u>Secondary</u>	<u>Tertiary</u>	_
	RGE plc			ſ	
	Stone Mei Ltd	ſ			
	Dropping Ltd		Ţ		
	Rypov Bank plc			ſ	
		•			d marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 1	
1(c)	Valid points could include:	
	eg capital intensive uses mainly machinery/equipment - labour intensive relies on employees/employee skills	
	i j i j	2 marks

Question Number	Answer FOUNDATION QUESTION 1	Mark
1(d)	eg greater efficiency - increased output increased production/more efficient production/less wastage - because of skill/because of expertise	2 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 1	
1(e)(i)	Assets	
	Valid points could include:	
	eg items owned - such as stocks, furniture and buildings	
		2 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 1	
1(e)(ii)	Share capital	
	Valid points could include:	
	eg money invested - by shareholders/by owners	
		2 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 1	
1(e)(iii)	Liabilities	
	Valid points could include:	
	eg items owed - such as creditors and bank overdraft	
		2 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 1	
1(f)	Valid points could include:	
	eg expenses deducted from gross profit	
	BC has to pay £5m expenses out of its gross profit	
		1 mark
		Total 20 marks

	Question	Answer	Mark
	Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 2	
Ī	2(a)(i)	Valid points could include:	
		eg identifying customer needs - by obtaining information using primary/secondary techniques - to examine the potential market	
			2 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 2	
2(a)(ii)	Valid points could include:	
	eg	
	questionnaire	
	survey	
	government statistics	
	desk/secondary	
	field/primary	
		1 mark

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 2	
2(b)(i)	eg (A) Total revenue/Total sales/Total income/Total output (B) Total costs (C) Fixed costs	3 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 2	
2(b)(ii)	Valid points could include:	
	eg	
	include a heading	
	provide more information on the left-hand/vertical axis	
	place the values at the end of the lines	
	show/name/label/describe the breakeven point	
	show/name/label/describe the margin of safety	
		2 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 2	
2(c)	Valid points could include:	
	eg finance is only needed for a short period (for three months) - an overdraft is designed for this a cheap method of borrowing - only have to pay interest for the amount overdrawn a flexible method of borrowing - BC can increase if necessary	4 marks
		4 IIIai KS

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 2	
2(d)(i)	Valid points could include:	
	eg (1) local paper / (3) local radio because it concentrates on the local market - and there is greater coverage/frequent appearance of the adverts	
		2 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 2	
2(d)(ii)	Valid points could include:	
	eg (2) national television / (4) national paper because it is national rather than local - BC needs to concentrate on the local market/local people are the most likely to be interested in the new flats (3) local radio because it is the only non visual medium - BC cannot show pictures/details of the flats	2 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 2	
2(e)	Valid points could include:	
	eg	
	details of <i>BC</i> /details of the new flats - gives information necessary for people to make a decision visual appeal/ a free holiday competition - attempts to persuade people to buy/appeals to people's desires	
		4 marks
		Total 20 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 3 - HIGHER QUESTION 1	
(a)(i)	Valid points could include:	
	eg	
	to introduce the new employee to the business - and the	
	business to the new employee	
	to get the new person to contribute as quickly as possible - by	
	making her or him feel comfortable in the new environment	
		2 marks

Question Number	Answer FOUNDATION QUESTION 3 - HIGHER QUESTION 1	Mark
(a)(ii)	Valid points could include: eg meeting with Finance Office staff initial training on accounting software overview/history of <i>BC</i> tour of the Finance Office/tour of the other offices (maximum 1 mark for generic statements)	
		3 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 3 - HIGHER QUESTION 1	
(b)	Valid points could include: eg negative aspects of hygiene factors displease BC employees - examples include salary, working conditions, supervision - hygiene factors by themselves will not motivate - but it is necessary to meet hygiene factors in order to prevent employee dissatisfaction at BC motivators are what managers at BC must focus on if they want employees to be motivated at work - examples include achievement, recognition of achievement, responsibility - but BC managers must first provide a basic level of acceptable hygiene factors (maximum 3 marks if only hygiene factors or motivators are discussed) (candidates do not receive marks for a list of knowledge points about Herzberg)	5 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 3 - HIGHER QUESTION 1	
(c)(i)	Valid points could include:	
	eg inputs compared against outputs - to assess efficiency a method of checking labour/resource performance - by measuring inputs against outputs	
	(answers must focus on productivity and not on production)	
		2 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 3 - HIGHER QUESTION 1	
(c)(ii)	Valid points could include:	
	eg increase investment in new equipment - so building work is speeded up/so there is less waste of building materials improve the ability of employees/train employees - so they can build better houses/flats improve employee motivation - so they work more efficiently when building houses	
	(reference to BC/building context needed for the second mark)	2 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	FOUNDATION QUESTION 3 - HIGHER QUESTION 1	
(d)	Valid points could include: eg BC is in a competitive market - needs to guarantee quality so it stays in business/makes a profit/competes successfully - TQM helps achieve this guarantee BC employees treat everyone as customers - which should improve product quality offered by BC - improved quality culture throughout - so customers become more satisfied - customers are more likely to use BC again Need for training - which will increase BC's costs Employees in BC may not accept the new culture - which will affect how they treat customers (maximum 4 marks for a one-sided answer)	6 marks
		Total 20 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	HIGHER QUESTION 2	
(2)(a)(i)	eg 200 000	
		1 mark

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	HIGHER QUESTION 2	
(2)(a)(ii)	eg 30 000	
	(accept between 29 000 and 31 000 inclusive)	
	•	1 mark

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	HIGHER QUESTION 2	
(2)(a)(iii)	eg 80 000	
		1 mark

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	HIGHER QUESTION 2	
(2)(a)(iv)	eg 4	1 mark
		IIIIIII

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	HIGHER QUESTION 2	
(2)(a)(v)	eg 200 000 profit	
		1 mark

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	HIGHER QUESTION 2	
(2)(b)	Valid points could include:	
	eg	
	helps <i>BC</i> managers to forecast - by requiring information on	
	likely future costs/revenues to be prepared - but no guarantee that the forecast will be accurate	
	that the folecast will be accurate	
	helps to model - figures on (eg) cost of building can be changed	
	and the effects seen - which improves decision-making	
	problem that costs/revenues change/are only forecasts - so the	
	breakeven point for (eg) a block of flats may be inaccurate	
	difficult to apply where more than one product is being made -	
	and BC is likely to make a range of buildings	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	(conclusion) it can therefore be used to examine 'what if'	
	situations and so help <i>BC</i> in its decision-making - but with reservations as to the accuracy of the information	
	Teser various as to the accuracy of the information	
	(3 marks if no reference to context of building businesses)	
	(1 mark for context)	
	(1 mark for conclusion)	
		5 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	HIGHER QUESTION 2	
(2)(c)	Valid points could include:	
	eg P&L is needed to see how much profit is made/to see BC's financial performance - B/S is needed to see what is owned and owed/to see BC's financial position	
	Legal requirement - BC is a limited company so must produce final accounts	
	P&L helps <i>BC's</i> directors make decisions on profitability - B/S helps them make decisions on liquidity	
		4 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	HIGHER QUESTION 2	
(2)(d)(i)	Valid points could include:	
	eg use of people in production - rather than equipment	
		2 marks

Question	Anguar	Mark
	Answer	IVIALK
Number	HIGHER QUESTION 2	
(2)(d)ii)	Valid points could include:	
	·	
	eq (benefit)	
	9	
	skilled workers are more efficient - so BC gains from greater	
	output	
	skilled workers deliver a better quality job - this improves the	
	chance of selling property/improves BC's reputation	
	Situation of coming property, improves 200 reputation	
	og (drowbook)	
	eg (drawback)	
	wages are likely to be higher - which increases BC's costs	
	if one group withdraws its labour - BC loses production/cannot	
	replace the skills easily	
		4 marks
Total 20 mar		Total 20 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	HIGHER QUESTION 3	
(3)(a)(i)	Valid points could include:	
	eg primary involves original work/is unique to the business - secondary is from other sources/is not unique to the business	
		2 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	HIGHER QUESTION 3	
(3)(a)(ii)	Valid points could include:	
	eg persuasive seeks to tempt people to buy/it is more associated with impulse buying - informative gives facts and figures about the product	
		2 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	HIGHER QUESTION 3	
(3)(b)	Valid points could include:	
	eg	
	(local paper)	
	(AO3) focuses on the local market so it is suitable	
	because likely purchasers could live in the locality	
	(AO3) inexpensive/can show pictures/can give facts/can	
	show map where the property is - (AO4) but people	
	might not see the advert/less wide coverage than radio -	
	loss of potential sales	
	(local radio)	
	(AO3) focuses on the local market so it is suitable - because likely purchasers could live in the locality	
	because likely purchasers could live in the locality	
	(AO3) other nearby towns also covered so wider	
	coverage/ people may be willing to move a short	
	distance	
	(AO2) in a vince points (acquired for the facts (acquired	
	(AO3) inexpensive/can describe/can give facts/can explain where the property is so it is suitable for these	
	reasons - (AO4) but people might not listen to the	
	radio/it is not permanent so information may be	
	forgotten	
	-	7 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	HIGHER QUESTION 3	
(3)(c)	Valid points could include:	
	eg	
	(start building homes outside the UK)	
	(AO3) this is likely to increase BC's market share/diversify into	
	different markets -	
	AO4) which will make it stronger	
	(increase net profit by 2%)	
	(AO3) this is likely to improve <i>BC's</i> profitability/liquidity -	
	(AO4) which will make it financially sounder	
	(10 t) which the manerally sounds.	
	(train staff to use computers)	
	(AO3) this is likely to improve employee efficiency -	
	(AO4) which will improve BC's reputation - cut its costs - make it	
	more competitive	
	(accept valid negative arguments regarding survival: eg training	
	staff increases costs)	
	3.6411 11101 04303 00313)	
	(maximum 4 marks for any one objective)	
	(1 mark for reference to the overall effect)	
		9 marks
		Total 20 marks

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