# **Revision Checklist for IGCSE Business Studies 0450**

A guide for Students



#### **Revision Checklist for IGCSE Business Studies 0450**

## How to use this guide

The guide describes what you need to know about your IGSCE Business Studies examination.

It will help you to plan your revision programme and will explain what the examiners are looking for in the answers you write. It can also help you to revise by using the tick boxes in Section 3, 'What you need to know' to check what you know and which topic areas of Business Studies you have covered.

The guide contains the following sections:

# Section 1: How will you be tested?

This section will give you information about the different examination Papers that you will take.

#### Section 2: What will be tested?

This section describes the areas of knowledge, understanding and skills that the examiners will test you on.

# Section 3: What you need to know

This shows the syllabus content in a simple way so that you can check:

- which topics you need to know about;
- details about each topic area in the syllabus;
- how much of the syllabus you have covered.

#### **Appendices**

This section covers the importance of the command words the examiners use in the examination Papers.

# Section 1: How will you be tested?

# 1.1 The examination Papers you will take

You will take **two** written Papers, Papers 1 and 2. In addition, your teacher may offer you the option of Coursework, Paper 3. You will, therefore, need to check with your teacher whether or not you are going to do Coursework (Paper 3).

## 1.2 Business Studies (without Coursework)

The table below gives you information about the examination Papers you will take.

Paper number	How long and how many marks?	What's in the Paper?	What's the % of the total examination?
Paper 1	1 hour 45 mins (100 marks)	Short-answer questions and structured/data response questions. There will be no choice of questions.	50%
Paper 2	1 hour 45 mins (100 marks)	You will be presented with a business situation or problem, and asked to answer questions about it. There will be no choice of questions.	50%

**Total 100%** 

The marks for Papers 1 and 2 count equally towards your final mark and so are equally important to your final grade.

# 1.3 Business Studies (with Coursework)

The table below gives you information about which examination Papers you will take. Your teacher will give you further guidance on your Coursework.

Paper number	How long and how many marks?	What's in the Paper?	What's the % of the total examination?
Paper 1	1 hour 45 mins (100 marks)	Short-answer questions and data response questions. There will be no choice of questions	40%
Paper 2	1 hour 45 mins (100 marks)	You will be presented with a business situation	40%

		or problem and asked to answer short questions about it. There will be no choice of questions.	
Paper 3 (Coursework)	no fixed time (50 marks)	You will need to write 3000-4000 words about a particular business investigation or problem.	20%

Total 100%

You can ask your teacher for more information on the difference between the coursework and non-coursework options, and how it relates to the differences in the weighting between the Papers.

#### Section 2: What will be tested?

The syllabus sets out the knowledge, understanding and skills that will be tested in the examination Papers.

For IGCSE Business Studies four skill areas will be assessed. Each skill area is considered to be equally important and is given the same percentage of marks in the examination overall.

You will develop these skill areas during your lessons and the examination will test the progress you have made. Your teacher will be able to give you more information about how each skill area is tested in the different examination Papers, and in both the coursework and non-coursework options.

The table shows you the range of skills you should develop.

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Skill	What this skill means	What you need to be able to do
A: Knowledge and understandin g	Knowing and remembering facts, terms etc.	<ul> <li>Explain facts, terms, concepts and conventions</li> <li>Explain theories and techniques used in business studies</li> <li>Describe them accurately and in detail</li> <li>Use them appropriately</li> </ul>
B: Application	Being able to apply a range of knowledge and understanding to particular business problems and issues	<ul> <li>Show which terms, concepts, facts, or conventions apply to a particular business problem or situation</li> <li>Answer the question from the point of view of the business itself</li> </ul>
C: Analysis	Being able to select, analyse, order and interpret	<ul> <li>Select information from text, tables, graphs, diagrams, drawings</li> <li>Put this information in order to make</li> </ul>

	information	sense of it, e.g. this could involve graphing information provided in a table, or performing a calculation on selected data  Identify patterns in the information provided, e.g. trends in business performance  Interpret what it means, e.g. what problems are outlined in the text
D: Evaluation	Be able to evaluate	<ul> <li>Draw conclusions about a particular situation</li> <li>Justify a recommended course of action for a business to take</li> <li>Give reasons for particular explanations</li> <li>Show understanding of particular courses of action</li> <li>Show understanding of the consequences of some course of action</li> </ul>

#### 2.2 Skill areas and command words

Examiners use different command words in the questions to indicate which skill areas are being tested to help you understand what they are looking for in your answer. It is very important that you understand the meaning of these command words so that you can demonstrate the skill areas needed, otherwise you may not be able to gain high marks.

The meaning of different command words is explained in the Appendix.

#### 2.3 Number of marks

You also need to pay attention to the number of marks available, which will provide you with a guide to how much you should write in you answer.

For example, if a question says, 'State **two** examples of ...' for 2 marks, then you need to give only two examples and do not need to explain anything.

However, if a question says 'Explain what is meant by ...' and 3 marks are available, then more than one simple statement is needed. Usually 3 marks will mean that you need to write more than one sentence in order to gain 3 marks.

For a question which asks you 'Which would be the best method ....?' with 10 marks available, you would need to write several short paragraphs giving the advantages and disadvantage of the different methods, then a conclusion selecting a particular method with a justification as to why you think it is the best one. There isn't usually one single right answer here, it is up to you to explain and justify the one you have chosen.

## Section 3: What you need to know

A table is provided below which describes the topics you may be tested on in your examination Papers.

You can use the table throughout your course to check the topic areas you have covered. You can also use it as a revision aid. When you think you have a good knowledge of a topic, you can tick the appropriate box in the checklist column. The main headings in the topic areas are usually followed by details of what you should know. You can test yourself as follows:

- cover up the details in the table with a piece of paper
- try to remember the details
- when you have remembered the details correctly, put a tick in the appropriate box on the table

If you use a pencil to tick the boxes you can retest yourself whenever you want by simply rubbing out the ticks. If you are using the table as a checklist of which topics you have covered, you can put a tick in the topic column next to the appropriate bullet point.

The column headed comments can be used:

- to add further information about the details for each bullet point, or to give examples
- to highlight areas of difficulty/ things which you need to ask your teacher about

Theme	Topic	You should be able to:	Checklist	Comments
Business and	Business	Demonstrate an understanding of business activity in:		
the	Activity	adding value		
Environment in which it operates		<ul> <li>helping to satisfy the needs of customers in a changing competitive environment</li> </ul>		
		Explain the purpose of business activity in terms of the objectives of non-profit making activity, private enterprise and public enterprise		
		Describe and classify business activity in terms of primary, secondary and tertiary sectors		
		Demonstrate an awareness of and show understanding of:     the changes that have taken place in primary, secondary and tertiary sectors within your own country		
		the changing importance of these categories within your own country, in terms of employment and the contribution to national wealth		
		Show knowledge of:		
		<ul> <li>how to measure the size of a business</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>the problems of measuring the size</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>why businesses grow and expand</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>the problems connected with expansion and how they might be overcome</li> </ul>		
		Demonstrate an awareness of the impact that business activity may have on the environment		

The organisation	Describe and explain:  • the private sector and the public sectors	
	<ul> <li>the role of the different groups involved in business activity and their objectives: consumers, employees, managers, owners, finance providers and shareholders</li> </ul>	
	Demonstrate an awareness of:	
	<ul><li>the aims of private enterprises</li><li>the aims of public enterprises</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>the objectives of private enterprises</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>the objectives of public enterprises</li> </ul>	
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Changing business environment	State what role the government plays in influencing decisions within:	
environment	local contexts	
	national contexts	
	international contexts	
	Explain how businesses might react to government influencing decisions	
	Demonstrate an awareness of:	
	the impact changes in taxes may have on business decisions	
	<ul> <li>the impact changes in interest rates may have on business decisions</li> </ul>	

	the impact that technological change has on business     the impact of the internet and e-commerce on business	
	Show an understanding of:  why markets change  how businesses might respond to these market changes	
Economic environment	Show an appreciation of:	
	Show an appreciation of:  • how international trade influences an economy	
	<ul> <li>how international trade influences a country's business sectors (through creating opportunities for growth, giving increased competition and providing more consumer choice)</li> </ul>	
	Demonstrate an understanding of the problems a business may have when entering a new market abroad	
	Demonstrate an understanding of the effects of competition on business	
	Show an appreciation of the implications of the following on businesses which trade internationally:  • changes in tariff barriers on business	
	<ul> <li>changes in quotas on business</li> </ul>	

		changes in the exchange rate on business	
Business structure, organisation and control	Ownership and internal organisation	Discuss     if a particular form of business organisation will enable a business to achieve its objectives     If the particular form of business organisation is appropriate to allow a business to meet its objectives	
		Identify and explain:	
		Explain the difference between limited and unlimited liability	
		State what is meant by a multinational business     Identify the reasons for the importance of multinational business     identify the reasons for the growth of multinational business	

Show an understanding of:	
<ul> <li>how businesses are controlled using a simple organisation chart</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>the levels of responsibility found in a business</li> </ul>	
Be able to:	
draw a simple organisational chart	
interpret and explain an organisational chart	
comment on the main features of an organisational	
<ul><li>chart</li><li>explain what is meant by chain of command</li></ul>	
explain what is meant by span of control      explain what is meant by biggraphy	
explain what is meant by hierarchy	
<ul> <li>discuss the role of management in the organisation chart</li> </ul>	
Explain:	
internal communication	
external communication	
<ul> <li>the different types of internal and external communication</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>when different types of communication are the most appropriate to use</li> </ul>	
what barriers to effective communication might arise in a business	
<ul> <li>how barriers to effective communication might be overcome</li> </ul>	
the need for effective internal communication	

	Financial business	Identify:  • the main need for funds by a business	
	activity	the difference between short and long term finance	
		<ul> <li>the internal and external sources of funds available to a business</li> <li>Understand:</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>the impact on business of using different sources of finance</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>and explain the basis upon which the choice of sources of funds is made</li> </ul>	
Business activity to	Marketing	Describe what role marketing plays in a business	
achieve objectives		Appreciate why market research is needed	
objectives		Understand how a business can carry out market research – both primary and secondary	
		Explain the limitations of both primary and secondary research	
		Appreciate when the different types of primary or secondary research methods might be the most appropriate to use in a particular situation	
		Understand the factors that influence the accuracy of market research (i.e. why market research results may not be accurate)	

To be able to:	
present simple market research results	
analyse market research results	
interpret simple market research result	
Understand:	
how market segmentation is carried out	
why market segmentation is carried out	
<ul> <li>the difference between mass marketing and niche marketing</li> </ul>	
Identify and explain the elements of the marketing mix (Product, Price, Promotion and Place)	
Understand the importance of:	
design to the product	
<ul> <li>packaging and the functions of packaging</li> </ul>	
Select appropriate packaging for a particular product	
Know what is meant by:	
a brand image	
brand name	
Demonstrate an understanding of product life cycles and be able to identify where a particular product is in its product life cycle	
Label the main stages of a product life cycle	
Identify appropriate extension strategies for products	

Understand	the importance of pricing in the marketing mix	
Explain:		
	-plus pricing	
	etration pricing	
	e skimming	
• com	petitive pricing	
• pron	notional pricing	
Select an ap product	ppropriate pricing strategy for a particular	
	what is meant by price elasticity of demand and inelastic demand).	
	the effect on demand for the product if demand stic or inelastic	
	the role of promotion in the marketing mix ncludes - advertising, promotion, personal ic relations)	
Explain the dadvertising	difference between persuasive and informative	
when they w (e.g. free gift	different types of promotion and appreciate vould be appropriate to use ts, competitions, point of sale displays, money after sales service)	

	Explain the different types of advertising and appreciate when they would be appropriate to use (e.g. TV, radio, newspapers and magazines, cinema, posters/billboards, Internet, leaflets/direct mail)	
	Select appropriate forms of promotion for a particular product	
	Understand the role place plays in the marketing mix	
	Appreciate the different channels of distribution	
	Appreciate the role of the wholesaler	
	Appreciate the factors that affect which channel of Distribution to use and be able to select an appropriate channel of distribution to use for a particular situation	
	Explain the different types of transport available to transport a product (e.g. road haulage, rail, river and canal, sea freight, air freight, pipeline)	
	Select the most suitable type of transport available for a particular product	
	Understand how a marketing strategy can be developed by linking the four P's of the marketing mix together.	
	Select and justify a suitable marketing mix appropriate to a given situation	
l l	Appreciate how a marketing strategy can influence consumer demand	

	Understand how the marketing mix will need to change as a product goes through the different stages of the product life cycle	
	Show an awareness of the need for a marketing budget	
Production (Operations management)	Understand how a business can use resources to help it meet its objectives of producing goods and services  Explain what is meant by:	
	<ul> <li>job production</li> <li>batch production</li> <li>flow production</li> </ul>	
	Appreciate when the different methods of production would be suitable to use	
	Identify and explain economics of scale (e.g. financial, managerial, marketing, risk-bearing, technical/production)	
	Identify and explain diseconomies of scale	
	Understand what is meant by lean production	
	State, explain and give examples of:	

	Show the ability to:	
	draw a simple break-even chart	
	interpret and use a simple break-even chart	
	Appreciate the importance of quality control to a business	
	Show an understanding of the main factors which influence the location of a business (manufacturing or service based)	
	Show an understanding of the main factors which influence the relocation of a business	
	Show an understanding of what is meant by productivity	
	To show an appreciation of how production can be made more efficient e.g. automation, new technology	
Financial information	Explain the importance of cash to a business	
and decision making	Construct a simple cash flow statement	
making	Interpret a simple cash flow statement	
	Appreciate:	
	what is meant by profit	
	why profit matters to a business	

Understand:			
the purpose of	f a profit/loss account statement		
the main elem	nents of a profit/loss account statement		
the main reas     profit	ons why a business needs to make a		
• the difference	between cash and profit		
Understand:			
the purpose of	f a balance sheet		
the main elem	nents of a balance sheet		
Calculate the following	<del>-</del>	_	
gross profit ma	_		
net profit marg	yin		
return on capit	al employed (ROCE)		
current test rate	tio		
acid test ratio			
	nt ways that businesses can judge ooking at ROCE, market share		
Interpret financial stat	ements using the following:		
gross profit ma	-		
net profit marg	jin		
return on capit	al employed (ROCE)		
current test rate	tio		
acid test ratio			

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		Identify and calculate working capital		
		Understand why financial budgets are important to businesses		
		Know which groups (stakeholders) may be interested in interpreting financial accounts		
		Understand what these groups may gain from looking at financial accounts		
People in	Human needs	Explain:		
Business	and wants	<ul> <li>why people work (to satisfy human needs)</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>the different methods of financial rewards (e.g.</li> </ul>		
		salary, time rate, piece rate, bonus, profit sharing)		
		<ul> <li>the different methods of non-financial rewards (e.g. free accommodation, company car, free health care)</li> </ul>		
		Appreciate when these financial and non-financial rewards may be appropriate for a particular situation		
		Explain why motivation is important to a business		
		Understand how workers can be motivated (motivation theories would be useful here e.g. Taylor, Maslow, McGregor)		
		Appreciate which methods of motivation are appropriate in particular situations		

	Explain the different management styles (Laissez-faire, Autocratic, Democratic)	
	Appreciate when the different management styles may be appropriate to use	
Manpower	Explain the recruitment and selection process including:	
	Job analysis	
	Job description	
	Job (person) specification	
	Job advertisement	
	Interviews/selection process	
	Induction training	
	Understand when internal or external recruitment is appropriate in particular situations	
	Explain different training methods (on the job training and off the job training)	
	Appreciate when different training methods would be appropriate to use in particular situations	
	Be aware of why businesses need to train and develop their employees	

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		Explain the difference between dismissal and redundancy (retrenchment)	
		Appreciate why the number of employees may need to be reduced	
Regulating and controlling	Reasons for regulation	Explain why the government needs to intervene in business activity in the following examples:	
business activity		Employee protection	
,		Consumer protection	
		Environmental protection	
		Promotion of competition	
		<ul> <li>Location of business</li> </ul>	
		Explain how the government intervenes in business activity in the following examples:	
		Employee protection (including health and safety requirements)	
		Consumer protection	
		Environmental protection	
		Promotion of competition	
		Location of business	
	Influences on	Explain:	
	business activity	what is meant by a trade union	
	- Conviny	<ul> <li>why employees might belong to a trade union</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>what forms of industrial action members of a trade union may take and when they would be appropriate</li> </ul>	

how a trade union influences business behaviour	
how conflict can be resolved	
Know what is meant by ethical considerations in business activity.	
Know how these ethical considerations might affect business activity	
Know what is meant by:  • social costs	
social benefits	
Understand how business activity can create these social costs and benefits	
Understand how these social costs and benefits might influence government decisions	
Appreciate:  • what is meant by exchange rates	
<ul> <li>how changes in the exchange rate affects businesses when exporting or importing</li> </ul>	
Appreciate:  • what is meant by the business cycle	
<ul> <li>the possible effects of a boom on businesses</li> </ul>	
the possible effects of a recession on businesses	

#### **Appendix**

Command words which Examiners use in IGCSE Business Studies to test the four skill areas are described below.

## A: Knowledge with understanding

This is tested by the type of question that asks you to describe or explain a particular term, or .... e.g. 'What is meant by market segment?'

Command words which test this skill area include:

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Explain ..., Describe..., State..., List..., Outline..., What is... Give..., Define..., Identify..., Name...
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**B: Application**. This means the examiner is testing if you can apply your answer to the business given in the examination. For example 'What do you think the business in the case could do to increase sales?' Your answer must not just be a general explanation of how a business could increase sales but how this particular business could increase sales.

Command words which test this skill area include:

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Explain..., Why..., Calculate..., Show..., Use..., What might ... Give an example of..., How..., Use, e.g. Company X to explain...
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**C: Analysis**. To show the skill of analysis involves being able to select information from text, tables, graphs, diagrams, drawings. You should be able to put this information in order to make sense of it, e.g. this could involve graphing information provided in a table. You should be able to analyse what the information is showing, e.g. say if it shows there is an upward trend in the business performance, or interpret what some information means, e.g. what problems are outlined in the text.

Command words, which test this skill area include:

```
Explain..., Discuss..., Calculate..., Show..., Identify...
Which..., Compare..., Use the information in the figure/table..., Which...
Analyse
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**D: Evaluation**. This requires you to draw conclusions, make judgements or make recommendations, but you must be able to justify your answer to achieve high marks. For example, 'Which would be the best form of finance for this business to pay for the expansion of its factory?'

Command words which test this skill area include:

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Explain why..., Discuss..., Justify..., Consider..., Decide... Which..., Evaluate..., Why do you think..., ...

To what extent..., Do you agree..., Advise..., Assess...
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