### MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper

### for the guidance of teachers

### 0450 BUSINESS STUDIES

0450/11

Paper 1 (Short Answer/Structured response), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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This mark scheme includes a summary of appropriate content for answering each question. It should be emphasised, however, that this material is for illustrative purposes and is not intended to provide a definitive guide to acceptable answers. It is quite possible that among the scripts there will be some candidate answers that are not covered directly by the content of this mark scheme. In such cases, professional judgement should be exercised in assessing the merits of the answer.

Examples of possible answers are also included in this mark scheme. Again, it should be emphasised that this is for illustrative purposes and the examples chosen represent only some of the many possible responses that would merit reward.

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#### 1 (a) What is meant by an 'increasingly competitive market'?

For 2 marks must have understanding of 'increasingly' and 'competitive market'. A greater number of businesses [1] producing products aimed at the same market segment [1]. A number of similar companies [1], as this shows an understanding of a competitive market.

### (b) Calculate the value of Autobrake's sales in 2010.

Correct answer [2], method [1]. \$ sign not required.

Autobrake's sales = \$14m [2]. Must have million for 2 marks. \$70m x 20% [1], sales x market share [1]. Correct method but wrong year [2005] i.e. \$70m x 40% [1], \$28m alone [0].

(c) Autobrake uses flow production in its factories. Identify and explain two benefits of using flow production. [4]

### Knowledge [2 x 1]:

- larger output/mass production
- economies of scale or lower unit costs
- overheads spread over many units
- intensive use of machinery
- productivity rises
- continuous process
- standardised products/consistent quality
- specialisation/unskilled workers.

Do not accept 'quicker', 'cheaper' or 'quality' alone as knowledge points. These can be used as part of an explanation.

**Analysis [2 x 1]:** explaining how the benefit identified helps Autobrake. E.g. reducing unit cost [k] is a benefit because it increases competitiveness [an].

# (d) Identify and explain <u>three</u> possible reasons why Autobrake's market share changed between 2005 and 2010. [6]

Remember Autobrake's market share has fallen. Total market demand for the product has not fallen.

### Knowledge [3 x 1]:

- product range dated
- new rivals entered market
- incorrect pricing
- quality issues damaged reputation
- marketing strategies ineffective.

**Analysis [3 x 1]:** explain how the factor identified results in a relative fall in sales. E.g. If product range is old-fashioned [k] this results in consumers turning to other businesses to better meet their needs [an].

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[2]

[2]

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(e) Do you think that investing in a wider range of products will mean that the business will become more profitable in the future? Justify your answer. [6]

### Knowledge [2]:

- attracts new groups of customers
- increases attractions of business to existing customers
- enhances the image of the company
- spreading risk
- costs will rise
- diseconomies of scale.

**Analysis [2]:** explanation of how the knowledge point identified affects the business. **Evaluation [2]:** justified decision related to profitability based on points identified.

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#### 2 (a) What is meant by the term 'recession'?

[Sustained] reduction in GDP [2]. Fall in output [1] over time [+ 1]. Slow down in business activity [1].

Do not credit identification of impact such as falling living standards/fewer jobs/businesses making losses/fall in sales [0].

[2]

### (b) Identify two ways in which consumers might be affected by a recession. [2]

### Knowledge [2 x 1]:

- Lack of confidence/less spending
- lower income/loss of income/job losses/falling living standards
- reduced choice

# (c) Identify and explain two consequences of a fall in interest rates on businesses in country A. [4]

### Knowledge [2 x 1]:

- cost of borrowing reduced
- potential incentive to increase investment
- increase in spending by consumers
- interest earned on savings falls

**Analysis [2 x 1]:** explanation shows how the business will be affected. E.g. Increase in spending by consumers [1] leading to rise in sales [1]. Loans are cheaper so businesses take more loans [1].

# (d) Identify and explain <u>three</u> ways by which employees can be protected at work by Government laws. [6]

### Knowledge [3 x 1]:

- unfair dismissal
- employment contract
- protection against exploitation/discrimination
- health and safety
- wage protection
- maximum hours.

### Analysis [3 x 1]: explain how the employee might be better protected.

E.g. any law that limits the number of employee hours each week [k] protects a worker from tiredness [an].

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(e) Do you think that Governments should give financial support to private sector businesses to survive in a recession? Justify your answer. [6]

#### Knowledge of issues [2]:

- maintains jobs
- maintains output
- keeps range of products
- protects key industry/products/suppliers/exports
- more government spending/switches spending from other areas
- increases taxation.

**Analysis** [2]: explanation of why this issue is important. **Evaluation** [2]: justified decision based on points identified.

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(a)	What is	meant by the term 'sole trader'?		[2
	Some ur E.g. run	ess owned by one individual [2]. Inderstanding of the term plus an example of a fea by one person [1] has unlimited liability [1]. ation of features – max 1 mark.	ature [2].	
(b)	-	<u>two</u> other examples of businesses that are al	-	ector. [2
	Do not a	rice-type activity acceptable e.g. retailing/entertai ccept a name of a business alone. el's [0] but Patel's insurance company [1].	nment.	
(c)	Identify	and explain <u>two</u> advantages to Sarah of have	a business partnei	r. [1
		dge [2 x 1]: ction of more capital		
	• shar	ring of work load		

- new ideas
- greater range of expertise/specialisation.

Analysis [2 x 1]: explanation of how/why it benefits Sarah.

# (d) Identify and explain <u>three</u> factors Sarah should consider when choosing a suitable location for a new nursery. [6]

### Knowledge [3 x 1]:

- cost related issues [rent/rates/government grants]
- market factors/near housing estates or population
- competition
- transport
- security
- utilities/power/water
- access to qualified staff/labour. Must be appropriate for a nursery.

Analysis [3 x 1]: explanation of why these factors need to be considered.

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(e) Do you think that it would be a good idea for Sarah to continue to expand her business? Justify your answer. [6]

#### Knowledge [2]:

- gain economies of scale
- greater recognition
- profitability
- loss of control
- risk
- objectives of the owner
- increased cost
- revenue
- more customers.

**Analysis [2]:** explanation of points must be related to Sarah or her business for credit. **Evaluation [2]:** justified decision related to growth based on points identified. For 2 evaluation marks **must** relate to Sarah or her business.

Generic answer that is not related to Sarah's business is maximum 3 marks.

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Ра	ge 9	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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(a)	What is	meant by the term 'shareholders' funds'?		I
	Funds/m Some ur	equity capital plus reserves [2]. oney invested into the business [1] by the owner iderstanding of term e.g. money put into busines not accept dividend.		
(b)	Identify	two examples of Trucker's current assets.		I
	<ul> <li>debt</li> </ul>	ors		
		k e.g. tractors/construction vehicles		
		n/bank. er example [2 x 1].		
(c)	Identify	and explain <u>two</u> reasons why a business mig	ht have creditors.	[
	Knowled	dge [2 x 1]:		
	-	s with cash flow/short-term funding		
		hase of raw materials/stock to resell est-free source of finance		
		dard way of carrying out business transactions		
		aara way or carrying car bacineee trancactione		

(d) Identify and explain <u>three</u> possible reasons why Trucker's net assets increased in 2010. [6]

### Knowledge from data [3 x 1]:

- fixed assets increased/went from \$200m to \$225m
- current assets increased/went from \$150m to \$180m
- current liabilities increased by less than the increase in current assets.

**Analysis [3 x 1]:** explanation showing possible reason for the change identified. E.g. fixed assets are higher [k] because they bought new plant or buildings [an].

### (e) Can the success of Trucker's business be assessed just by analysing its Balance Sheet? Justify your answer. [6]

### Knowledge [2]:

Knowledge of a Balance Sheet/ways to measure success [2].

- the assets and liabilities of a business [1] at a point in time [+1]
- a financial statement at a point in time [1]
- what a business owns and owes [1]
- the value of a company [1].

**Analysis [2]:** interpretation of what a balance sheet does or does not show. **Evaluation [2]:** justified decision related to success based on points identified.

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### 5 (a) What is meant by the term 'internal communication'?

Process of exchanging information between one group and another inside a business [2]. Flow of messages from source to recipient [1] within a business [1]. Do not accept examples of communication – the question requires a definition.

[2]

### (b) Identify two features of the organisational structure of ABC as shown in Fig. 2. [2]

### 1 mark per feature identified:

- narrow span of control
- tall (structure)
- 4/large number of levels/hierarchy

Do not accept only 2 subordinates as this is unknown.

### (c) Identify and explain <u>two</u> reasons why managers may be reluctant to delegate tasks to employees in their organisation. [4]

### Knowledge [2 x 1]:

- may lack confidence in employees
- want to maintain total control/manager feels threatened
- think they know best/know the task will be done/fear of errors
- employees lack training/skills
- managers not capable of explaining the task.

Analysis [2 x 1]: explanation shows why these reasons result in a lack of delegation.

# (d) Identify and explain <u>three</u> advantages to ABC of recruiting senior managers from within the business. [6]

### Knowledge [3 x 1]:

- acts as a motivator for employees
- individual knows the business
- business knows the individual
- avoids costs of external recruitment.

Do not accept 'time' or 'money' unless explained. Training must clearly be related to induction to be rewarded. 'Experienced' is not a valid answer.

Analysis [3 x 1]: explanation as to why ABC benefits.

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## (e) Recommend <u>two</u> ways in which communication could be improved in a large organisation. Justify your recommendations. [6]

### Knowledge [2]:

Could include:

- telephone/cell phone
- email
- meetings/video-conferencing
- shorten span of control
- delayering.

Analysis [2]: explanation of how communication would be improved.

**Evaluation [2]:** justification of why this is suitable for a large organisation. This can be implicit.

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