



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			NDIDATE JMBER		

Biology

0610/51

Paper 5 Practical Test

May/June 2013

1 hour 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials:

As listed in the Confidential Instructions.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

Electronic calculators may be used.

You may lose marks if you do not show your working or if you do not use appropriate units.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

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1			
2			
3			
Total			

This document consists of 10 printed pages and 2 blank pages.



Read through the whole question before starting work.

1 Fig. 1.1 shows a bird's egg. Part of the shell has been removed.



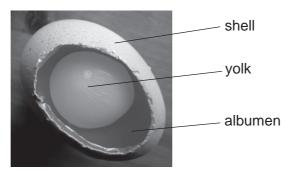


Fig. 1.1

Approximately 90 % of albumen is water. The remaining 10 % is made up of other substances such as reducing sugar.

` ,	Describe how you could safely test a sample of albumen for reducing sugar.			
	[4]			
(b)	You have been given a beaker containing albumen, labelled albumen . You are going to test the albumen for the presence of protein.			
	 Put on the eye protection provided. Use the syringe to put 2 cm³ of albumen into a test-tube. Add 1 cm³ of Biuret reagent, from the bottle labelled Biuret. 			
	• Use the syringe to put 2 cm³ of albumen into a test-tube.			
	 Use the syringe to put 2 cm³ of albumen into a test-tube. Add 1 cm³ of Biuret reagent, from the bottle labelled Biuret. 			
	 Use the syringe to put 2 cm³ of albumen into a test-tube. Add 1 cm³ of Biuret reagent, from the bottle labelled Biuret. Describe your observation and state your conclusion. 			
	 Use the syringe to put 2 cm³ of albumen into a test-tube. Add 1 cm³ of Biuret reagent, from the bottle labelled Biuret. Describe your observation and state your conclusion. observation 			

(c) You are going to investigate the effect of acid on albumen.

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- Put 2 cm³ of albumen into each of **two** clean test-tubes.
- Label the test-tubes 1 and 2.
- Carefully and slowly pour 2 cm³ of water, from the beaker labelled water, down the inside of test-tube 1.
- Carefully and slowly pour 2 cm³ of acid, from the beaker labelled acid, down the inside of test-tube 2.
- Gently move the test-tubes back and forwards. Do not shake the test-tubes up and down.
- Observe the test-tubes after 5 minutes.

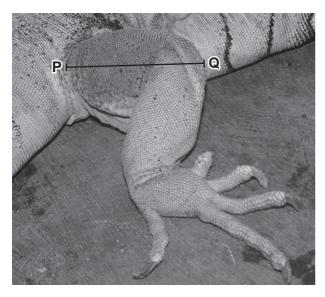
While you are waiting, continue with Questions 1(d) and (e).

	Describe your observations and state your conclusion.	
	observation, test-tube 1	
	observation, test-tube 2	••••
	conclusion	
		[3]
(d)	State why water was added to test-tube 1.	
		[1]
(e)	Fat is present in the yolk. A student carried out the emulsion test on a sample of yolk and it gave a positive results that the student would observe.	ult.
		[1]

[Total: 11]

2 Fig. 2.1 shows the back leg of two animals. The animals belong to two different vertebrate groups.

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animal A

animal B

Fig. 2.1

(a) (i)	leg of animal B .
	[1]
(ii)	Complete Table 2.1 to state two differences, visible in Fig. 2.1 between the leg of

animal **A** and the leg of animal **B**.

Table 2.1

feature	animal A	animal B

[3]

(b)	Make a large, labelled drawing of the leg of animal A.	For Examiner's Use
(c)	You are going to calculate the magnification of your drawing of the photograph of the leg of animal A . Length of line PQ in Fig. 2.1 is 36 mm. Draw line PQ on your drawing in the same position as in Fig. 2.1. Length of line PQ in drawingmm Calculate the magnification of your drawing. Show your working.	
	magnification ×[3]	

(d) A population of animals was studied over nine years. The changes in the population of males are shown in Fig. 2.2

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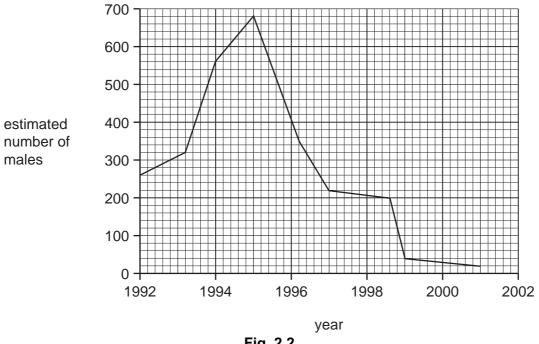


Fig. 2.2

(i) Use the graph to estimate the **total** population of males **and** females in 1992. Assume that the number of males and females is equal. Show your working.

	total population of males and females[1]
(ii)	Describe the changes in the population from 1992 to 2001.
	[3]

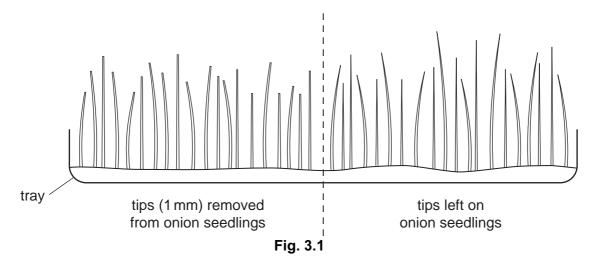
[Total: 16]

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3 (a) An investigation was carried out on the growth of onion seedlings.

Onion seedlings were grown in a tray.

One millimeter was removed from the tips of all of the onion seedlings on the left side of the dividing line, as shown in Fig. 3.1.



Ten onion seedlings were cut at soil level from each side of the tray. The heights of these onion seedlings were measured and recorded.

These are shown as the start heights in Table 3.1.

After three days, ten more onion seedlings were cut from each side, measured and recorded. The heights are shown in Table 3.1.

(i)	Suggest why the onion seedlings were cut and removed from the tray before they were measured.
	[1]
(ii)	State why a sample of ten onion seedlings is better than a sample of three onion seedlings.
	[1]

]

Table 3.1

		height of se	edling / mm		
	tips removed		tips le	eft on	
	start	after three days	start	after three days	
	84	70	70	63	
	61	76	79	65	
	54	63	57	83	
	57	76	58	79	
	56	80	53	83	
	62	71	52	74	
	68	73	61	76	
	45	60	63	60	
	64	76	51	85	
	49	75	76	62	
total height / mm	600		620		
mean height / mm	60		62		

(iii) Complete Table 3.1 by calculating the total height **and** mean height of the onion seedlings after three days. [2]

/· \	~ 1 1 1 11		1 ' 1 ((()	
(iv	Calculate the mean	Increses in	haidht at tha	UNIUN CAPULINAC.
LIV.	Calculate the incan	IIICI CASC III	HEIGHT OF THE	Ulliuli secullius.

tips removed	mm		
tips left on	mm	[1

(b) The experiment was repeated with another tray of onion seedlings. The same experiment was then performed on beetroot seedlings. The results are shown in Table 3.2.

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Table 3.2

mean increase in height / mm				
onion seedlings		beetroot seedlings		
tips removed	tips left on	tips removed	tips left on	
10	9	1	7	

(i) Draw a bar chart on Fig. 3.2 to show the data in Table 3.2.

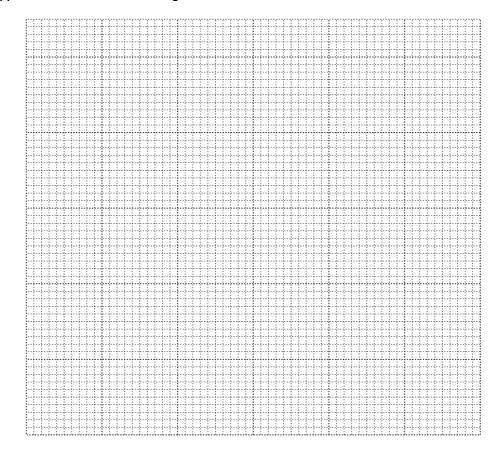


Fig. 3.2

[4]

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(ii)	Describe the effect of removing the tips on the growth of onion and beetroot seedlings.
	onion
	beetroot
	[2]
	r-1
(iii)	Suggest where growth takes place in the shoots of onion and beetroot seedlings.
	onion
	beetroot
	[2]
	[Total: 13]

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Copyright Acknowledgements:

Question 2 Figure 2.1

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