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CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/23

Paper 2 (Core Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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Question	N	lark Scheme	Mark	Guidance
1	group	description		If more than 1 line from any group – no mark for this group
	annelids	hard, jointed exoskeleton, three pairs of legs;		Ig – more than 1 line arriving at a description
	insects	long cylindrical body, segmented, has bristles but no legs;		
	molluscs	long cylindrical body, not segmented, no legs;		
	myriapods	has soft body, head and muscular foot, most have a hard shell;		
	nematodes	exoskeleton, segmented body, jointed legs on each segment;		
	Any four – 1 mark each		[4]	
			[Total: 4]	

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2	(a)	 (i) 1 removal of waste from body; 2 (waste) formed by body cells / metabolic (waste); 3 ref to substances that are toxic / in excess; Any two – 1 mark each (ii) carbon dioxide; 	[2] [1]	Ig – refs to examples A – tissues
		(iii) urea and salts;	[1]	R – if any ref to glucose A – other correctly named substances Note both for 1 mark
	(b)	A – renal artery;		
		B – <u>urethra</u> ;	[2]	
	(c)	1 amino acids absorbed in (small) intestine; 2 carried to liver; 3 by hepatic portal vein; 4 (amino acids) converted to urea; 5 (urea) carried to the kidney; 6 in blood (plasma); 7 (urea) removed from the blood; 8 (excreted via) bladder / urethra;		A – duodenum or ileumA – deaminationR – wrong substances
		Any four – 1 mark each	[4]	
			[Total: 10]	
3	(a)	(tomato) (juicy / fleshy part of) fruit eaten by animal; (seeds) carried away on beak / dropped in faeces; (dandelion) very light / ref to parachute / seed buoyant; blown by wind / floats to ground;	[2] [2]	A – bird, mammal

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	(b)	 large numbers of seeds produced; to colonise new areas; need to avoid competition (with parent plant); need to avoid competition with other seedlings; for light / water / minerals / space; increase chance of survival from disease / natural disasters; 		A – form new colonies
		Any three – 1 mark each	[3]	
			[Total: 7]	
4	(a)	Nitrogen	[1]	
	(b)	(i) 0.5 (dm ³);	[1]	
		(ii) 16;	[1]	
		(iii) 8 (dm³);	[1]	A – ecf from (i) and (ii)
		(iv) 8 × 5/100;		A – ecf from (iii)
		0.4 (dm³);	[2]	Correct answer but no working shown 2 marks

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(c)	(i) (both) increase;	[1]	
	(ii) 1 allows them to take in more air; 2 can absorb more oxygen; 3 for more respiration / release more energy; 4 can remove more carbon dioxide; 5 ref to more muscle contraction; Any two – 1 mark each	[2]	Ref to more (or equivalent) needed at least once in responses Note – response must be in context of breathing, gas exchange
	 (iii) 1 heart rate increases (during exercise); 2 increases rate of blood flow; 3 blood transports oxygen / glucose; 4 increase delivery (of oxygen / glucose) to cells / tissue; 5 increases removal of carbon dioxide / heat / waste from cells / tissues; 6 ref to muscle contraction; Any three – 1 mark each 	[3]	Note – response must be in context of circulation
		[Total: 12]	

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5 (a)	(i) 1 (only) organisms that can photosynthesise; 2 incorporate / trap energy into system; 3 convert light energy into chemical energy; 4 provide energy / food for all other species / rest of food chain / web / OWTTE;		A – ref to autotrophic A – food web
	Any three – 1 mark each	[3]	
	(ii) mouse; katydid; tapir; howler monkey; sloth;		
	Any two – 1 mark only	[1]	Note – two herbivores for 1 mark
	(iii) (trophic level) 3;	[1]	
	(iv) tree / other plant, katydid, frog, (blue-crowned) motmot, boa constrictor;		need all five species A – boa, constrictor, snake
	five organisms in correct order (as shown by arrows);	[2]	starting with producer on left
(b)	numbers are likely to increase;		
	less competition for food / sloths / howler monkeys;	[2]	A – more food supply
(c)	 less food as many species destroyed / become extinct; less materials (for use); soil becomes less fertile / eroded; (thus) less land for growing food crops; increased risk of flooding / landslips; Any two – 1 mark each	[2]	A – one other valid suggestion
	, any this i main odon	[Total: 11]	

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6 (a)	 (i) S – umbilical cord T – uterus (wall); (ii) 1 transfer of materials / OWTTE; 	[1]	both correct for 1 mark A – womb Ig – ref to lining
	 by diffusion; between blood (system) of mother and fetus; e.g. oxygen / glucose / amino acids (to fetus); carbon dioxide / urea (from fetus); progesterone (from placenta) maintains uterine lining / prevents miscarriage; 		A – embryo, baby A - waste (from fetus)
	Any three – 1 mark each	[3]	
	(iii) 1 mother's blood at higher pressure than fetal blood; 2 mother's blood would burst fetal blood vessels;		A – can damage organs e.g. brain, kidney, etc
	3 mother's blood can be a different blood group to fetal blood;		A – blood type
	4 this will avoid coagulation of fetal blood;		A – avoid blood clotting, A – 'rejection' of blood / OWTTE
	5 mother's blood can carry pathogens;6 fetus not infected;		A – named example
	7 mother's blood can carry toxins / drugs;8 fetus not poisoned / affected;		A – named example
	Any two pairs – 2 marks each	[4]	
(b)	produces normal haemoglobin;	[1]	A – does not have beta thalassaemia
(c)	(i) bb;	[1]	
	(ii) Bb;	[1]	
	(iii) Bb;	[1]	

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(d)	father and mother;	[1]	both for 1 mark A – the parents
		[Total: 13]	
7 (a)	1 evaporation;2 condensation / cooling;3 transpiration;	[3]	A – evapotranspiration or evaporation
(b)	 passage of water washes away / erodes soil particles; (leads to) thin / unstable soil on mountain sides mineral salts dissolve; leaching; 		Ig – refs to nutrients A – (mineral salts) carried away by water flow
	Any two - 1 mark each	[2]	
		[Total: 5]	
8 (a)	(i) A – cuticle; B – palisade (layer / mesophyll);	[2]	Ig – mesophyll unqualified
	(ii) prevent / reduce water loss / evaporation;	[1]	A – excludes pathogens
	(iii) to allow diffusion / movement of gases into / out of the leaf;	[1]	A – refs to oxygen, carbon dioxide, water vapour, open and close stomata

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(b)	(i) 6 pm;	[1]	
	(ii) points correctly plotted; \pm half mm square		A – up to 2 plotting errors
	points joined by line;	[2]	
	(iii) from 4:30 pm (± 10) to 4:50 am (± 10);	[1]	A – values, in correct sequence, from candidate's graph
	(iv) they are open;	[1]	
	(v) light;	[1]	
	(vi) wind speed increases; removes saturated air from area of leaf; increases diffusion gradient / easier for diffusion to occur / increase rate of diffusion; OR rise in temperature; air can hold more water vapour; increases rate of diffusion / increases diffusion gradient; OR fall in humidity (in atmosphere); air can hold more water vapour; increases diffusion gradient / increases rate of diffusion / easier for diffusion to occur;		If (b)(v) wrong or blank accept set of responses below: A – light intensity increases; A – stomata open more; A – easier for diffusion to occur
	Any set of three – 1 mark each	[3]	
		[Total: 13]	

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9	(a)	girl in GB eats much more than the girl in Africa;	[1]	A – correct numerical response based on data in table
	(b)	 as less excess sugars converted to fat; African girl less likely to be obese; less acid formed by bacteria (from sweets and sugar); less likely to suffer from tooth decay; 		
		Any two – 1 mark each	[2]	
	(c)	 cannot form new cytoplasm / cell membranes / enzymes; growth slower / less growth (of bones and muscles) / ref to kwashiorkor; OR difficulty in producing some hormones; onset of puberty / development delayed; 		2 A – refs to maintenance, repair
		Either response pattern – 2 marks	[2]	
			[Total: 5]	