## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 0610 BIOLOGY

0610/31

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

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Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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Que	estion	Expected Answers		Marks	Additional Guidan	ice
1	(a)	Lilium ;		1		
	(b)	A stigma ;				
		<b>B</b> anther; <b>C</b> petal:				
		D style :		4		
		,				
	(c)	parallel veins / AW ;			A non-branching ve	eins / no mid-rib
		narrow / AW, leaves ;			A long and thin	
		flower parts in, 3s / 6s ;			A for any named pa	art
	()				R one cotyledon	
	(a)	and most new here inverse and newtral comments				
		ture of reproduction in flowering plants				diagdyantagaa
				ont / nlar	.+ •	competition :
		asexual	fast ·	ent / piai	ι,	little / no_variation :
			(potential) ra	pid sprea	d :	less evolution / less able to adapt to
			less energy r	required /	no gametes	change :
			needed;	•	0	may all be killed by same disease ;
			if parent well	adapted	offspring will be	converse of MP5 for asexual ;
			adapted to su	idapted to surroundings ;		
					max 1	max 1
		sexual	variation;		<b>6</b>	may need two plants / pollinating agent;
			evolution / to	rmation c	it new species;	SIOW;
			(seed) disper	persal;		fortilization may not happon:
			colornzation		tuapt to change ,	loss of lots of energy -
					max 1	max 1
			·			·
			Τ]	otal: 11]		

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Que	stion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance	
2	(a)	detect / sense / feel, changes / stimuli ;			
		make response(s) / react / AW ;	2	ignore specific example of response	
	(b)	F to skin receptor ;		Label line to actual part only.	
		G to sensory neurone;	2	D lines to motor and plate on norman	
		<b>H</b> to biceps ;	3	R lines to motor end plate or neurone	
	(c)	automatic :		ignore refs to speed of response	
	(0)	no thought required / not a conscious action :		<b>A</b> no (higher centres in) brain involved	
		stimulus always leads to the same response;	max 2	A fixed response	
	(d)	1 rapid response ;			
		2 protective / AW ;			
		3 mechanical damage / injury ;			
		4 e.g.;			
		5   already present immediately after birth ;	max 3	I.e. before learning can take place	
	(0)	1 boart boats factor :		A increase pulse (rate)	
	(e)	increased rate of breathing t		A increase puise (rate)	
		2 Increased rate of breaching,			
		widen			
		4 vasoconstriction / AW, in gut / skin:			
		5 vasodilation / AW, in muscles;		A more oxygen to muscles	
		6 stimulates breakdown of glycogen in the liver;		R 'adrenaline breaks down glycogen'	
		7 increases blood glucose concentration ;			
		8 dilate pupils ;			
		9 heightened sensitivity / increased mental		A sharper senses / more alert / AW	
		awareness / AW;	max 3		
			[Total: 13]		

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Question	Expected Answers		Marks	Additional Guidance	
3 (a)	$C_6H_{12}O_6 + O_2;$ $\rightarrow CO_2 + H_2O;$ $6O_1 - 6CO_2 - 6H_2O_2;$			<i>marks for:</i> correct formulae for glucose and oxygen correct formulae for carbon dioxide and water balancing the equation	
		,	-2,2 - ,	3	<i>ignore</i> word equation
(b)	1 2 3 4 5 6	ten ma vol vol ma ide	nperature ; iss of soda lime ; ume of air in the syringe ; ume / size, of syringe ; iss of seeds ; <i>a of</i> reading from same edge of droplet (each time) ;	max 3	A amount A 'number / size'
(c)	(i)	1 2 3 4 5	moves to the right / towards seeds / syringe ; seeds absorb oxygen ; give out carbon dioxide, absorbed by soda lime ; volume of, air / gas, decreases ; pressure of, air / gas, decreases ;	max 3	
(c)	(ii)	1 2 3 4	slows down / stops ; rate of respiration decreased ; oxygen being used up / AW ; aerobic respiration slows / ref. to anaerobic respiration ;	max 2	A aerobic respiration stops R respiration (unqualified) stops
			[	Total: 11]	

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Que	estion		Expected Answers		Marks	Additional Guidance
4	(a)	1 2 3 4 5 6	wat ma to p loss (be rele so f	ter jacket intain optimum / constant temperature ; prevent <u>enzymes</u> denaturing ; s of shape / ref. to active site ; cause as) fungus respires ; eases heat ; temperature in the fermenter increases ;		A prevent overheating R fungus denatures MP 6 must be linked to MP4 or 5
		7 8	whi (the	ch would kill fungus ; erefore) no, product / penicillin / AW ;	max 4	
		9 10 11 12	ado ma <u>enz</u> (oth to g	dition of acids and alkalis intains pH / keeps pH constant ; <u>cymes</u> need optimum pH ; nerwise) enzyme activity / rate of reaction, slows ; give maximum yield / AW	max 3 = max 6	R to maintain neutral pH R fungus needs optimum pH A stop enzymes denaturing
	(b)	(i)	40-	-50 / 40–60 / 40–80 ;	1	<b>R</b> 40–45 / 50–60 / 60–80
		(ii)	mit	osis ;	1	
		(iii)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	nutrients are used up ; <u>limiting</u> (factors) ; explanation of limiting factor ; waste products accumulate ; wastes are toxic ; penicillin could inhibit growth ; population reaches carrying capacity ; AVP ;	max 3	A food A factor in shortest supply / AW

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Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(c)	(i)	fungus grows when no penicillin produced ; during first 20 hours ; only nutrients and fungus added at the beginning / no penicillin added ;	max 2	
	(ii)	penicillin production stopped / no more penicillin produced ;	1	accept yield stays the same
(d)	puri fron con mal AVI	ifying / separating, penicillin ; n, waste / toxins / AW ; icentration ; king into, pills / packaging / AW ; P ; e.g. colour / taste	max 3	R 'make into a medicine'
(e)	viru viru <i>idea</i> anti viru	ises are not cells ; ises have no metabolism ; <i>a that viruses have</i> no target for antibiotics ; ibiotics stop cell wall growth ; ises have no cell wall ;		<i>ignore</i> 'viruses are not alive' A viruses do not have ribosomes
	anti	ibiotics stop enzymes working ;	max 2	A viruses have no enzymes
		דן	otal: 19]	

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Qu	Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
5	(2	a)	<ul> <li>fewer red blood cells ;</li> <li>less elastic / less flexible, red blood cells ;</li> <li>less haemoglobin ;</li> <li>haemoglobin / blood, less efficient at transporting oxygen ;</li> <li>less respiration ;</li> <li>less energy / fatigue / exhaustion / less active / feeling faint / breathlessness ;</li> <li>capillaries are blocked ;</li> <li>increased chance of thrombosis ;</li> <li>pain ;</li> <li>death of tissues linked to oxygen supply ;</li> <li>'sickle cell crisis' ;</li> <li>slow / poor, growth ;</li> <li>reduced life span ;</li> <li>AVP ; e.g. susceptible to infections / kidney damage</li> </ul>	max 5	R no oxygen R no respiration
	(b)	(i)	) Hb <sup>A</sup> Hb <sup>S</sup> × Hb <sup>A</sup> Hb <sup>S</sup> Hb <sup>A</sup> , Hb <sup>S</sup> + Hb <sup>A</sup> , Hb <sup>S</sup> ;		allow <b>ecf</b> following a mistake in the genetic diagram after the parental genotypes, but 'mistake' must be worked correctly do not allow genotypes for parents or children that are
			Hb <sup>A</sup> Hb <sup>A</sup> ,Hb <sup>A</sup> Hb <sup>S</sup> , Hb <sup>A</sup> Hb <sup>S</sup> , Hb <sup>S</sup> Hb <sup>S</sup> ;		single alleles
			normal, sickle cell trait, sickle cell anaemia ;		phenotypes must match genotypes, i.e. must be in the same sequence
		(ii)	chance is 1 in 4 / 25% / 0.25 / 0,25 ;	3+1	<b>R</b> 1:4 or 4:1

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Q	uestion	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
	(c)	resistance to / less chance of getting malaria;	1	R immunity to malaria / stops you from getting malaria
	(d)	<i>idea that</i> both alleles / Hb <sup>A</sup> and Hb <sup>S</sup> , are expressed ;		
		if dominant / recessive, then only one form of haemoglobin in heterozygous people ;		
		three phenotypes (not two) / sickle cell trait is a different phenotype from normal and sickle cell anemia ;	max 2	
		[Tc	otal : 12]	

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Question		Expected Answers		Additional Guidance	
6	(a)	group of organisms / individuals, of same species ; can interbreed ; live in same area / habitat (at same time) ;	max 2	R 'people'	
	(b)	<ol> <li>numbers of brown plant hoppers remain low, up to 40 days / day 40;</li> <li>low numbers when spraying occurs (days 15 to 38);</li> <li>rapid increase when spraying stopped / AW;</li> <li>then, crash / decrease;</li> <li>any population figure with unit; e.g. to maximum of over 1000 per m<sup>2</sup></li> </ol>	max 3	<i>ignore</i> ref. to resistance	
	(c)	pesticide absorbed by the plants ; transported through the plant in the phloem ; ingested / AW, by insect when it, eats / sucks ; toxic / poisonous, to insect ;	max 2	A 'eats the plant'	
	(d)	<ol> <li>no population explosion / AW ;</li> <li>effective at reducing the numbers / AW ;</li> <li>ref. to comparative figures from the graph ;</li> <li>no pollution / damage to environment ;</li> <li>no killing of harmless species ;</li> <li>no concentration of pesticide in food chain ;</li> <li>no pesticide left in foods / no harm to humans from the spray ;</li> <li>no development of resistance to pesticide ;</li> <li>less cost / economic benefits ;</li> </ol>	may 3		

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Question	Expe	ected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(e)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	decreased rainfall ; flooding ; erosion / loss of (top)soil ; desertification ; silting of rivers ; loss of (plant) nutrients / soil fertility ; disruption to food chain ; loss of habitat ; extinction / loss of biodiversity ; effect on carbon dioxide in the atmosphere ; justification for effect ; <b>A</b> unproductive forest / productive crop AVP ;	max 4	A species become, rare / endangered A increase or decrease if justified e.g. leading to global warming
		·	Total · 14	1
			[10tal . 14	