UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/05

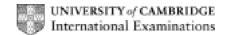
Paper 5 (Practical test), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2009		05

General notes

Symbols used in mark scheme and guidance notes.

/ separates alternatives for a marking point

; separates points for the award of a mark

A accept – as a correct response

R reject – this is marked with a cross and any following correct statements do not gain any

marks

I ignore/irrelevant/inadequate - this response gains no mark, but any following correct

answers can gain marks.

() the word/phrase in brackets is not required to gain marks but sets context of response

for credit. e.g. (waxy) cuticle. Waxy not needed but if it was described as a cellulose

cuticle then no mark.

<u>Small</u> underlined words – this word only/must be spelled correctly

ref./refs. answer makes appropriate reference to

AVP additional valid point (e.g. in additional guidance)

Page 3	Page 3 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
IGCSE – October/November 2009		0610	05

Question		Expected Answers		Additional Guidance	
(a)	(i)	table construction; neat with ruled lines and 2 or 5 columns and <u>headings</u> (depending on orientation) and 2 or 5 rows and <u>headings</u> (depending on orientation)	[1]	Ignore number / letter of test tube Ignore time (same time for each pH, max 2 minutes) as a column / row R awarded if time stated is different for each pH	
	(ii)	result recorded for pH3;	[1]	Must be > 0 (unless 0 on supervisor's report)	
	(iii)	result recorded for pH4; result recorded for pH5; result recorded for pH7; result recorded for pH8;	[4]	Each result must be > 0 (unless 0 on supervisor's report)	
(b)	(i)	axes orientated correctly and informative labels;		pH on x axis no. of bubbles on y axis	
		axes scaled appropriately;		each axis scaled in even increments, including start point scaled to cover 2 / 3 of the grid in at least 1 direction	
		points plotted correctly;		all points correct (from their data) allow correctly plotted bars for this point	
		line;	[4]	smooth curve / ruled line, passing through plotted points	
	(ii)	increase then a decrease / description of their results; optimum pH value stated (from graph); comparative figs in support;	FO	2 x and, 2 y values / y values manipulated e.g. ref. to denaturing when little activity	
		(ii) (iii)	neat with ruled lines and 2 or 5 columns and headings (depending on orientation) and 2 or 5 rows and headings (depending on orientation) (ii) result recorded for pH3; result recorded for pH5; result recorded for pH7; result recorded for pH8; (b) (i) axes orientated correctly and informative labels; axes scaled appropriately; points plotted correctly; line; (ii) increase then a decrease / description of their results; optimum pH value stated (from graph);	neat with ruled lines and 2 or 5 columns and headings (depending on orientation) and 2 or 5 rows and headings (depending on orientation) (ii) result recorded for pH3; (iii) result recorded for pH4; result recorded for pH5; result recorded for pH7; result recorded for pH8; (i) axes orientated correctly and informative labels; axes scaled appropriately; [4] (ii) increase then a decrease / description of their results; optimum pH value stated (from graph); comparative figs in support;	

© UCLES 2009

Page 4	Page 4 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2009		05

Question	Expected Answers	Mark	Additional Guidance	
(c)	 1 repeats / obtain average / obtain mean; 2 control temperature / carry out at constant temperature; 3 equal <u>volume</u> of , buffer / pH , solution; 4 more sophisticated timer; 5 grind up / grate , the potato tissue (to increase surface area); 6 divide consistent method of chopping (to provide a more uniform surface area); 7 <u>volume</u> of oxygen / <u>volume</u> of froth / <u>height</u> of froth , measured; 8 same / equal , <u>mass</u> of potato; 9 size of apparatus; 10 greater range of / intermediate / other, pH; 		Ignore (because in the question) same volume of H ₂ O ₂ or same time	
	11 (count bubbles for a) longer period of time; 12 AVP;	[4 max]	e.g. mixing / shaking , test tube contents help to avoid loss of gas	
(d)	 1 (carry out at) one pH; 2 equilibrate each tube in a different water bath; 3 equilibrate tubes for 5 min; 4 keep tubes in water bath(s) for duration of experiment / keep temperature constant; 5 suitable range of temperatures suggested in °C; 6 same volume of hydrogen peroxide used in each tube; 7 same concentration of hydrogen peroxide used in each tube; 8 repeats (at one / each temperature); 9 AVP; 	[6 max]	minimum 3 different temps Ignore 0°C e.g. detail	
		[Total: 22]	_	

Page 5	ge 5 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2009	0610	05

C	Questi	on	Expected Answers	Mark	Additional Guidance
2	(a)		Drawing large size and accurate proportions; clear lines and no shading;		should resemble what it is meant to be
			Labels [label lines to touch structure(s)] stamen(s) / anther and filament; stigma;		stamen label line should indicate anther and filament if not separately labelled
			style; petal(s); sepal(s);	[6 max]	
	(b)		Drawing large size and accurate proportions; clear lines and no shading;		should resemble what it is meant to be
			Labels [label lines to touch structure(s)] placenta / central support; fruit wall / pericarp / ovary wall; (developing) seed(s);	[4 max]	
	(c)		Annotations anther, exposed / outside bracts / outside petals / large / long / articulated; filament(s), long / flexible; stigma, feathery / exposed / large / hairy; no petals / small petals;	[3 max]	Ignore stamen
	(d)	(i)	stamens / anthers (to produce pollen); stigma (to collect pollen);	[1 max]	Ignore qualification Ignore qualification

Page 6 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		Syllabus	Paper	
	IGCSE – October/November 2009		05	

Question	estion Expected Answers		Mark	Additional Guidance	
-		W1	W2		Comparative statements about a feature
(d) ((ii)	colourful petals / large petals / honey guides / scent / nectar / nectary / conspicuous flower	dull petals / small petals / not present / inconspicuous flower		must be made on the same line. Feature being referred to must be clearly stated.
		reproductive structure(s) / anther / stamen / stigma , enclosed / inside petals	reproductive structure(s) / anther / stamen / stigma , exposed / outside petals		
		; anthers small or short / erect , filament	anthers large or long / flexible , filament		
		stigma,	stigma , larger surface / hairy / feathery		
		smaller surface / not hairy / not feathery	; pollen grains , smaller /		Ignore refs. to style R carpel
		pollen grains , larger / heavy / sticky /	light / not sticky smooth / more numerous		
		covered with hooks / fewer in number		[4 max] [Total: 18]	
				[TOLAI. TO]	