UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2006 question paper

0610 BIOLOGY

0610/03

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

The grade thresholds for various grades are published in the report on the examination for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2006 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Q1	(a)	СНЕ	ECK FIG. 1.1 FOR ANSWERS	
		C D E A B	(Clethrionomys glareolus); (Oryctolagus cuniculus); (Sciurus caroliniensis); (Sorex araneus); (Talpa europaea); Bracket the first two answers together	max. 4 for the first tick
	(b)	ref. f	to presence of fur / hair ; to mammary gland / breast / udders / nipples / breast feeding / duction of milk (to feed young) / suckling ; to <u>external</u> ears / presence of pinna ; A description	max. 2
				total max. 6
Q2	(a)	(i)	root(s);	1
		(ii)	 molar ; R premolar ref. to the presence of (a number of) cusps / description of cusps ; A refs to bumps / dents R ridges ref. to presence of three roots / more than two roots ; 	3
		(iii) i. ii. iii. iv. v.	ref. to <u>crown</u> ; ref. to (upper part has) enamel / lower part does not have enamel; root / lower part + covered with cement / dentine; enamel is harder than + dentine / cement; A stronger root AW is more soluble / less resistant to acid / more easily penetrated AW; A converse answer	max. 3
	(b)	i. ii. iii. iv. v. vi.	(the toothpaste) has an alkaline pH / pH 8.5; R high pH which neutralises acids in the mouth / maintains alkaline conditions / so pH in mouth is raised; linked to i. ref. to (the toothpaste contains) fluoride; R fluorine fluoride hardens enamel AW: linked to iii. R fluoride hardens tooth unqual. ref. to (the toothpaste contains) anti-bacterial agent; kills bacteria + that produce acid AW; linked to v.	max. 4
	(c)	i. ii. iii. iv. v. vi. vii. viii.	regular visits to the dentist AW; A ref. to doctor qual. use of dental floss / tooth pick; avoiding + eating sugary food / eating between meals; ref. to fluoride + drinking water / mouthwash; use (antibacterial) mouthwash / (antiseptic) mouthwash; eat + apples / crisp fruit; eat foods containing calcium / phosphate / vitamin D / vitamin C; do not open bottles / crack open nuts + with teeth rinse mouth with water after eating;	
		x. xi.	brush or massage gums ; R brushing teeth have teeth coated with protective coating ;	max. 2 total max. 13

Mark Scheme

IGCSE - OCT/NOV 2006

Syllabus

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Paper

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Q3 (a)	(i)	deforestation / slash and burn;		
use) (land	er (ii)	ref. (to timber) for housing / furniture / wood / paperef. to (timber for) fuel AW; A burn to keep warm ref. to roads / industry / housing / airports / other u	•	/ ; max.
use)(s	spaces)			
	(iii) i.	ref. to soil erosion / mudslides / silting of rivers / debowl;		
	ii. iii.	due to lack of (tree) <u>roots</u> to stabilise soil; (linked t ref. to increased risk of flooding;	o i.)	
	iv.	due to lack of trees to slow down water; (linked to absorbs water	ii.) A leaf litter	
	v. vi vii.	ref. to leaching of soil / minerals washed out / soil can lead to eutrophication of rivers / lakes AW; less photosynthesis / burning or rotting wood;	becomes infertile ;	
	vii. Viii.	less CO ₂ absorbed from atmosphere / more CO ₂ p atmosphere;	roduced / in	
	ix. x. xi.	ref. to global warming / greenhouse effect; (linked ref. to drop in oxygen in atmosphere AW; less rain (change in weather);	to vii. or viii.)	
	xii.	due to less transpiration AW; (linked to xi.)		
	xiii.	ref. to reduction of habitats AW / habitats split up A	AW;	
	xiv. xv.	ref. to disruption of food chains / loss of food; so animals / plants + can become extinct or number biodiversity;	ers depleted / loss	of
	xvi. xvii. xviii.	ref. to loss of genes / sources of chemicals for med ref. to more pollution + due to smoke / road traffic ref. loss of income + tourism		max.
(b)	(i)	MAX. 3 IF ONLY ONE NUTRIENT IS USED IGNORE ENERGY REFS PROTEIN		
(fat)	i.	soya contains less fat ; A both sets of figures		
	ii. iii.	ref. to less cholesterol;	othoroma / otroko	
	iv. V.	less risk of atherosclerosis / blockage of arteries / less risk of a heart attack / heart disease AW; ref. to less risk of obesity; (O.R.A.)	atrieroma / stroke	,
(fibre)	vi. vii.	soya contains (more) fibre; A both sets of figures so there is less risk of constipation (prevents);		
	vii. viii.	less risk of colon cancer; fibre absorbs or removes toxins; (O.R.A.)		max.
	(ii)	FOOD CHAINS MUST USE NAMED ORGANISMS	S R plant etc.	
	i. ii. iii.	(soya food chain) soya → human ; A description (corned beef food chain) grass → cow → human beef food chain has an extra level AW / has extra		ain
	iv.	longer; energy lost through food chain / 90% energy lost a	it each level:	
	v. vi.	more energy is lost in beef chain; example of energy loss e.g. body heat / movemen	t of animal / not all	
		food digested / energy lost in faeces / urinating / e. / egestion;	voterion / tesbiranc	ווע
	vii.	in food chain there is more biomass in soya than in producers than consumers unqual. R less energy		max.

total max. I7

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Q4 (a) (i) (resistance) has increased / more resistant; ref. to doubled every 2 years / x 4 over 5 years / 20% more bacteria are resistant / 400% increase in resistance / exponential rise / geometric rise; A figures quoted e.g. 7, 14, 28 (+1 -1 on figure)

2

(ii)

- i. ref. to mutation / variation / DNA change;
- ii. (new strain) has resistance; linked to i. A refs to immunity
- iii. (new strain) not killed by treatment;
- iv. ref. to natural selection / survival of fittest / less competition for resistant bacteria if most of normal bacteria have died;
- v. (new strain) reproduces;
- vi. increased numbers of population have resistance;
- vii. ref. to over-prescription / not completing antibiotic course;
- viii. ref. to use in animal husbandry;

max. 4

(b) (i) yoghurt;

cheese;

curds / sour milk;

tofu :

single cell protein / SCP;

max. 1

(ii)

- i. ref. to nitrogen-fixing bacteria; I refs to being in root nodules
- ii. change nitrogen into + nitrate / ammonium salts ; A ammonia
- iii. ref. to role of saprophytes / decay / decomposition / release of nutrients or named minerals AW;
- iv. ref. to nitrifying bacteria;
- v. ref. to nitrification / conversion of ammonia to nitrates AW;

max. 3

(c)

description of the stage	number of the stage
all the plasmids are removed from the bacterial cell	5;
a chromosome is removed from a healthy human cell	2;
plasmids are returned to the bacterial cell	8;
restriction endonuclease enzyme is used	3 / 6;
bacterial cells are allowed to reproduce in a fermenter	9;

5

total max. 15

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Q5 (a) order needs to be correct for one mark; TICK TO LEFT OF TABLE
All numbers correct for **two** marks;; * NUMBER TO MATCH TISSUE
Three correct for **one** mark

	tissue	number of chloroplasts	
	upper epidermal cells	none	+
	palisade mesophyll	many	+
✓	spongy mesophyll	some / many	✓
	guard cells	some	✓

(b) (i) ONE MARK FOR SYMBOLS CORRECT R energy ONE MARK FOR CORRECT BALANCING

$$6CO_2 + 6H_2O \rightarrow C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2$$

(ii)

 i. <u>internal</u> factor / <u>external</u> factor / environmental variable / named factor (CO₂ / H₂O / light / temp);

ii. which restricts the effects of others AW / limits <u>rate</u> of reaction; **A** converse answer **R** photosynthesis / growth

iii. it is the one in short(est) supply;

max. 2

(iii) carbon dioxide / CO₂;

1

3

2

(c) (i)

i. ref. to long / tubular / formed as a vessel AW / lumen present / hollow ;

ii. ref. to absence of end walls;

iii. ref. to dead <u>cells</u> / lack of cell contents / named part(s) (cytoplasm / nucleus);

iv. ref. to lignified walls;

v. ref. to tracheids;

max 3

(ii) MAX. 3 IN EITHER SECTION

(xylem)

i. ref. to transport / carry ; AWARD ONCE

ii. ref. to water;

iii. ref. to mineral salts / named salts / ions ; R nutrients unqual.

iv. from roots to leaves:

v. provides structural support AW;

vi. ref. to <u>transpiration</u>;

(phloem)

χi.

vii. ref. to transport; (IF NOT ALREADY GIVEN)

viii. ref. to amino acids;

ref. to translocation;

ix. ref. to sugars / sucrose / organic materials; R glucose, food, nutrients

x. from leaves to storage area or place of use AW; **R** up the plant

(d) ref. to reduce (less / no) + water loss / wilting / transpiration;

max 4

total max. 16

			7 7 7 7		1
(a)	ACC S. – D. – M. – F. –	ET USE LABEL LINES EPT NAMES AS WELL AS LETTERS any point in the vagina; the cervix; the ovary; the oviduct; any point on the surface of the uterus or in cavity; R if line is in muscular wall			5
(b)	(i) i. ii. iii. iv.	(ovum) ref. to fallopian tube / oviduct; ref. to presence of ciliated cells / cilia (in wall); ref. to (ovum) wafted down / propelled / moved / considerable sweep; R passed unqual. R transport ref. to peristaltic movement AW of oviduct;	onveyed AW /	max	x 2
	(ii) i. ii. iii.	(sperm) ref. to presence of tail + to swim / move AW; ref. to mitochondria + to provide energy / power; ref. to sperm streamlined / light / very small;			2
	(iii) i. ii. iii.	(zygote) ref. to a fertilised egg / fused egg and sperm (nucl contains chromosomes of egg and sperm; egg and sperm / gametes / sex cells + are both ha normal number of chromosomes / have 23 chromoformed by meiosis;	nploid / have half	max	x 2
	(iv)	ref. to progesterone; secreted / produced by + placenta;			2
				total max.	13

Syllabus

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Paper

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Q6