CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

## 0600 AGRICULTURE

MMM. Hiremepapers.com

0600/11

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 90

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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Mark schemes may use these abbreviations:

- ; separates marking points
- / alternatives
- ® reject
- A accept (for answers correctly cued by the question)
- (I) ignore
- AW alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
- AVP additional valid point (where there are a variety of possible additional valid answers)
- <u>underline</u> actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)
- D, L, T, Q quality of drawing / labelling / table / writing as indicated by mark scheme
- max indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
- eq equivalent
- ORA or reverse argument
- IDEA OF where candidates are expected to make an argument which expresses a particular idea, but the ways in which they will do this will be many and varied
- ref. explained reference to
- *italics* introductory statements or additional comment on the marking points

	Page 3	3			Scheme		Syllabu	s Paper
			IGCSE -	- Octobe	r/Novemb	er 2012	0600	11
1			us, <b>B</b> – silt, <b>C</b> – s orrect = 3, three			correct =1		[3]
	(b)		air		dissolvin	g nutrients		
		ł	humus	`	breaking	down organic	matter	
	micr	roorga	anisms		`plant roo	t respiration		
			water		improvin adding n	g soil structure utrients;;	and	
	all cc	orrect	= 2, one or two	correct =	1 mark			[2]
			s availability of ( nce to promoting			ns (bacteria)		[1]
								[Total: 6]
2	(a) C, A	<b>A</b> , <b>B</b> ; /	in that order					[1]
	app app	oropria propria	rop e.g. maize ate fertiliser; e.g. ate timing; e.g. ii igns; e.g. 'milk s	n seedbe	-	-		[3]
	age	ent e.g	om anther to stig g. wind; on detail e.g. pol		<sup>/</sup> fusion of	gametes or nu	clei / developr	ment of seed / fruit; [3]
								[Total: 7]
3	<b>P</b> b	etwee	en ammonium co en dead organic en ammonium co	matter ar	nd ammon	ium compound	ls;	[3]
	(b) (i)	root	crops, legumes,	, cereals;	in that ord	ler		[1]
	(ii)		gen fixing bacte improve nitroger					[2]
	(iii)		ces pest / disea erals / AVP;	se build u	ıp in soil /	reduces need	for pesticides	/ better utilisation of [1]
								[Total: 7]

	Pa	ge 4	•	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
				IGCSE – October/November 2012	0600	11
4	(a)	osn	nosis;			[1]
	(b)	(i)		ect label; tall cells with chloroplasts near top of secti ect label; cells in the lower part of the vascular bund		[2]
		(ii)	guar R ste	rd cell; oma		[1]
	(c)	con	centr	ater vapour / evaporation (mostly) through stomata; ation gradient across leaf air spaces / mesophyll; ater up through xylem;		
				by temperature / humidity / air movement;		[max 3]
	(d)		k cuti <i>vilting</i>	cle / reduced surface area / narrow leaves / surface	hairs / AVP;	[1]
						[Total: 8]
5	(a)	<b>A</b> ;	cove	ering all stores of food		[1]
	(b)	<b>B</b> ;	cont	agious		[1]
	(c)	(i)	loss abno skin	r / temperature; of appetite; ormal behaviour; lesions; harge from eyes / nose / mouth; abnormal urine / fa	eces;	
			AVP			[max 2]
		(ii)	seek	ate animal; « veterinary advice; accination		[2]
	(d)	(i)		ks need warmth; o provides warmth in place of hen;		[2]
		(ii)	befo	ides immunity/protects from disease; re immune system is fully developed; ference to named disease for second mark		[2]
						[Total: 10]
6	(a)	(i)	rume	en;		[1]
		(ii)	dige	st cellulose;		[1]
		(iii)	abor	nasum;		[1]

Pa	ige 5	5		Mark S	cheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE	- October	/November 2012	0600	11
(b)	(i) (ii)	oesc smal caec color rectu simp smal	n; um; ble / single char Il intestine in no	on-ruminan		4 parts in ruminant sto	[max 2] omach / longer [1]
(c)	def	oresta	ation;				[1]
(d)	(i)	<b>C</b> ; al	bout nine times	s more			[1]
	(ii)	bact	erial action in r	umen prod	uces methane / AW;		[1]
							[Total: 9]
7 (a)	<b>A</b> ;	incre	ease in populat	ion			[1]
(b)	(i)	arab	le;				[1]
	(ii)	no ir	le because ncrease in costs plausible case i	-		eipts / gross margin / p	profits; [1]
	(iii)	<i>poul</i> i profi	<i>try / egg produ</i> t is very small s	c <i>tion becau</i> so feed cos	<i>ise</i> its may neutralise inc	reased price for eggs	/ AW; [1]
	(iv)	labo	ur / water / othe	er utility / tr	ansport / machinery;		[1]
							[Total: 5]
8 (a)			allele nosome gamete		observable charac individual - reproductive cell th another in fertilisat	at fuses with	

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an alternative form of a gene

structure in the nucleus of a cell carrying genetic information;;

phenotype

all correct = 2, one or two correct = 1 mark

(b) (i) all contain black allele which is dominant;

[1]

[2]

	Pa	ige 6	;			ark Schem			Syllabus	Paper
				IGC	CSE – Oc	tober/Nove	ember 20	12	0600	11
	gan	(ii) netes spring	3	ect cross w B BB black		e alleles, e. × Bb; B B Bb black	g. b; bb brown	labelled c	correct	0
				<i>t Punnet</i> sq nks <i>and va</i>		rabbits <u>25</u> 9	%;			[3]
	(c)	(i)		mark for co	rrect metl	hod if answe	er wrong			[2]
		(ii)	rabb	oits are bein	ig suckled	l / feeding c	on milk fro	om mother;		[1]
	(d)	cha use	inge i e of fig		ss larger t strate;	ut food inta han amoun			or 6;	[2]
										[Total: 11]
9	(a)	(i)	<b>A</b> ;	control	l of pests					[1]
		(ii)	<b>C</b> ;	improv	red ventila	ation				[1]
		(iii)	stro	nger / will w	vithstand,	larger / hea	vier, anin	nals;		[1]
		(iv)	easi	er to clean	/ AVP;					[1]

(b) direction of prevailing wind; orientation to sun; distance from farm house; nearness to water supply; ground conditions; accessibility to road / pasture; AVP; [max 3]

[Total: 7]

	Pa	ge 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – October/November 2012	0600	11
			Section B		
10	(a)	hard crus on soil si caused b			[max 3]
	(b)	which ab temperate cause ex results in water fre expansion moving v which we	ries particles; prade rocks; ture changes / heating and cooling; pansion and contraction; n cracking/breakdown of rock; pezing in rock/cracks; on causes breakdown; vater carries particles; ear away rocks; articles to other areas (forming soil there);		[max 6]
	(c)	large air- good dra easily lea lacks nut light / eas	rticles; 05mm; <i>A 2.0 – 0.02</i> spaces / well aerated; ninage / poor water holding; ached / eroded; trients / low in organic matter / inert; sy to work; warm / cool;		[max 6] <b>[Total: 15]</b>
11	(a)		nd livestock farming; ne same farm;		[2]
	(b)	no use o <i>R chemic</i> use of cr to mainta to contro pest con cultural r ref. to sta	atural fertilisers / plant and animal manures; ORA no f growth promoters / hormone sprays; cals unqualified op rotation / rotation of livestock and crops; ain soil fertility; I pests / diseases; trol using / biological control; ORA not pesticides methods; andards laid down by national / international organis		[max 5]

Pa	ge 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	-	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0600	11
(c)	agai	nst <i>cost qualified e.g.</i> seed / plant sterile / can't save <i>environmental concern e.g.</i> pollen crosses with w more herbicide used on weeds as plants resistan farmers crops;	ild plants / affe	ects biodiversity
		market resistance to produce; ethical considerations; disease organisms / pests evolve greater effective unknown effects / allergies on consumption;	eness ; [max 2]	
	for	<i>solve world food problem, qualified e.g.</i> higher yield; alter to grow in wider climate; resistance prevents waste;	[max 2]	
		<i>improve market quality e.g.</i> taste; shelf life; improved nutritional value; <i>environmental advantage e.g.</i> less pollution potential cost of inputs reduced - less need for chemical co	ontrol [max 2]	
				[max 8]
				[Total: 15]
2 (a)	forage cu	housed / kept in feedlots; ut / harvested / example; ed to livestock in fresh state;		[max 2]
(b)	fence;	of bushes / unwanted trees;		
	sowing - seed / pl	aration – plough; harrow; roll; fertilise; seed rate; season of establishment (e.g. rainy season) ant mixture – suitable plants named; of legumes;	[max 2] ; [max 2]	
	irrigate; weed co			[max 7]
(c)	to check to ensure may stra animals difficult to grazing i	o control animals - harder to control mating; on animals for disease/control parasites; e all receive correct ration; y into crops; more likely to be attacked by predators / stolen; o maintain pasture quality; nefficient / under grazed; tive grazing;	[max 2]	
		may result in soil erosion; o conserve forage;		[max 6
				[Total: 15]

	Page 9		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – October/November 2012	0600	11
13	(a)	<i>life cycle</i> <i>e.g.</i> egg egg deta	mplete metamorphosis;	[2] [max 4]	
		<i>effect;</i> stage ca part of pl <i>damage</i> loss of sa	using damage; lant attacked; <i>caused e.g.</i>	[max 4]	
		<i>spread:</i> flight; already i lack of fie	depends on pest selected – could be nfected material; eld hygiene; cural practice;	[max 3] [max 2]	[max 8]
	(b)	weeding /use of re	/ practices when cultivating crops that break the lif / early planting / clean planting material esistant varieties / ploughing to expose eggs or larv ation / burning;; (any 2)		[max 3]
	(c)	safe harv no pollut no dama reductior	c; harm crop plant vest interval not needed; ion of environment; ge to beneficial organisms; n of input costs; for organic / environment friendly production		[max 4]
					[Total: 15]
14	(a)	-	young animal from mother; ner food provided by farmer;		[2]
	(b)	age of fe heat peri signs of r mating d mechanic semen d sperm sv	e in context of a named animal (but no mark availa male at mating; iod detail; readiness for mating bulling / moist vulva; letails – male to female ratio; cs – erection / action of penis / duration;; leposited in vagina; wim to egg; on is fusion of egg with one sperm; n oviduct;	able for naming anim [max 2]	nal) [max 7]

Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0600	11
(c) select be	est animals:		
· ·	fic characteristic(s);		
	of suitable character;		
	gain for suitable animals;		
•	· ·		
	over a number of generations;		
	breeding;		
	ion of line breeding;		
	oss-breeding;		
explanat	ion – hybrid vigour;		
use of A			
	, , ,		

[Total: 15]