

Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2013

International GCSE Accounting  
(4AC0/01)

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January 2013

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

## Section A

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1	A	<b>(1)</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2	D	<b>(1)</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3	B	<b>(1)</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4	C	<b>(1)</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5	B	<b>(1)</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6	C	<b>(1)</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
7	A	<b>(1)</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
8	B	<b>(1)</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
9	A	<b>(1)</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
10	C	<b>(1)</b>

## Section B

Question Number	Answer	Mark																																										
11(a)	<b>Roberto Account</b>	<b>(8)</b>																																										
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11(b)	Current Assets	<b>(1)</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
11(c)	<p><b>Trade discount</b> Trade discount is an allowance given to businesses in the same trade (1) and is given either to encourage loyalty (1) or bulk buying (1) (Max 2)</p> <p><b>Cash discount</b> Cash discount is given to customers as an incentive to pay their accounts promptly (1) which may reduce the number of bad debts (1) and improve the cash flow of the business (1) (Max 2)</p>	<b>(4)</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark				
11(d)	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20%;">Debit</td> <td>Discount allowed (1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Credit</td> <td>Roberto (accept customer) (1)</td> </tr> </table>	Debit	Discount allowed (1)	Credit	Roberto (accept customer) (1)	<b>(2)</b>
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12(c)	<p>Current ratio</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 40px;"> <tr> <td>Formula</td> <td>Calculation</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Current assets/Current liabilities (1)</td> <td><math>170/65 = 2.62:1</math> (1 of)</td> </tr> </table> <p>Quick ratio (acid test)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 40px;"> <tr> <td>Formula</td> <td>Calculation</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Current assets – stock/Current liabilities (1)</td> <td><math>(170 - 128)/65 = 0.65:1</math> (1 of)</td> </tr> </table>	Formula	Calculation	Current assets/Current liabilities (1)	$170/65 = 2.62:1$ (1 of)	Formula	Calculation	Current assets – stock/Current liabilities (1)	$(170 - 128)/65 = 0.65:1$ (1 of)	<b>(4)</b>
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Question Number	Answer	Mark
12(d)	<p>Award up to (2) marks for an evaluation of each ratio and a further (1) mark for a suggested improvement. (5)</p> <p><b>Sample answer</b></p> <p>The current ratio is acceptable (1) and indicates that the business is able to meet its short term debts from its current assets(1).</p> <p>The quick ratio is less than an acceptable standard of 1:1 (1) which indicates that the business may have difficulty paying its short term debts (1) unless it is able to reduce its large amount of stock (1).</p>	<b>(5)</b>



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13(a)	<b>The Journal</b>  <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 60%;">Account</th> <th style="width: 20%;">Debit</th> <th style="width: 20%;">Credit</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Drawings</td> <td style="text-align: right;">650 (1)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Wages and Salaries</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">650 (1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Heat and Light</td> <td style="text-align: right;">175 (1)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Accruals</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">175 (1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Creditors</td> <td style="text-align: right;">720 (1)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Bank</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">720 (1)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Account	Debit	Credit	Drawings	650 (1)		Wages and Salaries		650 (1)				Heat and Light	175 (1)		Accruals		175 (1)				Creditors	720 (1)		Bank		720 (1)	<b>(6)</b>
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13(c)	<p>Identification of the causes (1)  Short term remedies (2)  Long term remedies (2)</p> <p><b>Sample Answer</b></p> <p>The reduction in the capital of the business may be due to one of two factors, either the fact that the business is currently making a loss (1) or that the owner's drawings are too high in relation to profits earned (1). In the short term the owner needs to consider either increasing his prices (1) or reducing his overheads (1) In the long term the business owner may need to consider either investing more capital, or look for further external sources of finance such as may be gained through taking on a partner (1) or taking out a bank loan (1)</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(Max 5)</p>	<b>(5)</b>

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14 (a)	<p><b>Precious and Little  Appropriation Account  Year ended 30 September 2012</b></p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th style="text-align: center;">£</th> <th style="text-align: center;">£</th> <th style="text-align: center;">£</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Net Profit</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">57250 (1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Appropriations</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Interest on capitals: Precious</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2 500 (1)</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Little</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1 750 (1)</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">4 250</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Salary Little</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">10 000 (1)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>14 250</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">43 000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Share of Profits: Precious</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">21 500 (1)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Little</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">21 500 (1)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>43 000</u></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		£	£	£	Net Profit			57250 (1)	Appropriations				Interest on capitals: Precious	2 500 (1)			Little	1 750 (1)					4 250		Salary Little		10 000 (1)					<u>14 250</u>				43 000	Share of Profits: Precious		21 500 (1)		Little		21 500 (1)					<u>43 000</u>	<b>(6)</b>
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14 (c)	<p>1 Accruals/Matching</p> <p>This concept states that the revenue of an accounting period must be matched against the costs of the same period (1) + a further (2) for an appropriate illustration such as payment of rent in advance/arrears. (3)</p> <p>2 Business entity</p> <p>This concept states that the business is treated as being completely separate from the owner of the business (1) + (2) for an appropriate illustration such as the owner treating personal expenditure as business expenditure, which is not allowed. (3)</p> <p>3 Going concern</p> <p>This concept states that it is to be assumed that the business will continue to operate for an indefinite period of time and that there is no intention to close down the business or reduce the size of the business by any significant amount (1) + (2) for an appropriate illustration such as valuing the fixed assets as if they are being sold. (3)</p>	<b>(9)</b>

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15 (c)	Capital expenditure is money spent by a business on purchasing fixed assets or improving existing fixed assets (1). These costs will appear in the balance sheet (1) Revenue expenditure is money spent on running a business on a day-to-day basis (1). These costs will appear in the profit and loss account (1).	<b>(4)</b>

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