CANDIDATE NAME


## CENTRE NUMBER



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## ACCOUNTING

0452/01
Paper 1
For Examination from 2010
SPECIMEN PAPER
1 hour 45 minutes
Candidates answer on the Question Paper.
No Additional Materials are required.

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.
Write in dark blue or black pen.
You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or rough working.
Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.
Answer all questions.
You may use a calculator.
Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.
The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.
The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

| For Examiner's Use |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |
| 2 |  |
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| 4 |  |
| 5 |  |
| 6 |  |
| Total |  |

This document consists of 15 printed pages and 1 blank page.

1 For each question there are four possible answers, A, B, C and D. Choose the one you consider correct and place a circle around the letter.
(a) Which of the following in the balance sheet of a business shows the owner how well his business is doing?

A debtors (trade receivables)
B drawings
C net profit
D working capital
(b) A trader provides the following information.

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| equipment | 10000 |
| stock (inventory) | 4000 |
| debtors (trade receivables) | 2500 |
| creditors (trade payables) | 3500 |
| insurance prepaid | 100 |
| rent owing | 200 |
| bank overdraft | 1500 |

What is the total of the assets?
A $\$ 16600$
B $\$ 16700$
C $\$ 17600$
D $\$ 18100$
(c) A trader wishes to know the cost of goods sold during the year. Which financial statement will provide the answer?

A balance sheet
B profit and loss account
C trading account
D trial balance
(d) "A business will continue to trade in the foreseeable future." Which accounting principle is this describing?

A business entity
B consistency
C going concern
D matching
(e) It was discovered that a credit customer had been charged $\$ 76$ for a purchase instead of $\$ 67$. Which document will be issued by the seller to correct the error?

A credit note
B debit note
C invoice
D statement
(f) Fatima bought goods from Miriam at a total list price of $\$ 2000$.

Miriam allows her customers trade discount of $10 \%$ and cash discount of $2 \%$. What was the amount of the invoice?
A $\$ 1760$
B $\$ 1764$
C $\$ 1800$
D $\$ 1960$
(g) Which entries are made in Bond's ledger to record the payment of money owing to Bond?

|  | account to be debited | account to be credited |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | cash | creditor |
| B | cash | debtor |
| C | creditor | cash |
| D | debtor | cash |

(h) The totals of a trial balance agreed but it was found that the purchase of a fixed asset had been entered in the purchases account. What type of error has been made?

A commission
B compensating
C original entry
D principle
(i) Amounts owed by a trader for electricity are given below:

1 January $\quad \$ 2000$
31 December \$2500
The charge for electricity shown in the profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December was $\$ 15500$. What was the amount paid for electricity during the year?
A $\$ 15000$
B $\$ 15500$
C $\$ 16000$
D $\$ 20000$
(j) Janet and Lesley are partners and share profits equally. The net profit before appropriation was \$43000.

Janet receives a salary of \$10 000 and interest on capital, \$1000.
Lesley receives interest on capital, \$2000.
What is Janet's total income from the business?
A $\$ 15000$
B $\$ 21500$
C $\$ 26000$
D $\$ 32500$

2 (a) What is the name of the document sent to a customer by a supplier at the end of the month showing the amount payable for credit sales?
(b) Explain what is meant by the accounting principle of matching.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c) A payment from Dido is entered in Petra's account in error. What type of error has been made?
$\qquad$
(d) In the following table, place a tick $(\checkmark)$ under the most appropriate heading for each item.

|  | Capital | Revenue |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Purchase of motor van |  |  |
| Renew tyres for motor van |  |  |
| Painting business name on motor van |  |  |

(e) State two advantages of preparing a sales ledger control account.
(i) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(ii) $\qquad$
(f) At 31 March Marcus had accrued $\$ 70$ for water used for the month of March.

On 5 April he received the water bill for March amounting to $\$ 80$ and paid this bill on 21 April. He expects to receive a bill for the month of April for $\$ 90$.

What amount will Marcus show in his profit and loss account for water for the month of April?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(g) Mish Limited has an issued share capital of 10000 ordinary shares with a nominal value of $\$ 1$ each and 8000 preference shares with a nominal value of $\$ 1.50$ each.

What is the total of the issued share capital of the company?
Show your workings.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(h) Carla had sales of $\$ 80000$ in the month of October. She achieves a percentage of gross profit to sales of $40 \%$.

Her expenses were \$20 000.
What is Carla's percentage of net profit to sales for the month?
Show your workings and give your answer to two decimal places.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

3 The balance shown in the bank column in Safina's cash book at 30 April 2010 was $\$ 620$ Dr. She compares her cash book with the bank statement at 30 April and finds the following items had been included on the bank statement but have not yet been entered in the cash book.

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Bank charges | 15 |
| Direct debits paid | 40 |
| Bank interest received | 20 |
| Bank (credit) transfer from customer | 130 |
| Dishonoured cheque from customer | 65 |

## REQUIRED

(a) Write up Safina's cash book at 30 April 2010 and find the updated balance.
Safina - Cash book (bank columns)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Safina finds that at 30 April 2010 she has:
recorded receipts in the cash book of $\$ 310$ but not yet deposited the money at the bank;
written cheques, $\$ 250$, and entered them in the cash book but they have not yet been paid by the bank.

## REQUIRED

(b) Complete the following pro-forma bank reconciliation statement at 30 April 2010 to show the expected balance on the bank statement.

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Balance on updated cash book at 30 April 2010 |  |
| Adjustments: |  |
| Receipts not yet deposited at bank |  |
| Cheques written out not yet paid by bank |  |
| Expected balance on bank statement at 30 April 2010 |  |

In fact the bank statement shows a balance of $\$ 680$.

## REQUIRED

(c) Suggest two possible errors which may have caused this difference. Explain how to correct each error.
(i) Error $\qquad$
Correction $\qquad$

## (ii) Error

$\qquad$
Correction $\qquad$

4 (a) State two causes of depreciation in the value of a fixed asset.
(i) $\qquad$
(ii) $\qquad$

Paul has a business for which he bought a new machine on 1 April 2008 for $\$ 1200$. He decides to charge depreciation on the machine at $15 \%$ per annum using the reducing balance method.

## REQUIRED

(b) Calculate the depreciation to be charged on the machine for
(i) the year ended 31 March 2009;
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(ii) the year ended 31 March 2010.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c) Show the entries in the provision for depreciation account for the machine in Paul's ledger for the two years ended 31 March 2010.
Provision for depreciation account - machine
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

On 1 April 2010 Paul sells the machine for $\$ 750$.

## REQUIRED

(d) Show the entries required in the disposal of fixed assets account to record the sale of the machine and show the transfer to profit and loss account of any profit or loss on the sale.

## Disposal of fixed assets account

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(e) Using the profit or loss found in your answer to (d) above, advise Paul on the selection of the rate of depreciation he chose for the machine.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
[Total: 22]

5 (a) State the basis of stock valuation which is applied in preparing financial statements.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Manton is in business making garden tools.

## REQUIRED

(b) Insert the missing words and figures into the following trading and profit and loss account:

Manton
Trading and Profit and Loss account for the year ended 31 March 2010


Cost of goods sold:

(ii)

42000

Add: purchases

(iii)

(c) From your answer to part (b), calculate Manton's rate of stock turnover for the year ended 31 March 2010.

Show your workings.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Manton finds that the net realisable value of his stock at 31 March 2010 was in fact \$32 000.

## REQUIRED

(d) (i) Manton writes down the value of his closing stock to $\$ 32000$. Place a tick $(\checkmark)$ in the box below to show the effect on his net profit.

| Increase |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Decrease |  |

(ii) Calculate Manton's revised rate of stock turnover using the closing stock figure of $\$ 32000$.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

6 Kinoto Limited are in business as printers. The following trial balance (after calculating net profit) has been prepared from the company's accounting records for the year ended 30 June 2010.

Kinoto Limited
Trial Balance at 30 June 2010

|  | \$ | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Machinery | 17000 |  |
| Office equipment | 2500 |  |
| Provision for depreciation |  |  |
| Machinery |  | 1900 |
| Office equipment |  | 500 |
| Accrued expenses |  | 300 |
| Bank | 25000 |  |
| Cash | 200 |  |
| Creditors |  | 1800 |
| Debtors | 33500 |  |
| Bank loan repayable 2016 |  | 5000 |
| Prepayments | 600 |  |
| Stock at 30 June 2010 | 3900 |  |
| Issued share capital (10 000 ordinary \$1 shares) |  | 10000 |
| Retained profit at 1 July 2009 |  | 47200 |
| Net profit for the year |  | 16000 |
|  | 82700 | 82700 |

The company proposes to pay a dividend of $\$ 0.25$ per share and to transfer $\$ 5000$ to a general reserve.

## REQUIRED

(a) Prepare the company's profit and loss appropriation account for the year ended 30 June 2010.

Kinoto Limited - Profit and Loss Appropriation account for the year ended 30 June 2010
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) Prepare Kinoto Limited's balance sheet at 30 June 2010.

Kinoto Limited Balance Sheet at 30 June 2010

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
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$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c) From the information above, calculate Kinoto Limited's return on opening capital employed. Show your workings and give your answer to two decimal places.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

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